CALIFORNIA INTERAGENCY MOBILIZATION GUIDE 2023



2023 California Mobilization Guide

Table of Contents

Chapter 10 – Objectives, Policy, Scope of Operations and Administration	
Mission Statement	1
Geographic Area Coordination Center	1
Northern California GACC	1
Southern California GACC	2
Unit Level	2
Incident Priorities	
Initial Attack	
Immediate Need	
Drawdown for Initial Attack (IA)	
Mobilization/ Demobilization	
Work/Rest Guidelines	
Length of Assignment.	
Incident Operations Driving	
Resource Mobilization	
Notification of Commitment of Resources.	
Wildland Fire Weather Forecasts	
Pacific Crest National Scenic Trail (PCT)	
California Fire Service Multi-Agency Coordination Systems (MACS) Organizational Structure	
MAC Group Purpose and Function	
Northern MAC Group Organizational Chart	
Southern MAC Group Organizational Chart	
Wildland Agency Geographic Coordination Flow Chart	8
Dispatch Centers and Units Represented.	
CAL OES Fire and Rescue Regional Map	
CAL OES Fire and Rescue Regional Assistant Chief and Mutual Aid Coordinators	
California Fire and Rescue Ordering Process.	
Communication	
CAL OES Region/Operational Area IROC Responsibility	
Communication	
Mobilization	
Unit Dispatch Procedures	19
GACC Dispatch Procedures	
Mutual Aid	20
Request for Assistance	
Emergency Management Assistance Compact Resource Mobilization and Demobilization	20
Support to Border Fires	
Unit Identifiers	21
Unified Ordering Point (UOP)	21
Relocating the UOP	
Resource Ordering	
Request Number	
Federal Fire Code	
Travel Mobilization and Demobilization	
CAL FIRE	
Emergency Demobilization	
Demobilization Planning.	
Demobilization Considerations	
Demobilization Plan	
Contract Resources / Hired Equipment / Cooperators	
Federal	
CAL FIRE	
Preparedness Plan	
1.10purodi1000 1.1ull	43

Preparedness Plan for Wildland Fire Agencies of California	25
Purpose	
Monitoring	
Preparedness Level Activation and Deactivation	25
Preparedness Levels	
Preparedness Level 1	26
Preparedness Level 2	
Preparedness Level 3	
Preparedness Level 4	
Preparedness Level 5	
Guidelines for Determining Preparedness Level	
Move Up	
Federal	
CAL FIRE	
DOI	
Forest Service Minimum Drawdown Levels	
California Incident Priorities.	
Incident Priority Rating Procedures	
Handling Hazardous Materials	
Dozer and Helicopter Use in Wilderness and Special Areas	
Forest Service.	
Department of Interior Lands	
Disaster Procedures	
Federal Resource Response	
CAL FIRE Resource Response.	
Accident and Incident Reporting.	
Critical Incident Peer Support (CIPS) Procedures	
Federal Incidents	
CAL FIRE Incidents	
Chapter 20 – Overhead & Teams	37
Chapter 20 – Overhead & Teams. Name Requests	37
Chapter 20 – Overhead & Teams. Name Requests Specialized Overhead.	37 37
Chapter 20 – Overhead & Teams Name Requests Specialized Overhead Air Resource Advisor – ARA – Federal	37 37 37 37
Chapter 20 – Overhead & Teams. Name Requests Specialized Overhead. Air Resource Advisor – ARA – Federal Archaeologists (ARCH) – All Agencies	37 37 37 37
Chapter 20 – Overhead & Teams. Name Requests Specialized Overhead. Air Resource Advisor – ARA – Federal Archaeologists (ARCH) – All Agencies Blasters (Federal)	37 37 37 37 38 38
Chapter 20 – Overhead & Teams. Name Requests Specialized Overhead. Air Resource Advisor – ARA – Federal Archaeologists (ARCH) – All Agencies Blasters (Federal) Cost Share Specialist – All Agencies	37 37 37 38 38
Chapter 20 – Overhead & Teams. Name Requests Specialized Overhead. Air Resource Advisor – ARA – Federal Archaeologists (ARCH) – All Agencies Blasters (Federal) Cost Share Specialist – All Agencies Incident Meteorologist (IMET) – All Agencies	37 37 37 38 38 38
Chapter 20 – Overhead & Teams. Name Requests Specialized Overhead. Air Resource Advisor – ARA – Federal. Archaeologists (ARCH) – All Agencies Blasters (Federal). Cost Share Specialist – All Agencies Incident Meteorologist (IMET) – All Agencies Interagency Incident Business Advisors (INBA) – Federal.	37 37 37 38 38 38 39
Chapter 20 – Overhead & Teams. Name Requests Specialized Overhead Air Resource Advisor – ARA – Federal Archaeologists (ARCH) – All Agencies Blasters (Federal) Cost Share Specialist – All Agencies Incident Meteorologist (IMET) – All Agencies Interagency Incident Business Advisors (INBA) – Federal Infrared Interpreters (IRIN) – All Agencies	37 37 37 38 38 39 39
Chapter 20 – Overhead & Teams. Name Requests Specialized Overhead. Air Resource Advisor – ARA – Federal Archaeologists (ARCH) – All Agencies Blasters (Federal) Cost Share Specialist – All Agencies Incident Meteorologist (IMET) – All Agencies Interagency Incident Business Advisors (INBA) – Federal Infrared Interpreters (IRIN) – All Agencies Short- Haul Boosters (SHLR) and Spotters (SHLS) – Federal	
Chapter 20 – Overhead & Teams. Name Requests Specialized Overhead. Air Resource Advisor – ARA – Federal Archaeologists (ARCH) – All Agencies Blasters (Federal) Cost Share Specialist – All Agencies Incident Meteorologist (IMET) – All Agencies Interagency Incident Business Advisors (INBA) – Federal Infrared Interpreters (IRIN) – All Agencies Short- Haul Boosters (SHLR) and Spotters (SHLS) – Federal Smokejumpers (SMKJ) – All Agencies	373737383839393939
Chapter 20 – Overhead & Teams Name Requests Specialized Overhead. Air Resource Advisor – ARA – Federal Archaeologists (ARCH) – All Agencies Blasters (Federal) Cost Share Specialist – All Agencies Incident Meteorologist (IMET) – All Agencies Interagency Incident Business Advisors (INBA) – Federal Infrared Interpreters (IRIN) – All Agencies Short- Haul Boosters (SHLR) and Spotters (SHLS) – Federal Smokejumpers (SMKJ) – All Agencies Training Specialist (TNSP) – All Agencies	
Chapter 20 – Overhead & Teams. Name Requests Specialized Overhead	
Chapter 20 – Overhead & Teams. Name Requests Specialized Overhead. Air Resource Advisor – ARA – Federal Archaeologists (ARCH) – All Agencies Blasters (Federal). Cost Share Specialist – All Agencies Incident Meteorologist (IMET) – All Agencies Interagency Incident Business Advisors (INBA) – Federal. Infrared Interpreters (IRIN) – All Agencies Short- Haul Boosters (SHLR) and Spotters (SHLS) – Federal Smokejumpers (SMKJ) – All Agencies Training Specialist (TNSP) – All Agencies. Wildland Fire Safety Officer – Federal Incident Management Teams (IMT)	
Chapter 20 – Overhead & Teams. Name Requests Specialized Overhead. Air Resource Advisor – ARA – Federal Archaeologists (ARCH) – All Agencies Blasters (Federal) Cost Share Specialist – All Agencies Incident Meteorologist (IMET) – All Agencies Interagency Incident Business Advisors (INBA) – Federal Infrared Interpreters (IRIN) – All Agencies Short- Haul Boosters (SHLR) and Spotters (SHLS) – Federal Smokejumpers (SMKJ) – All Agencies Training Specialist (TNSP) – All Agencies. Wildland Fire Safety Officer – Federal Incident Management Teams (IMT) All Hazard Incident Management Teams – National Park Service	
Chapter 20 – Overhead & Teams. Name Requests Specialized Overhead. Air Resource Advisor – ARA – Federal Archaeologists (ARCH) – All Agencies Blasters (Federal) Cost Share Specialist – All Agencies Incident Meteorologist (IMET) – All Agencies Interagency Incident Business Advisors (INBA) – Federal. Infrared Interpreters (IRIN) – All Agencies Short- Haul Boosters (SHLR) and Spotters (SHLS) – Federal. Smokejumpers (SMKJ) – All Agencies Training Specialist (TNSP) – All Agencies. Wildland Fire Safety Officer – Federal Incident Management Teams (IMT) All Hazard Incident Management Teams – National Park Service All Hazard Incident Management Teams – Type 3 Cal OES/Local Government.	
Chapter 20 – Overhead & Teams. Name Requests Specialized Overhead. Air Resource Advisor – ARA – Federal Archaeologists (ARCH) – All Agencies Blasters (Federal) Cost Share Specialist – All Agencies Incident Meteorologist (IMET) – All Agencies Interagency Incident Business Advisors (INBA) – Federal Infrared Interpreters (IRIN) – All Agencies Short- Haul Boosters (SHLR) and Spotters (SHLS) – Federal Smokejumpers (SMKJ) – All Agencies Training Specialist (TNSP) – All Agencies Wildland Fire Safety Officer – Federal Incident Management Teams (IMT) All Hazard Incident Management Teams – National Park Service All Hazard Incident Management Teams – Type 3 Cal OES/Local Government Configuration	
Chapter 20 – Overhead & Teams Name Requests Specialized Overhead Air Resource Advisor – ARA – Federal Archaeologists (ARCH) – All Agencies Blasters (Federal) Cost Share Specialist – All Agencies Incident Meteorologist (IMET) – All Agencies Interagency Incident Business Advisors (INBA) – Federal Infrared Interpreters (IRIN) – All Agencies Short- Haul Boosters (SHLR) and Spotters (SHLS) – Federal Smokejumpers (SMKJ) – All Agencies Training Specialist (TNSP) – All Agencies Wildland Fire Safety Officer – Federal Incident Management Teams (IMT) All Hazard Incident Management Teams – National Park Service All Hazard Incident Management Teams – Type 3 Cal OES/Local Government Configuration California AHIMT3 Status	
Chapter 20 – Overhead & Teams Name Requests Specialized Overhead Air Resource Advisor – ARA – Federal Archaeologists (ARCH) – All Agencies Blasters (Federal) Cost Share Specialist – All Agencies Incident Meteorologist (IMET) – All Agencies Interagency Incident Business Advisors (INBA) – Federal Infrared Interpreters (IRIN) – All Agencies Short- Haul Boosters (SHLR) and Spotters (SHLS) – Federal Smokejumpers (SMKJ) – All Agencies Training Specialist (TNSP) – All Agencies Wildland Fire Safety Officer – Federal Incident Management Teams (IMT) All Hazard Incident Management Teams – National Park Service All Hazard Incident Management Teams – Type 3 Cal OES/Local Government Configuration California AHIMT3 Status Team Status Reporting	
Chapter 20 – Overhead & Teams. Name Requests Specialized Overhead. Air Resource Advisor – ARA – Federal Archaeologists (ARCH) – All Agencies Blasters (Federal) Cost Share Specialist – All Agencies Incident Meteorologist (IMET) – All Agencies Interagency Incident Business Advisors (INBA) – Federal Infrared Interpreters (IRIN) – All Agencies Short- Haul Boosters (SHLR) and Spotters (SHLS) – Federal Smokejumpers (SMKJ) – All Agencies Training Specialist (TNSP) – All Agencies Wildland Fire Safety Officer – Federal Incident Management Teams (IMT) All Hazard Incident Management Teams – National Park Service All Hazard Incident Management Teams – Type 3 Cal OES/Local Government Configuration California AHIMT3 Status Team Status Reporting AHIMT3 Mobilization/Ordering Process	
Chapter 20 – Overhead & Teams. Name Requests Specialized Overhead. Air Resource Advisor – ARA – Federal. Archaeologists (ARCH) – All Agencies. Blasters (Federal). Cost Share Specialist – All Agencies. Incident Meteorologist (IMET) – All Agencies Interagency Incident Business Advisors (INBA) – Federal. Infrared Interpreters (IRIN) – All Agencies. Short- Haul Boosters (SHLR) and Spotters (SHLS) – Federal. Smokejumpers (SMKJ) – All Agencies. Training Specialist (TNSP) – All Agencies. Wildland Fire Safety Officer – Federal. Incident Management Teams (IMT). All Hazard Incident Management Teams – National Park Service. All Hazard Incident Management Teams – Type 3 Cal OES/Local Government. Configuration. California AHIMT3 Status. Team Status Reporting. AHIMT3 Mobilization/Ordering Process. Duration of Assignments	
Chapter 20 – Overhead & Teams. Name Requests Specialized Overhead. Air Resource Advisor – ARA – Federal. Archaeologists (ARCH) – All Agencies. Blasters (Federal). Cost Share Specialist – All Agencies. Incident Meteorologist (IMET) – All Agencies. Interagency Incident Business Advisors (INBA) – Federal. Infrared Interpreters (IRIN) – All Agencies. Short- Haul Boosters (SHLR) and Spotters (SHLS) – Federal. Smokejumpers (SMKJ) – All Agencies. Training Specialist (TNSP) – All Agencies. Wildland Fire Safety Officer – Federal. Incident Management Teams (IMT). All Hazard Incident Management Teams – National Park Service. All Hazard Incident Management Teams – Type 3 Cal OES/Local Government. Configuration. California AHIMT3 Status. Team Status Reporting. AHIMT3 Mobilization/Ordering Process. Duration of Assignments. CAL FIRE Incident Management Teams – Type 1	
Chapter 20 – Overhead & Teams. Name Requests Specialized Overhead. Air Resource Advisor – ARA – Federal Archaeologists (ARCH) – All Agencies Blasters (Federal). Cost Share Specialist – All Agencies Incident Meteorologist (IMET) – All Agencies Interagency Incident Business Advisors (INBA) – Federal. Infrared Interpreters (IRIN) – All Agencies Short- Haul Boosters (SHLR) and Spotters (SHLS) – Federal. Smokejumpers (SMKJ) – All Agencies Training Specialist (TNSP) – All Agencies. Wildland Fire Safety Officer – Federal Incident Management Teams (IMT). All Hazard Incident Management Teams – National Park Service All Hazard Incident Management Teams – Type 3 Cal OES/Local Government. Configuration California AHIMT3 Status. Team Status Reporting AHIMT3 Mobilization/Ordering Process. Duration of Assignments CAL FIRE Incident Management Teams – Type 1 and 2 – Federal.	37 37 37 38 38 38 39 39 39 40 40 40 40 40 40 41 41 41 42 42
Chapter 20 – Overhead & Teams. Name Requests Specialized Overhead. Air Resource Advisor – ARA – Federal Archaeologists (ARCH) – All Agencies Blasters (Federal) Cost Share Specialist – All Agencies Incident Meteorologist (IMET) – All Agencies Interagency Incident Business Advisors (INBA) – Federal. Infrared Interpreters (IRIN) – All Agencies Short- Haul Boosters (SHLR) and Spotters (SHLS) – Federal. Smokejumpers (SMKJ) – All Agencies. Wildland Fire Safety Officer – Federal. Incident Management Teams (IMT) All Hazard Incident Management Teams – National Park Service All Hazard Incident Management Teams – Type 3 Cal OES/Local Government. Configuration California AHIMT3 Status. Team Status Reporting. AHIMT3 Mobilization/Ordering Process. Duration of Assignments CAL FIRE Incident Management Teams – Type 1 California Federal Interagency Management Teams – Type 1 and 2 – Federal National Area Command Teams – All Agencies	37 37 37 38 38 38 38 39 39 39 40 40 40 40 41 41 41 42 42 42 42
Chapter 20 – Overhead & Teams. Name Requests Specialized Overhead. Air Resource Advisor – ARA – Federal. Archaeologists (ARCH) – All Agencies. Blasters (Federal). Cost Share Specialist – All Agencies. Incident Meteorologist (IMET) – All Agencies. Interagency Incident Business Advisors (INBA) – Federal. Infrared Interpreters (IRIN) – All Agencies. Short- Haul Boosters (SHLR) and Spotters (SHLS) – Federal. Smokejumpers (SMKJ) – All Agencies. Training Specialist (TNSP) – All Agencies. Wildland Fire Safety Officer – Federal. Incident Management Teams (IMT) All Hazard Incident Management Teams – National Park Service All Hazard Incident Management Teams – Type 3 Cal OES/Local Government. Configuration. California AHIMT3 Status. Team Status Reporting. AHIMT3 Mobilization/Ordering Process. Duration of Assignments CAL FIRE Incident Management Teams – Type 1 California Federal Interagency Management Teams – Type 1 and 2 – Federal National Area Command Teams – All Agencies National Incident Management Organization (NIMO) Team – Federal	
Chapter 20 – Overhead & Teams. Name Requests Specialized Overhead. Air Resource Advisor – ARA – Federal Archaeologists (ARCH) – All Agencies Blasters (Federal) Cost Share Specialist – All Agencies Incident Meteorologist (IMET) – All Agencies Interagency Incident Business Advisors (INBA) – Federal. Infrared Interpreters (IRIN) – All Agencies Short- Haul Boosters (SHLR) and Spotters (SHLS) – Federal. Smokejumpers (SMKJ) – All Agencies. Wildland Fire Safety Officer – Federal. Incident Management Teams (IMT) All Hazard Incident Management Teams – National Park Service All Hazard Incident Management Teams – Type 3 Cal OES/Local Government. Configuration California AHIMT3 Status. Team Status Reporting. AHIMT3 Mobilization/Ordering Process. Duration of Assignments CAL FIRE Incident Management Teams – Type 1 California Federal Interagency Management Teams – Type 1 and 2 – Federal National Area Command Teams – All Agencies	

Review, Audit, Process Team (RAP)	46
Damage Inspection Team – Federal	46
Damage Assessment – State	46
Interagency Dispatch Teams – Federal	
ECC Support Teams – CAL FIRE	46
Fire Behavior Assessment Team (FBAT) – Federal	46
Fuel Treatment Effectiveness Team – Forest Service	47
Medical Emergency Response Teams (MERT) – CAL FIRE	47
Retrograde Team – CAL FIRE	47
Rapid Extraction Support Module (REMS)	47
Situation Awareness & Collaboration Tool (SCOUT) – State	48
Suppression/Fuel Modules	48
Wildland Fire Modules – Federal.	48
Watershed Emergency Response Team (WERT) - CALFIRE	49
California Medical Assistance Team (CALMAT), CAL FIRE	49
2023 California Type 1 Federal Interagency Incident Management Teams	
2023 California Type 1 Federal Team Rotation	
2023 California Type 2 Federal Interagency Incident Management Teams	51
2023 Type 2 Federal Interagency IMT Rotation	51
2023 CAL FIRE Incident Management Teams	53
2023 CAL FIRE Incident Management Schedule	
Chapter 30 - Crews	
California Conservation Corps (CCC)	55
CAL FIRE	55
Type 1	55
Federal	56
Type 1 Hotshot	56
CA IHC Out of Region Assignment Guidelines	56
Interagency Hotshot Crews as Type2 IA, Type 2, or Suppression Modules	56
Smokejumpers	
Type 2 Initial Attack (Type 2 IA)	57
Type 2 Regular	
Type 2 Organization	
Crews Flying Commercially	57
Organized Camp Crews	57
Chapter 40 – Supplies and Equipment	59
National Interagency Incident Support Caches	
Ordering	59
Abnormal Quantities	59
Mobile Cache Vans	60
Demobilization	60
Replacement Orders	61
Recycling	61
Hazardous Materials – Ordering and Shipping	62
Hazardous Waste	62
Communications	63
National Fire Radio Caches (NFRC)	
NFES 4670 – Satellite Phone Kit	
NFES 4390 – ICS Command Starter System	
NFES 4381 – HT Radio Kit	
CAL FIRE HT Radio Cache	63
CAL FIRE Portable Repeaters	
Frequencies	64
CAL FIRE	
Mobile Communication Units – All Agencies	64
Remote Automated Weather Station (RAWS)	64

Mobile Food Service	
National Contract Mobile Food Service – Federal	
Mobile Kitchen Unit (MKU) and Food Dispensing Unit (FDU) – CAL FIRE	65
Mobile Shower Facilities	
Mobile Saw Trailer – CAL FIRE	66
Hired Equipment	66
Chapter 50 – Aircraft	69
Aircraft Administration	69
Bureau of Land Management	69
CAL FIRE	69
Forest Service	70
National Park Service	70
Federal Cooperator Aircraft Use	70
Aircraft Ordering Procedures	71
Initial Attack Ordering	71
Additional Aircraft Requests	72
Airtanker Dispatch Rotation	
Aircraft Diverts	
Diverts	
No Divert	
Airspace Coordination	74
Fire Traffic Area (FTA)	
Temporary Flight Restrictions (TFR)	74
Airspace Conflicts	
Military Training Routes (MTR) and Special Use Airspace (SUA)	
Intercom Traffic Related to Military Deconfliction	
Temporary Airport Control Tower Operations	
Air Communication	
Pre-Assigned Aviation Frequencies	
Requesting Additional Aircraft Frequencies	
Aircraft Flight Plan	
Aircraft Flight Following	
Types of Approved Flight Following Methods	
Flight Following Responsibilities	
Aircraft Release	
Notification for Aircraft Accident or Incident with Serious Potential	
Air Tactical Supervision	
Aerial Supervision Requirements	
Aerial Supervision Module (ASM)	
Airtankers	
Airtanker Standard ICS Types	
Very Large Airtanker (VLAT)	
Type 1 Airtanker	
Type 2 Airtanker	
Type 3 Airtanker	
Type 4 Airtanker	
Federal Modular Airborne Firefighting Systems (MAFFS)	
Smokejumper Aircraft	
Satellite Bases	
Para-Cargo Delivery	
Infrared Aircraft Firewatch Plotform Fixed Wing	
Firewatch Platform Fixed Wing.	
Night Aviation Operations	
Mobile Retardant Base	
Helicopters	
Air Rescue	
All Resourc	0/

CAL FIRE	
Federal	
National Park Service	87
Forest Service Short-Haul Orders	87
Federal Helicopter Rappelling	88
Project Helicopter – Forest Service	88
Call When Needed (CWN) Aircraft	
CWN – CAL FIRE.	89
CWN – Department of Interior	89
CWN – Inspection Criteria	
CWN – Forest Service	
CWN – Forest Service Helicopter Modules	
Large Transport Aircraft – Federal	
UAS Typing and Call Signs	
Aircraft Acquisition and maintenance	
Aerial Supervision Aircraft	
Lead Plane	
Airtanker Bases	
Reload Bases	
MAFFS Operating Bases	
Helicopters – Federal	
Federal Type 1 Helibases	
Helicopters – CAL FIRE	
Helicopters – Contract Counties	
Tiencopiels Contract Counties	
Chapter 60 – Predictive Services	97
Intelligence Reporting Procedures	
Federal Daily 1000 AM Report	
Situation Report	
Report on Conditions (ROC)	
Incident Status Summary (ICS-209) Form	
When to Report Incidents with an ICS-209.	
Complex	
Incident Map/IAP	
Interagency Intelligence Report	
	100
Daily Issuance of the 7-Day Significant Fire Potential Product	
Seasonal Outlooks	
Monthly Zone/ Regional Fire Report	
Smoke Transport and Stability Outlooks	
Fuels/Fire Danger Products	
When to Report Wildland Fire Incidents with an ICS-209 Flowchart	103
Chantay 70 Incidents	105
Chapter 70 – Incidents Incident Record Creation	
Potential Conflicts/Duplicate Records	
Unprotected Lands	
Cost Coding	
Interagency Fire and Severity Activities	
Guidance for Use of Incident Job Codes	106
	4
Chapter 80 – Cooperation	
Compact Agreements	
Emergence Management Assistance Compact (EMAC)	
Cooperative Agreements	
National Agreements	
Statewide Agreements	107

Local Agreements 109 Initial Attack Border Agreements 110 Non-Suppression Activity Agreements 110 Interagency Facilities 111 Northern Region 111 Southern Region 112 Chapter 90 – GACC and Emergency Directory 113 Directory Table of Contents 113 Quick Reference 114 Northern California – Quick Reference 114 Southern California – Quick Reference 115 GACC - Quick Reference 116 Miscellaneous – Quick Reference 117 Unit Directory 118 Appendix – Exhibits 179 Links for all Forms 179 California Frequency Tones 182 Incident Aircraft Certification Form 183 FC 106 Intercom Script Description 184 FC 106 Intercom Voice Out Script 187	Memorandums of Understanding and Operating Plans	
Non-Suppression Activity Agreements 110 Interagency Facilities 111 Northern Region 111 Southern Region 112 Chapter 90 – GACC and Emergency Directory 113 Directory Table of Contents 113 Quick Reference 114 Northern California – Quick Reference 114 Southern California – Quick Reference 115 GACC - Quick Reference 116 Miscellaneous – Quick Reference 117 Unit Directory 118 Appendix – Exhibits 179 Links for all Forms 179 California Frequency Tones 182 Incident Aircraft Certification Form 183 FC 106 Intercom Script Description 184	Local Agreements	109
Interagency Facilities 111 Northern Region 111 Southern Region 112 Chapter 90 – GACC and Emergency Directory 113 Directory Table of Contents 113 Quick Reference 114 Northern California – Quick Reference 114 Southern California – Quick Reference 115 GACC - Quick Reference 116 Miscellaneous – Quick Reference 117 Unit Directory 118 Appendix – Exhibits 179 California Frequency Tones 182 Incident Aircraft Certification Form 183 FC 106 Intercom Script Description 184	Initial Attack Border Agreements	110
Northern Region 111 Southern Region 112 Chapter 90 – GACC and Emergency Directory 113 Directory Table of Contents 113 Quick Reference 114 Northern California – Quick Reference 114 Southern California – Quick Reference 115 GACC - Quick Reference 116 Miscellaneous – Quick Reference 117 Unit Directory 118 Appendix – Exhibits 179 California Frequency Tones 182 Incident Aircraft Certification Form 183 FC 106 Intercom Script Description 184		
Southern Region 112 Chapter 90 – GACC and Emergency Directory 113 Directory Table of Contents 113 Quick Reference 114 Northern California – Quick Reference 114 Southern California – Quick Reference 115 GACC - Quick Reference 116 Miscellaneous – Quick Reference 117 Unit Directory 118 Appendix – Exhibits 179 California Frequency Tones 182 Incident Aircraft Certification Form 183 FC 106 Intercom Script Description 184	Interagency Facilities	111
Chapter 90 – GACC and Emergency Directory 113 Directory Table of Contents 113 Quick Reference 114 Northern California – Quick Reference 114 Southern California – Quick Reference 115 GACC - Quick Reference 116 Miscellaneous – Quick Reference 117 Unit Directory 118 Appendix – Exhibits 179 California Frequency Tones 182 Incident Aircraft Certification Form 183 FC 106 Intercom Script Description 184	Northern Region	111
Directory Table of Contents 113 Quick Reference 114 Northern California – Quick Reference 114 Southern California – Quick Reference 115 GACC - Quick Reference 116 Miscellaneous – Quick Reference 117 Unit Directory 118 Appendix – Exhibits 179 Links for all Forms 179 California Frequency Tones 182 Incident Aircraft Certification Form 183 FC 106 Intercom Script Description 184	Southern Region	112
Directory Table of Contents 113 Quick Reference 114 Northern California – Quick Reference 114 Southern California – Quick Reference 115 GACC - Quick Reference 116 Miscellaneous – Quick Reference 117 Unit Directory 118 Appendix – Exhibits 179 Links for all Forms 179 California Frequency Tones 182 Incident Aircraft Certification Form 183 FC 106 Intercom Script Description 184		
Quick Reference 114 Northern California – Quick Reference 114 Southern California – Quick Reference 115 GACC - Quick Reference 116 Miscellaneous – Quick Reference 117 Unit Directory 118 Appendix – Exhibits 179 Links for all Forms 179 California Frequency Tones 182 Incident Aircraft Certification Form 183 FC 106 Intercom Script Description 184	Chapter 90 – GACC and Emergency Directory	113
Northern California – Quick Reference114Southern California – Quick Reference115GACC - Quick Reference116Miscellaneous – Quick Reference117Unit Directory118Appendix – Exhibits179Links for all Forms179California Frequency Tones182Incident Aircraft Certification Form183FC 106 Intercom Script Description184	Directory Table of Contents	113
Southern California – Quick Reference	Quick Reference.	114
GACC - Quick Reference 116 Miscellaneous – Quick Reference 117 Unit Directory 118 Appendix – Exhibits 179 Links for all Forms 179 California Frequency Tones 182 Incident Aircraft Certification Form 183 FC 106 Intercom Script Description 184	Northern California – Quick Reference	114
Miscellaneous – Quick Reference 117 Unit Directory 118 Appendix – Exhibits 179 Links for all Forms 179 California Frequency Tones 182 Incident Aircraft Certification Form 183 FC 106 Intercom Script Description 184	Southern California – Quick Reference	115
Unit Directory	GACC - Quick Reference	116
Appendix – Exhibits	Miscellaneous – Quick Reference	117
Links for all Forms	Unit Directory	118
Links for all Forms	Appendix – Exhibits	179
Incident Aircraft Certification Form		
Incident Aircraft Certification Form	California Frequency Tones	
FC 106 Intercom Script Description	<u> </u>	
* *		
	1 1	

Chapter 10 - Objectives, Policy, Scope of Operation, and Administration

MISSION STATEMENT

<u>The principal mission of the California Geographic Area Coordination Centers (GACC) is the cost-effective and timely coordination</u> of wildland protection agency emergency response for wildland fire and all risk incidents. This is accomplished through planning, situation monitoring, and expediting resource usage between the Forest Service (USFS), California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection (CAL FIRE), Bureau of Land Management (BLM), National Park Service (NPS), Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS), Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), National Weather Service (NWS), Governor's Office of Emergency Services (CALOES), and other cooperating agencies.

The California Interagency Mobilization Guide identifies standard procedures, which guide the operations of multi-agency logistical support activity throughout the coordination system. With the exception of initial attack response plans. All resource orders outside of the local forest/units will be processed utilizing the standard ordering process and the current system of record. This includes prescribed fire and project resource requests. This guide is intended to facilitate interagency dispatch coordination, ensuring the timeliest and most cost-effective incident support services available are provided. The California Interagency Mobilization Guide is designed to accommodate amendments as needed and will be retained as current material until amended. The California Interagency Mobilization Guide is used to supplement the National Interagency Mobilization Guide. This guide is governed by each of the signatory agency's policies and procedures. Additional information not found in this reference can be obtained by contacting the GACC.

The California GACCs, the Emergency Command Centers (ECC)/Dispatch Centers and their respective Duty Chiefs/Officers have many responsibilities. All levels of dispatching and coordination involving the various agencies throughout the state must provide for continuous and adequate communication. The GACCs, ECCs, and Duty Chiefs/Officers must ensure that responsible officials are kept current on resource availability.

The State is divided into 6 California Fire and Rescue Mutual Aid Regions to facilitate the coordination of fire and rescue mutual aid. Through this system, the Governor's Office of Emergency Services, Fire and Rescue Division is informed of conditions (the occurrence or imminent threat of disaster) in each local, operational, and regional area of the State. This communication involves the various Local, operational, regional, state, and federal fire agencies and their respective communication centers mentioned in this guide.

Geographic Area Coordination Centers

There are two GACCs within the State of California and they will follow the established mobilization procedures identified in the National Interagency Mobilization Guide. The GACCs act as focal points for internal and external requests not filled at the Unit level. Each GACC's Federal and CAL FIRE Duty Chief, through their dispatching organization, are responsible for providing coordination of all National, Regional, and Unit resources located within their respective geographic area. Each Duty Chief must maintain awareness of resource commitment and availability in order to enable adequate coordination between the neighboring GACCs and other agencies within the state.

Northern California GACC (Northern Operations – North Ops - NOPS)

North Ops provides coordination and dispatch services for the Northern California National Forests, Bureau of Land Management, National Park Service, Fish and Wildlife Service, Bureau of Indian Affairs, CAL FIRE and Pacific Islands for the NPS and FWS. CAL FIRE and FEMA assignments for Hawaii and Trust Territories of the Pacific Islands. North Ops is located in Redding.

Southern California GACC (Southern Operations – South Ops - SOPS)

South Ops provides coordination and dispatch services for the Southern California National Forests, Bureau of Land Management, National Park Service, Fish and Wildlife Service, Bureau of Indian Affairs, and CAL FIRE. South Ops is located at the CAL FIRE Southern Region Headquarters in Riverside.

Unit Level

Unit Duty Chiefs and Duty Officers, through their dispatchers, are responsible for the coordination and use of resources within their span of control. Procedures are established for notifying the Coordination Center when Regional or National resources are committed. In this and the following chapters, the term "Unit" refers to Forests, CAL FIRE Units, BLM Districts, National Parks, National Wildlife Refuges, and other resource providers that have their own dispatch centers.

Incident Priorities

When competition for resources occurs among the Units, the GACCs will use the Multi-Agency Coordination System (MACS) process to establish incident priorities. For MACS Organization Chart and MACS Process refer to the charts beginning on page 5.

Initial Attack

Initial Attack will be defined, as per the 2018-2023 (extended until March 2024) California Master Cooperative Wildland Fire Management and Stafford Act Response Agreement (CFMA).

Initial Attack: A planned response to a wildfire given the wildfire's potential fire behavior. The objective of initial attack is to manage the incident in a manner consistent with firefighter, public safety, and values to be protected.

Initial Attack Period: The first 24 hours, or as determined in local agreements.

Initial Attack Fire: Fire that is generally contained by the resources first dispatched, without a significant augmentation of reinforcements.

Initial Attack Response Plan: An identified area in which predetermined resources would respond to an incident.

Immediate Need

The intent of ordering immediate need resources is to provide the closest available resource using normal dispatching procedures to meet the incidents specific need. The intent of immediate need resources is that those resources will be utilized immediately upon arrival to the incident. Immediate need requests may create a draw down staffing situation and the sending Unit may need to order and back fill replacement resources.

Drawdown for Initial Attack (IA)

Drawdown is established by the Unit based on their standard operating procedures. GACCs need to be notified of any Unit drawdown level changes. For CAL FIRE, reference CAL FIRE Handbook 8100, policy 8121. For the Federal agencies, reference the Unit Fire Management Plan.

When available resources are drawn down to a critical level, the Unit is responsible for advising their respective GACC of the situation, including any anticipated shortages and projected needs. This information enables the GACCs to adjudicate allocation of available resources within California, and if feasible, to provide resources for national needs.

When availability of Unit resources within a geographic area is drawn down to critical levels, the affected GACC is responsible for advising the adjacent GACC, NICC and CAL FIRE Region of the current situation, including anticipated shortages and projected needs. This information is needed in order to ensure effective allocation of the remaining available resources.

Mobilization/Demobilization

The GACCs will coordinate the movements of resources across Unit dispatch boundaries not covered by local operating plans or agency specific policy.

All agencies will follow the closest resource concept for initial attack. Established dispatch channels will be followed at all times.

Work/Rest Guidelines

For Federal agencies Work/Rest Guidelines and Days Off policy are outlined in the Interagency Incident Business Management Handbook, and Interagency Standards for Fire and Fire Aviation Operations. Resource extensions will be requested utilizing the Resource Extension Request form located in the appendix.

For CAL FIRE Work/Rest Guidelines, reference the CAL FIRE Handbook 7700, policy 7757.

Length of Assignment

All length of assignment rules apply to aviation resources personnel, including aircraft pilots (Notwithstanding the FAA and agency day off regulations). Contracted aircraft are not restricted by length of assignment. In order to limit disruption to operations, reduce strain on the ordering system, and reduce unnecessary mobilization and demobilization of these high-cost resources. Exclusive Use personnel are expected to utilize a personnel rotation schedule that meets staffing criteria required of the resource.

Incident Operations Driving

For Federal agencies, reference the Interagency Standards for Fire and Fire Aviation Operations. For CAL FIRE, reference the CAL FIRE Handbook 6400, policy 6557 and CAL FIRE Handbook 7000, policy 7060.

Resource Mobilization

The current ordering system of record is the only ordering system to be used by all California Units. It will be used to:

- Create new incidents
- Order and mobilize resources (to include Rx and project)
- Track resources and their status

Resource status shall be continually updated in the current ordering system of record.

For incident mobilization, use the Interagency Standards for IROC Operations Guide (ISROG) located at the following website: http://www.nifc.gov/nicc/logistics/references/ISROG.pdf and augmented by the California ordering system of record and the Business Practices and Standards guide: See the GACC websites for the California IROC Business Practices and Standards publication.

Notification of Commitment of Resources

In addition to national mobilization guidelines, the Units will notify GACCs of resource commitment. Per the California IROC Business Practices and Standards Guide, notification to the GACCs will be as follows:

- Commitment of aircraft will be entered at the time of dispatch, so aircraft status will be current.
- Commitment of crews will be entered within ten (10) minutes.
- If after thirty (30) minutes, it appears the incident will continue to impact a Unit's resource base, the Unit's equipment and overhead resources will be entered into the current ordering system of record.
- Any request for resources from outside the Unit, other than IA, must be entered and placed in the current ordering system of record immediately.

Wildland Fire Weather Forecasts

The National Weather Service will produce daily fire weather forecasts (by agreement) from the representative office.

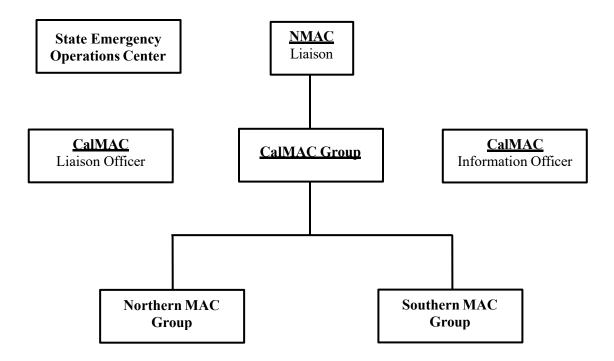
In Hawaii, the Honolulu office of the National Weather Service will produce daily fire weather forecast covered by the Fire Weather Operations Plan.

Pacific Crest National Scenic Trail (PCT)

The local unit shall notify the PCT Program Manager of any activity (fire, flood, etc.) occurring on or near the PCT. Togan Capozza Trail Program Manager, Vallejo, CA (trail-wide responsibilities) Office 707-562-8881, Cell 707-656-6119, email: togan.capozza@usda.gov

Multi- Agency Coordination System (MACS) Organizational Structure

Visit the <u>FIRESCOPE WEBPAGE</u> for more information. The following organizational structure displays a MACS MODE 3 and 4 or a National Preparedness Level 4 and 5 activation.

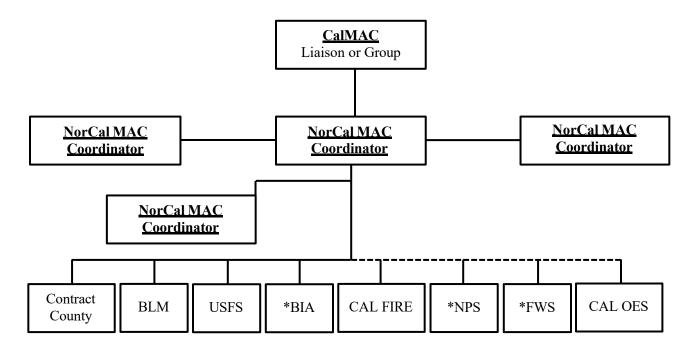


MAC Group Purpose and Function

A MAC Group typically consists of delegated agency representatives who are authorized to commit agency resources and funds. Their function is to support incident management through coordinating their collective resources, sharing incident information and implementing coordinated strategic policies to prevent and/or combat growing emergency(s). In order to accomplish this objective, the MAC Group must establish a common operating plan. The area represented can be a City, County/ Operational Area, Region, (such as one of the six CAL OES Fire and Rescue Mutual Aid Regions or a Geographic Area, such as Northern and Southern California Geographic Areas or a Statewide MAC Group such as CalMAC.)

It is extremely important that MAC Group members have full authority from their respective agencies to commit resources, including equipment and personnel, and fully represent their agency or department in MAC Group decisions.

Northern MAC Group Organizational Chart



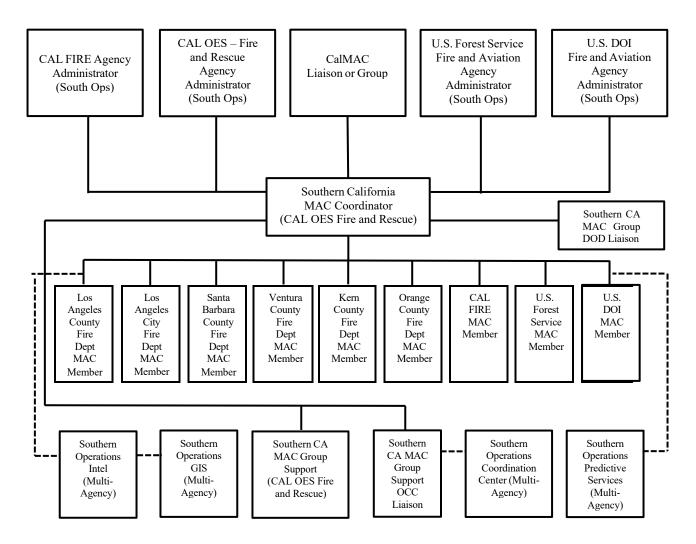
---- Dotted line denotes the agencies that could be represented during Preparedness Levels 4 and 5. This list is not all inclusive.

The Northern California Multi-Agency Coordination Group (NorCal MAC) acts as the geographic area authority to:

- Evaluate incident situation status reports and organizational resource status reports, as provided by the Northern California Geographic Area Units.
- Provide overside for the geographic area allocation of scarce and/or limited resources based on established priorities.
- Develop geographic area incident priorities and submit to CalMAC for evaluation and inclusion in national incident priorities.

^{*}DOI agencies may be represented at MAC by one DOI representative.

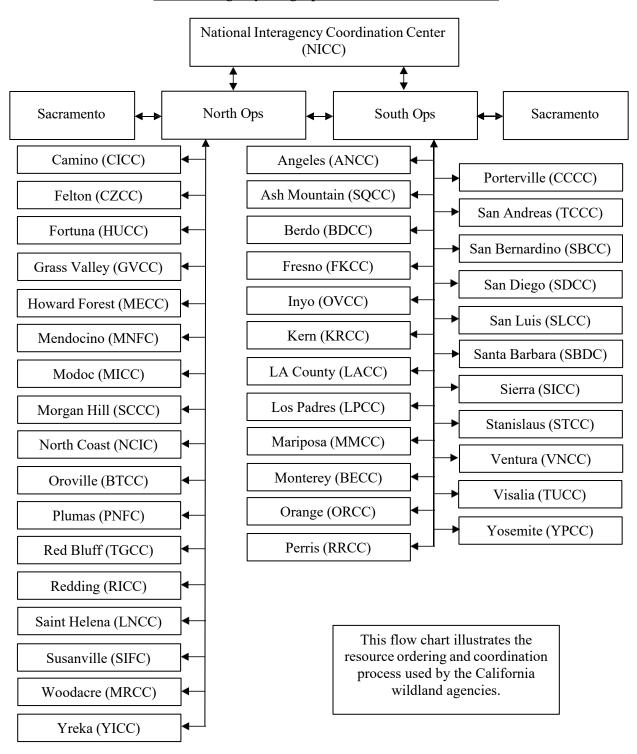
Southern MAC Group Organizational Chart



The Southern California Multi-Agency Coordination Group (Southern California MAC) acts as the geographic area authority to:

- Evaluate incident situation status reports and organizational resource status reports, as provided by the Southern California Geographic Area Units.
- Provide overside for the geographic area allocation of scarce and/or limited resources based on established priorities.
- Develop written and verbal communication of MACS priority settings out to the following entities:
 - o Applicable Agency Administration
 - o OCC MACS Liaison
 - o FIRESCOPE Member Agencies
 - Home Agency
 - NorCal GeoMAC (if activated)
 - o CalMAC (if activated) for evaluation and inclusion in national priorities

Wildland Agency Geographic Coordination Flow Chart



The Dispatch Center's current ordering system of record designators are identified by the four letters in parenthesis. Center is identified by Intercom call sign, not the Radio call sign.

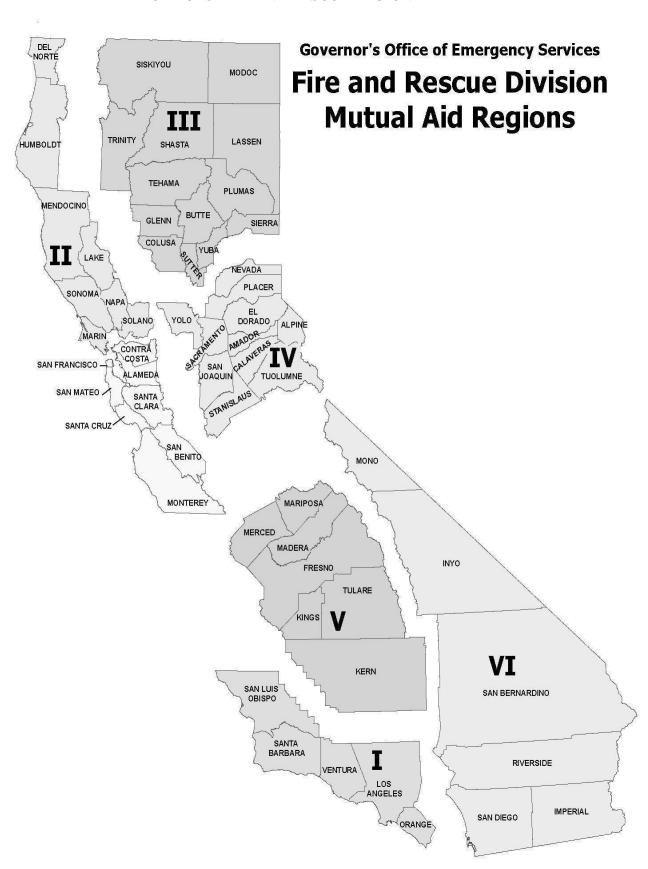
State and county centers have 24-hour staffing.

*Agency has staffing in the ECC.

CENTER	UNITS REPRESENTED
CENTER	*Federal (ONC)
	*State (CNR)
	FS Regional Office
Northern California GACC North Ops (ONCC)	CALFIRE Northern Region
	BLM California State Office
	NPS Regional Office
	BIA Area Office
	FWS Regional Office
	*Eldorado National Forest (ENF)
a (ataa)	Tahoe Basin Management Unit (TMU)
Camino (CICC)	*Amador-Eldorado Unit (AEU)
	BLM Folsom Lake (CCD) BIA Red Hawk (CCA)
Felton (CZCC)	*San Mateo-Santa Cruz Unit (CZU)
Fortuna (FICC)	*Humboldt-Del Norte Unit (HUU)
	*Tahoe National Forest (TNF)
Grass Valley (GVCC)	*Nevada-Yuba-Placer Unit (NEU)
Howard Forest (MECC)	Mendocino Unit (MEU)
	*Mendocino National Forest (MNF)
	Central Valley Refuges North (SWR)
Mendocino (MNFC)	Point Reyes National Seashore (RNP)
Weildochio (Wi C)	Golden Gate MRA (GNP)
	Round Valley Indian Reservation (RVA)
	Hawaii Volcanoes National Park (HI-HVP) *Modoc National Forest (MDF)
Modoc (MICC)	Lower Klamath Refuge (LKR)
Wiodoc (Wiece)	Lava Beds National Monument (BNP)
Morgan Hill (SCCC)	*Santa Clara Unit (SCU)
	*Six Rivers National Forest (SRF)
North Coast (NCIC)	Humboldt Bay Wildlife Refuge (HBR)
North Coast (NCIC)	Hoopa Indian Affairs (HIA)
	Redwood National Park (RWP)
Oroville (BTCC)	Butte Unit (BTU)
Plumas (PNFC)	Plumas National Forest (PNF)
Red Bluff (TGCC)	*Tehama-Glenn Unit (TGU)
D. H. (DICC)	*Shasta-Trinity National Forest (SHF)
Redding (RICC)	Whiskeytown National Recreation Area (WNP) *Shasta-Trinity Unit (SHU)
Saint Helena (LNCC)	*Sonoma-Lake-Napa Unit (LNU)
Same Fictina (Livee)	*NorCal BLM (NOD)
Susanville (SIFC)	*Lassen National Forest (LNF)
	*Lassen-Modoc Unit (LMU)
	Lassen Volcanic National Park (LNP)
Woodacre (MRCC)	*Marin County Fire Department (MRN)
Yreka (YICC)	*Klamath National Forest (KNF)
11000 (1100)	*Siskiyou Unit (SKU)

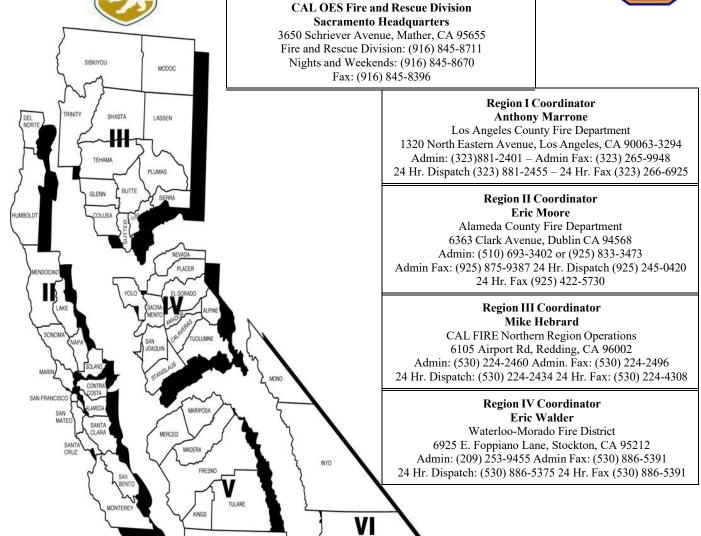
Southern California GACC South Ops (OSCC) Southern Region	CENTER	UNITS REPRESENTED
South Ops (OSCC)	Southern California GACC	
Angeles (ANCC)		
**Santa Monica Mountain S National Recreation Area (SMP)	1 ()	
Berdo (BDCC) *San Bernardino Unit (BDU)	Angeles (ANCC)	*Santa Monica Mountains National Recreation Area (SMP)
Fresno (FKCC)	Ash Mountain (SQCC)	*Sequoia-Kings National Park (KNP)
Inyo (OVCC)	Berdo (BDCC)	*San Bernardino Unit (BDU)
Pishop Field Office-BLM (OVD) Devil's Postpile National Monument (DPP) Manzanar National Historic Site (MZP)	Fresno (FKCC)	*Fresno-Kings Unit (FKU)
LA. County (LACC) *Los Padres National Forest (LPF) Channel Islands National Park (CNP) Vandenburg AFB (AFV) Fort Hunter Ligget (FHL) Mariposa (MMCC) *Madera-Mariposa-Merced Unit (MMU) *Cleveland National Forest (CNF) *San Diego Unit (SDU) Southern California Refuge (TNR) Camp Pendleton Marine Base (MCP) Cabrillo National Monument (CAP) Monterey (BECC) *San Benito-Monterey Unit (BEU) Pinnacles National Park (PIP) Orange (ORCC) *Cleveland National Park (PIP) Orange (ORCC) *Corange County Fire Department (ORC) *Riverside Unit (RRU) *Sequoia National Forest (SOF) *Central California District (CND) Tule Indian Reservation (TIA) Kern National Wildlife Refuge (KRR) San Andreas (TCCC) *Tuolumne-Calaveras Unit (TCU) *San Bernardino (SBCC) *San Bernardino National Forest (BDF) *California Desert District (CDD) Death Valley National Park (DVP) Mojave National Park (DVP) Mojave National Preserve (MNP) Joshua Tree National Park (DVP) Mojave National Park (TPP) *Southern California Agency (SCA) Castle Mountain National Monument San Luis (SLCC) *Santa Barbara (SBDC) *Santa Barbara County Fire (SBC) *Sierra National Forest (SNF) San Luis National Forest (STF) Ventura (VNCC) *Ventura County Fire Department (VNC)	Inyo (OVCC)	*Bishop Field Office-BLM (OVD) Devil's Postpile National Monument (DPP)
*Los Padres (LPCC) *Aughtury Agree (LPCC) **Los Padres (LSPC) **Los Padres (LSPC) **Los Padres (LSPC) **Los Padres (LSPC) **Maclara-Mariposa-Merced Unit (MMU) **Cleveland National Forest (CNF) **San Diego Unit (SDU) **San Diego Unit (SDU) **San Diego Unit (SDU) **Southern California Refuge (TNR) Camp Pendleton Marine Base (MCP) Cabrillo National Monument (CAP) **San Benito-Monterey Unit (BEU) Pinnacles National Park (PIP) **Orange (ORCC) **Porange County Fire Department (ORC) **Porterville (CCCC) **Riverside Unit (RRU) **Sequoia National Forest (SQF) **Central California District (CND) Tule Indian Reservation (TIA) Kern National Wildlife Refuge (KRR) **San Bernardino National Forest (BDF) **California Desert District (CDD) Death Valley National Park (DVP) Mojave National Park (DVP) Mojave National Park (UTP) **Southern California Agency (SCA) Castle Mountain National Monument **San Luis (SLCC) **San Barbara County Fire (SBC) **Santa Barbara County Fire (SBC) **Sierra (SICC) **Santa Barbara County Fire (SBC) **Stanislaus (STCC) **Stanislaus National Forest (STF) Ventura (VNCC) **Ventura County Fire Department (VNC) Visalia (TUCC) **Tulaur Unit (TUU)	Kern (KRCC)	*Kern County Fire Department (KRN)
Channel Islands National Park (CNP)	LA. County (LACC)	*Los Angeles County Fire Department (LAC)
*Cleveland National Forest (CNF) *San Diego (SDIC) Southern California Refuge (TNR) Camp Pendleton Marine Base (MCP) Cabrillo National Monument (CAP) Monterey (BECC) Monterey (BECC) Perris (RRCC) *San Benito-Monterey Unit (BEU) Pinnacles National Park (PIP) Orange (ORCC) *Riverside Unit (RRU) *Sequoia National Forest (SQF) *Central California District (CND) Tule Indian Reservation (TIA) Kern National Wildlife Refuge (KRR) San Andreas (TCCC) *Tuolumne-Calaveras Unit (TCU) *San Bernardino (SBCC) *San Bernardino National Forest (BDF) *California Desert District (CDD) Death Valley National Park (DVP) Mojave National Park (DVP) Mojave National Park (DVP) Joshua Tree National Park (DVP) San Luis (SLCC) *San Luis Obispo Unit (SLU) Santa Barbara (SBDC) *Santa Barbara County Fire (SBC) Sierra (SICC) *Stanislaus (STCC) *Stanislaus National Forest (SFF) Ventura (VNCC) *Ventura County Fire Department (VNC) Visalia (TUCC) *Tulare Unit (TUU)	Los Padres (LPCC)	Channel Islands National Park (CNP) Vandenburg AFB (AFV)
*San Diego Unit (SDU) Southern California Refuge (TNR) Camp Pendleton Marine Base (MCP) Cabrillo National Monument (CAP) Monterey (BECC) *San Benito-Monterey Unit (BEU) Plinnacles National Park (PIP) Orange (ORCC) *Perris (RRCC) *Riverside Unit (RRU) *Sequoia National Forest (SOF) *Central California District (CND) Tule Indian Reservation (TIA) Kern National Wildlife Refuge (KRR) San Andreas (TCCC) *Tuolumne-Calaveras Unit (TCU) *San Bernardino (SBCC) *San Bernardino (SBCC) *San Bernardino (SBCC) *San Luis (SLCC) *San Luis Obispo Unit (SLU) Santa Barbara (SBDC) *Santa Barbara County Fire (SBC) Sierra (SICC) *Santa Barbara County Fire (SBC) *Santa Barbara (STCC) *Santa Santa National Forest (STF) Ventura (VNCC) *Ventura County Fire Department (VNC) Visalia (TUCC) *Tulare Unit (TUU)	Mariposa (MMCC)	*Madera-Mariposa-Merced Unit (MMU)
Monterey (BECC) Prinacles National Park (PIP) Orange (ORCC) Perris (RRCC) **Orange County Fire Department (ORC) **Riverside Unit (RRU) **Sequoia National Forest (SQF) **Central California District (CND) Tule Indian Reservation (TIA) Kern National Wildlife Refuge (KRR) San Andreas (TCCC) **Tuolumne-Calaveras Unit (TCU) **San Bernardino National Forest (BDF) **California Desert District (CDD) Death Valley National Park (DVP) Mojave National Preserve (MNP) Joshua Tree National Park (JTP) *Southern California Agency (SCA) Castle Mountain National Monument San Luis (SLCC) **San Luis Obispo Unit (SLU) Santa Barbara (SBDC) **Santa Barbara County Fire (SBC) **Sierra National Forest (SNF) San Luis National Wildlife Refuge (LUR) Stanislaus (STCC) **Stanislaus National Forest (STF) Ventura (VNCC) **Ventura County Fire Department (VNC) Visalia (TUCC) **Tulare Unit (TUU)	San Diego (SDIC)	*San Diego Unit (SDU) Southern California Refuge (TNR) Camp Pendleton Marine Base (MCP)
Perris (RRCC) *Riverside Unit (RRU) *Sequoia National Forest (SQF) *Central California District (CND) Tule Indian Reservation (TIA) Kern National Wildlife Refuge (KRR) San Andreas (TCCC) *Tuolumne-Calaveras Unit (TCU) *San Bernardino National Forest (BDF) *California Desert District (CDD) Death Valley National Park (DVP) Mojave National Preserve (MNP) Joshua Tree National Preserve (MNP) Joshua Tree National Park (JTP) *Southern California Agency (SCA) Castle Mountain National Monument San Luis (SLCC) \$San Luis Obispo Unit (SLU) Santa Barbara (SBDC) \$Sierra (SICC) \$Sierra National Forest (SNF) San Luis National Wildlife Refuge (LUR) Stanislaus (STCC) *Stanislaus National Forest (STF) Ventura (VNCC) *Tulare Unit (TUU)	Monterey (BECC)	
*Sequoia National Forest (SQF) *Central California District (CND) Tule Indian Reservation (TIA) Kern National Wildlife Refuge (KRR) San Andreas (TCCC) *Tuolumne-Calaveras Unit (TCU) *San Bernardino National Forest (BDF) *California Desert District (CDD) Death Valley National Park (DVP) Mojave National Preserve (MNP) Joshua Tree National Park (JTP) *Southern California Agency (SCA) Castle Mountain National Monument San Luis (SLCC) *San Luis Obispo Unit (SLU) Santa Barbara (SBDC) *Santa Barbara County Fire (SBC) Sierra (SICC) *Sierra National Forest (SNF) San Luis National Wildlife Refuge (LUR) Stanislaus (STCC) *Ventura (VNCC) *Tulare Unit (TUU)	Orange (ORCC)	*Orange County Fire Department (ORC)
*Sequoia National Forest (SQF) *Central California District (CND) Tule Indian Reservation (TIA) Kern National Wildlife Refuge (KRR) San Andreas (TCCC) *Tuolumne-Calaveras Unit (TCU) *San Bernardino National Forest (BDF) *California Desert District (CDD) Death Valley National Park (DVP) Mojave National Preserve (MNP) Joshua Tree National Park (JTP) *Southern California Agency (SCA) Castle Mountain National Monument San Luis (SLCC) *San Luis Obispo Unit (SLU) Santa Barbara (SBDC) *Santa Barbara County Fire (SBC) Sierra (SICC) *Sierra National Forest (SNF) San Luis National Wildlife Refuge (LUR) Stanislaus (STCC) *Ventura (VNCC) *Tulare Unit (TUU)	Perris (RRCC)	*Riverside Unit (RRU)
*San Bernardino National Forest (BDF) *California Desert District (CDD) Death Valley National Park (DVP) Mojave National Preserve (MNP) Joshua Tree National Park (JTP) *Southern California Agency (SCA) Castle Mountain National Monument San Luis (SLCC) *San Luis Obispo Unit (SLU) Santa Barbara (SBDC) *Santa Barbara County Fire (SBC) *Sierra National Forest (SNF) San Luis National Wildlife Refuge (LUR) Stanislaus (STCC) *Stanislaus National Forest (STF) Ventura (VNCC) *Ventura County Fire Department (VNC) *Tulare Unit (TUU)	Porterville (CCCC)	*Central California District (CND) Tule Indian Reservation (TIA)
*California Desert District (CDD) Death Valley National Park (DVP) Mojave National Preserve (MNP) Joshua Tree National Park (JTP) *Southern California Agency (SCA) Castle Mountain National Monument San Luis (SLCC) *San Luis Obispo Unit (SLU) Santa Barbara (SBDC) *Santa Barbara County Fire (SBC) Sierra (SICC) *Sierra National Forest (SNF) San Luis National Wildlife Refuge (LUR) Stanislaus (STCC) *Ventura (VNCC) *Ventura County Fire Department (VNC) Visalia (TUCC) *Tulare Unit (TUU)	San Andreas (TCCC)	*Tuolumne-Calaveras Unit (TCU)
Santa Barbara (SBDC) Sierra (SICC) Sierra (SICC) Stanislaus (STCC) *San Luis National Forest (SNF) San Luis National Wildlife Refuge (LUR) *Stanislaus National Forest (STF) Ventura (VNCC) *Ventura County Fire Department (VNC) Visalia (TUCC) *Tulare Unit (TUU)	San Bernardino (SBCC)	*California Desert District (CDD) Death Valley National Park (DVP) Mojave National Preserve (MNP) Joshua Tree National Park (JTP) *Southern California Agency (SCA)
Sierra (SICC) *Sierra National Forest (SNF) San Luis National Wildlife Refuge (LUR) Stanislaus (STCC) *Stanislaus National Forest (STF) Ventura (VNCC) *Ventura County Fire Department (VNC) Visalia (TUCC) *Tulare Unit (TUU)	San Luis (SLCC)	*San Luis Obispo Unit (SLU)
Sierra (SICC) *Sierra National Forest (SNF) San Luis National Wildlife Refuge (LUR) Stanislaus (STCC) *Stanislaus National Forest (STF) Ventura (VNCC) *Ventura County Fire Department (VNC) Visalia (TUCC) *Tulare Unit (TUU)		1
Stanislaus (STCC)*Stanislaus National Forest (STF)Ventura (VNCC)*Ventura County Fire Department (VNC)Visalia (TUCC)*Tulare Unit (TUU)		*Sierra National Forest (SNF)
Ventura (VNCC) *Ventura County Fire Department (VNC) Visalia (TUCC) *Tulare Unit (TUU)	Stanislaus (STCC)	
Visalia (TUCC) *Tulare Unit (TUU)		
	Yosemite (YPCC)	*Yosemite National Park (YNP)

CAL OES FIRE AND RESCUE REGIONAL MAP



CAL OES Fire and Rescue Division Regional Mutual Aid Coordinators





Region V Coordinator **Dustin Hail**

Fresno County Fire Protection District 210 S Academy Avenue, Sanger, CA 93657 Admin: (559)493-4300 Fax : (559)875-8473 24 Hr. Dispatch (559) 292-5271 24 Hr. Fax (559) 292-0368

Region VI Coordinator Tim McHargue

Colton Fire Department 303 East E Street, Colton CA 92324 Admin: (909) 370-5102

24 Hr. Dispatch: (909) 356-3805 24 Hr. Fax: (909) 356-3809

SAN BERNARDINO

RIVERSIDE

California Fire and Rescue Ordering Process

Federal agencies and CAL FIRE may request assistance from Local Government fire department resources via CFAA Agreement; these requests are placed in the current ordering system of record from the agency dispatch center to the CAL OES Operational Area which is currently threatened.

Operational Area dispatch centers will fill the requests with resources from within the Operational Area, and once exhausted, place outstanding requests to the CAL OES Regional dispatch center.

CAL OES Regional dispatch centers will place outstanding requests to other Operational Areas within their Region and when all Operational Areas within their Region are exhausted will place requests to CAL OES Sacramento (OESH).

Resource orders will be processed based on need. An "Immediate Need" order will be processed as soon as possible for incidents that meet this criteria.

Resource orders for "Planned Need" mobilization in respect to Date and Time Needed will be determined and negotiated by the respective GACC and the requesting and sending unit to provide for resource safety.

OESH will place outstanding requests to other CAL OES Regions in the state for processing based on closest available resource.

The CAL OES Name Request Justification form is required for all local government overhead name requests with the exception of IMT members. IMT members rostered in the current ordering system of record, on the initial fill of the team, do not require a Name Request Justification form.

Team members responding after the initial team roster has been filled in the current ordering system of record require a Name Request Justification form. This form should be used once a resource order has been returned "Unable To Fill" at both GACC's. This form may be used for hard to obtain or specialized resources identified as Critical Needs. Visit the <u>CalOES Webpage</u> for a copy of this form.

Cal OES, CAL FIRE, Federal Fire Agencies, and Local Agencies release or reassignment of emergency apparatus used pursuant to the California Fire Assistance Agreement (CFAA) will be coordinated through the on-scene Cal OES Fire and Rescue Chief Officer, the local jurisdiction agency representative, or their authorized representative or the Cal OES Fire Duty Chief.

Communication

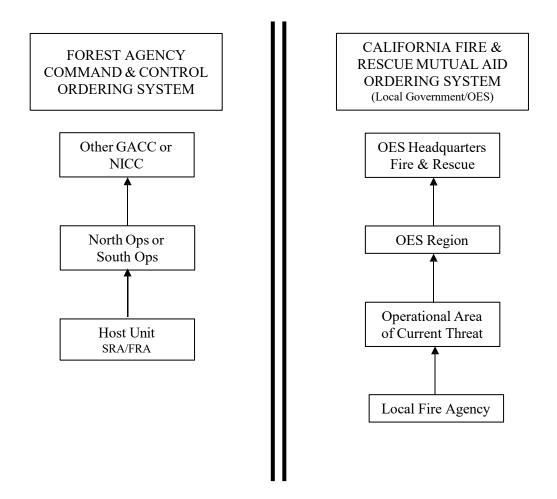
The formal route of communications for Local government level is through the Operational Area Duty Chief and through the established local Operational Area resource status system. The Duty Chief is responsible for briefing their organization in the procedures of incident information flow and for assuring timely exchange of information with minimal disruption to the dispatch function. These guidelines are offered to assist the Duty Chief in briefing their personnel. The following items give some general indicators of situations that should prompt contact with local government Operational Area Duty Chief.

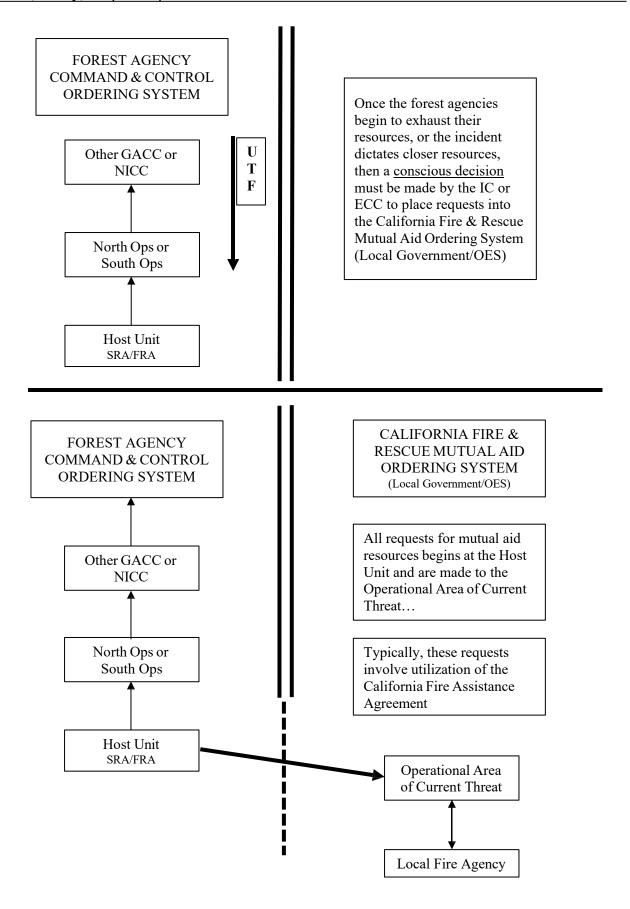
- When large incidents, incidents in a sensitive area, or multiple incidents occur
- Major aircraft accidents occur
- Major Hazardous Materials events
- Staffing shortages that affect agreements

California Fire and Rescue Mutual Aid System emergency apparatus and personnel requested through the California Fire Assistance Agreement (CFAA) being released from an incident fall back to the control of the respective GACC. If reassignment of these resources are necessary, there must be positive coordination with the OES AREP on scene of the incident or the Cal OES Duty Chief (916) 845-8670 to secure express permission to reassign an OES or Local Government resource to another incident.

Resources <u>cannot be reassigned</u> without this express permission.

The diagrams below illustrate the Federal agencies/CALFIRE and California Fire and Rescue ordering process





CAL OES Region/Operational Area IROC Responsibility

CAL OES Region/Operational Area	Ordering Responsibility
CAL OES Region 1	Los Angeles County Fire
XLA-Los Angeles County Area A	Los Angeles City Fire
XLB-Los Angeles County Area B	Los Angeles County Fire
XLC-Los Angeles County Area C	Verdugo Fire Communication Center
XLE-Los Angeles County Area E	Los Angeles County Fire
XLF-Los Angeles County Area F	Los Angeles County Fire
XLG-Los Angeles County Area G	Los Angeles County Fire
XOR-Orange County	Orange County Fire Authority
XSL-San Luis Obispo County	CAL FIRE, SLU
XSB-Santa Barbara County	Santa Barbara County Fire
XVE-Ventura County	Ventura County Fire
CAL OES Region 2	Alameda County Fire
XAL-Alameda County	Alameda County Fire
XCC-Contra Costa County	Contra Costa County FPD
XDN-Del Norte County	CAL FIRE, HUU
XHU-Humboldt County	CAL FIRE, HUU
XLK-Lake County	LNU
XMR-Marin County	Marin County Fire
XME-Mendocino County	CAL FIRE, MEU
XMY-Monterey County	CAL FIRE, BEU
XNA-Napa County	CAL FIRE, LNU
XBE-San Benito County	CAL FIRE, BEU

CAL OES Region/Operational Area	Ordering Responsibility
XSF-San Francisco County	Almeda County Fire
XSM-San Mateo County	Almeda County Fire
XSC-Santa Clara County	Santa Clara County Fire
XCZ-Santa Cruz County	CAL FIRE CZU
XSO-Solano County	Alameda County Fire
XSN-Sonoma County	Red Com JPA
CAL OES Region 3	CAL FIRE NOPS
XBU-Butte County	CAL FIRE BTU
XCO-Colusa County	CAL FIRE NOPS
XGL-Glenn County	CAL FIRE NOPS
XLS-Lassen County	CAL FIRE LMU
XMO-Modoc County	CAL FIRE NOPS
XPU-Plumas County	CAL FIRE NOPS
XSH-Shasta County	CAL FIRE SHU
XSI-Sierra County	CAL FIRE NOPS
XSK-Siskiyou County	CAL FIRE SKU
XSU-Sutter County	CAL FIRE NOPS
XTE-Tehama County	CAL FIRE TGU
XTR-Trinity County	CAL FIRE NOPS
XYU-Yuba County	CAL FIRE NOPS
CAL OES Region 4	CAL FIRE NEU
XAP-Alpine County	CAL FIRE NEU
XAM-Amador County	CAL FIRE AEU
XCA-Calaveras County	CAL FIRE TCU

CAL OES Region/Operational Area	Ordering Responsibility
XED-El Dorado County	CAL FIRE, AEU
XNE-Nevada County	CAL FIRE, NEU
XPL-Placer County	Placer County Sheriff
XSA-Sacramento County	Sac Regional JPA
XSJ-San Joaquin County	CAL FIRE, NEU
XST-Stanislaus County	CAL FIRE, NEU
XTB-Tahoe Basin Area	CAL FIRE, NEU
XTO-Tuolumne County	CAL FIRE, TCU
XYO-Yolo County	CAL FIRE, NEU
CAL OES Region 5	CAL FIRE, FKU
XFR-Fresno County	CAL FIRE, FKU
XKE-Kern County	Kern County Fire
XKI-Kings County	CAL FIRE, FKU
XMA-Madera County	CAL FIRE, MMU
XMP-Mariposa County	CAL FIRE, MMU
XMD-Merced County	CAL FIRE, MMU
XTU-Tulare County	Tulare County Fire
CAL OES Region 6	CAL FIRE, SOPS
XIM-Imperial County	CAL FIRE, SOPS
XIN-Inyo County	CAL FIRE, SOPS
XMN-Mono County	CAL FIRE, SOPS
XRI-Riverside County	CAL FIRE, RRU
XBO-San Bernardino County	San Bernardino County Fire
XSD-San Diego County	North County Dispatch JPA

Communication

The formal route of communications for the Unit level is through the GACC Federal and CAL FIRE Duty Chief. The Duty Chiefs are responsible for briefing their organizations in the procedures of incident information flow and for assuring timely exchange of information with minimal disruption to the dispatch function. These guidelines are offered to assist the Duty Chief in briefing their personnel. The following items give some general indicators of situations that should prompt contact between agencies and with the Federal, CAL FIRE Regions and Headquarter levels.

- When large incidents, incidents in a sensitive area, or multiple incidents occur.
- When geographic area federal or state resources are becoming depleted.
- When resources are being moved outside of their assigned GACC.
- When an Incident Management Team is mobilized for an incident.
- When structures or property are destroyed, or serious injuries or aircraft accidents occur.
- Fire Directors and the California Wildland Coordinating Group (CWCG) will be notified when preparedness levels are adjusted due to suppression activity in their Geographical Area or the adjacent Geographical Areas.

Mobilization

All resource requests will be submitted using the current ordering system of record. Requests for all tactical aircraft will be made using the state intercom and the FC 106/e FC 106 Script to expedite the requests. Refer to Chapter 50 and Appendix page 187.

Unit Dispatch Procedures

California will provide all-risk dispatching services through existing dispatch centers that are consistent with the needs and schedules of field going employees.

- Each Unit will provide for its own dispatching needs. Standardized dispatching procedures will be used at each dispatching level within California.
- Dispatching procedures are developed so that each Unit will dispatch to the extent of its available resources before requesting additional aid from the GACC.
- As part of Initial Attack Response Plans, Units will pre-plan and identify all mutual aid
 assistance/move-up of resources between adjoining Units, including State border agreements. Resource
 commitments should be limited to those resources that could be expected to provide effective initial
 attack, or fast follow-up to initial attack, within the established areas for mutual assistance. It is the
 responsibility of the sending Unit to notify the appropriate GACC whenever action is taken under one
 of these plans.
- Units will work directly with other dispatch centers, county and city fire departments, and local and state law enforcement agencies in their Unit or GACC's area of influence. They will keep the GACC advised of all mobilization/demobilization of overhead, crews, equipment, and aircraft received through this procedure.
- Units will handle all dispatching procedures for agency personnel during scheduled field operation hours
- CAL FIRE Command Centers will use CAL FIRE issuance publications, in particular, the 8100 Command and Control Handbook, as their operational guides.
- Each Federal Unit will utilize operational guides which define procedures and required actions for all hazardous activities. These guides will be available in each Dispatch Center and field office.
- All field going personnel will remain in radio contact with the Dispatch Center unless otherwise arranged through the Center.
- Dispatch Centers are to communicate weather forecasts to all field going personnel, especially firefighters according to agency direction. Dispatch Centers are to update field personnel of changes in predicted weather patterns.

GACC Dispatch Procedures

The GACC will fill orders from the most appropriate source available. The most appropriate source will be determined on the basis of urgency, resource availability, delivery time, reasonable cost effectiveness, impact on other Units, and consideration of the overall fire program. Within 30 minutes, the ability or inability to fill the order will be relayed to the GACC by the Unit attempting to fill the order. Objectives of the GACC include:

- Provide dispatch and coordination services. Dispatch overhead, crews, equipment, aircraft, and supplies between GACC's, Units, other States, or agencies.
- Expand the GACC dispatching organization to meet current demands.
- Maintain status on amounts and location of specified overhead, crews, equipment, aircraft, and supplies.
- Assist in determining GACC priorities for overhead, crews, equipment, aircraft, and supplies in multiple incident situations and fill requests accordingly.
- Inform State and Federal Duty Chief, Units, National Interagency Coordination Center (NICC), and other cooperating agencies of current and critical incident situations.
- Collect and distribute information concerning the overall incident situation.
- Encourage and practice close cooperation in using shared resources with other cooperating agencies, as well as private wildland fire services, including contract and agreement resources.
- Anticipate requirements, evaluate requests in light of the actual and imminent incident situation, and
 question (through proper channels) orders appearing to be out of balance with requirements, needs, or
 policy/procedure.
- The GACCs may fill each other's requests within California prior to requesting assistance from NICC.
- The GACC Duty Chiefs will work closely to support each other's existing needs.

Mutual Aid

Mutual aid is utilized when an incident is likely to exceed or has exceeded, the ability of the responsible agency to control. Agencies receiving mutual aid are responsible for logistical support to all mutual aid personnel and equipment.

For agreements governing mutual aid, refer to Chapter 80.

Request for Assistance

After local agreements and mutual aid resources have been exhausted, requests for assistance should be placed directly with the appropriate GACC for state and federal resources or Fire and Rescue Operational Area for CAL OES and local government resources. Mutual aid and other agreements will be maintained in the ECCs and available to the GACC upon request.

Emergency Management Assistant Compact – Resource Mobilization and Demobilization

When an incident is declared an emergency or disaster by the Governor of California, this can authorize invoking the Emergency Management Assistant Compact (EMAC) ordering. Once State and Local resources are exhausted, The Governor's Office of Emergency Services (OES) in collaboration with partner agencies will seek assistance through the EMAC process. The Governor's Office of Emergency Services EMAC Coordinator within the Fire and Rescue Division establishes contact with EMAC Member States to source the request starting with the closest states (time/distance). The requesting and assisting State Emergency Management Agencies complete an EMAC Resource Agreement Form (RSA) for offers of assistance. Once the offer is accepted, resources will be ordered and requested. These resources will be tracked from mobilization through demobilization. If Agency resources are not in the ordering system of record, OES will build resources within the program and fill requests and track them through demobilization.

Support to Border Fires

A border fire is defined as a wildfire that has crossed the boundary from one GACC into another, or which is expected to cross the boundary within two burning periods. For specific operating plans and agreements refer to Chapter 80.

GACCs have a responsibility and authority to provide resource support to the incident. They may place requests for resources directly between each other in support of the incident. The following protocols apply:

- A single ordering point will be designated to ensure proper assignment and demobilization of resources. The incident will remain with the originating Unit for situation reporting and prioritization.
- The dispatch organization designated as the single ordering point may place orders to either GACC using established ordering channels; however only the GACC of the designated single ordering point is authorized to place requests to NICC.
- Prior to initiating border fire support operations, concurrence and agreement must occur between the two GACCs and NICC. Coordinate as needed to maintain effective incident and GACC support.

Unit Identifiers

Each GACC Center Manager shall designate a Unit Identifier Data Custodian (GACC Data Custodian) and an alternate for their Geographic Area. GACC Data Custodians are responsible to ensure the documented agency internal process has been completed and have authority to ensure appropriate NWCG Organizational Unit Codes are created. GACC Data Custodians are responsible for timely entry of proposed additions, modifications, and deactivations of Unit Identifiers and associated information in the system of record (SOR) upon receipt of written requests.

- SOPS: Manny Salas 951-532-2690/Shayne Canady 951-901-5093
- NOPS: Laurie (Forni) Hackett 530-227-9102

Unified Ordering Point (UOP)

When an incident involves more than one jurisdiction, and unified command is activated, a unified ordering point (UOP) shall be established.

Purpose

To establish a single ordering point for all resources required by the incident.

Goal

The UOP is to allow the agencies involved in the incident the opportunity to fill requests at the lowest level including the use of local mutual aid and assistance, to avoid duplication of orders and to provide a single system for tracking resources for cost share agreements.

Guidelines

- The unified commanders will determine which agency ECC will be identified as the UOP. Notification will be made immediately by each agency involved.
- The UOP should be staffed with personnel from all agencies involved in unified command. Once the UOP has been designated, it will remain at that location for the duration of the incident.
- The UOP will use the Order Number that has been assigned by the agency in whose Direct Protection Area (DPA) the incident started. This number should not change for the duration of the incident.
- All requests from the incident will be processed through the UOP.
- The UOP will utilize local agency resources and those available through agreements with local cooperators of the agency assuming financial responsibility before passing requests to the next level.
- When the UOP is unable to fill a request, it will be placed to the next dispatch level based on the UOP host's agency dispatch channels.
- The incident will order cache items direct from the nearest national cache.
- Refer to Chapter 40 for Hired Equipment.

If/when an incident using a UOP decides to separate requests into request blocks, the following request blocks should be utilized:

Incident Host	0	8999
InciNet (pseudo)	9000	9999
Local Mission	10000	19999
State Mission	20000	29999
Federal Mission	30000	39999
Cache	100000	199999

Incident should still document in Special Needs "State Mission" or "Federal Mission" (agency specific)

Resource Ordering

The current ordering system of record shall be used for documenting mobilization and demobilization actions of all resources.

Reference the IROC Business Practices and Standards guide for procedures in utilizing the program.

The Resource Order form will be used as the backup for all agencies. Refer to Appendix page 181.

All resource requests will be submitted using the current ordering system of record. Only requests for aircraft and/or immediate need ground forces may be made using the intercom, then followed as quickly as possible with the matching current ordering system of record request. This allows immediate need resource requests to be processed in the most expedient manner. All other ordering is to be accomplished utilizing the current ordering system of record and the telephone.

Request Number:

Reference the California IROC Business Practices and Standards document for detailed information regarding requests. All known information, as detailed as possible, including the financial code and reporting instructions, will be entered into the current ordering system of record.

Federal FireCode:

A FireCode will be generated for all incidents using federal resources or resources from federal caches.

Issuance of a FireCode for Federal resources responding to a non-federal incident will be the responsibility of the Unit in the current ordering system of record. Business Practices Attachment D, Issuing Fire Codes for cooperators.

Travel Mobilization and Demobilization

The current ordering system of record will be used for mobilization and demobilization of resources from all incidents. All times (ETA and ETD) are in local time zones.

Mobilization travel will normally be arranged by the sending Unit and demobilization travel will be arranged by the incident host.

Demobilization of personnel and resources from the incident to the home Unit must follow the chain of command and remain within established communication channels. Complete and accurate records of personnel, transportation, and equipment are a must. Commercial airline travel will be documented in the current ordering system of record using the Travel Itinerary function. Any travel involving a known Remain/Rest Over Night (RON) location will also be documented in the current ordering system of record using the Travel Itinerary function.

CAL FIRE

Some CAL FIRE Units have approved initial attack operating plans with jurisdictions out-of-state; in those cases, mobilize resources in accordance with those plans. Whenever possible have the requesting out-of-state agency make travel arrangements for CAL FIRE personnel through the host agency's travel agent so the bill can be paid directly by the requesting agency.

For out of state travel on Federal incidents the GACC can assist with making flight and rental car arrangements. Reference the CAL FIRE Handbook 8100 procedure 8165-1.

Emergency Demobilization

For emergency release of a resource, the Emergency Release Form will be completed by the host ECC and submitted to the GACC. Refer to Appendix page 181.

Demobilization Planning

Demobilization planning should begin with the mobilization build-up. Notify the GACC prior to releasing out of Unit resources. Approval for releases will be obtained from each level involved in processing the original request. This allows the agencies the opportunity to reassign resources efficiently.

Demobilization Considerations

- Release Timing: The planning section will alert the incident host Unit with adequate lead time to allow planning to be accomplished.
- Payments: Each agency will follow their incident business plan for incident payment processes.
- Transportation: Costs should be considered in determining release priority. Sufficient lead time is imperative in arranging for transportation to be at the departure point when crews or personnel are ready to depart. Late night releases or travel are to be avoided. Every effort will be made for released resources to be home or RON by 2200, local time.
- Communications: Adequate communication between key personnel (i.e. Plans Section Chief, Demob Unit Leader, Logistics Chief, Ground Support Unit Leader, Finance Team, Agency Representative if applicable, GACC and home Unit.) must be established and maintained. It is important that the ECC receive notice of ETA of returning personnel in sufficient time to arrange for their travel.

Demobilization Plan

All extended attack incidents involving out of Unit or national resources will have a demobilization plan. A copy will be provided to the incident expanded dispatch and the GACC in a timely manner prior to resources being released from the incident.

Each Demobilization Plan has five parts:

- 1. General Information Includes procedures to get resources from the incident base to home.
- **2. Responsibility** Includes specific procedures and responsibility for each function on release, schedule, and transportation, or other specific areas that need to be covered.
- 3. Release Priority Includes procedures to coordinate and establish a release priority list.
- **4. Release Procedures** Includes specific procedures to be followed for surplus resources.
- **5. Incident Directory** Includes all communication methods from base to dispatch, with a list of names and phone numbers for all functions.

Contract Resources/Hired Equipment/Cooperators

Federal

Administratively Determined (AD)/Casual Hire refers to individual personnel hired for emergency purposes. Reference the federal Interagency Incident Business Management Handbook.

Contract engines and crews are a resource of the host Unit dispatch center. The contract resources will be dispatched through the host Unit using VIPR.

Regional contract resources may be utilized when agency resources are insufficient to meet present and anticipated needs according to the Unit's Specific Action Guide and/or the Geographic Area Staffing Guide.

Units will check the availability of agency resources (federal/state) within their GACC prior to using contracted resources. When mobilizing contract resources, Units will utilize agency owned resources first, followed by agency cooperators, national contract resources, regional contract resources, and then contract resources, according to agency direction. Requests for contract resources will follow normal dispatch procedures.

Units accepting/hosting local cooperator resources initially mobilized on GACC Preposition are responsible for accounting for the cooperator's personnel and equipment time (including their travel/time spent on the initial GACC Preposition order) on the unit's preposition order upon receipt. Cooperator Personnel Time will be documented on Crew Time Reports (SF-261) and transferred onto Incident Time Reports (OF-288). Cooperator Equipment Time will be documented on Emergency Equipment Shift Tickets (OF-297) and transferred onto Emergency Equipment Use Invoices (OF-286). Cooperators will furnish copies of their agreements with rates upon arrival and will take all completed/signed paperwork back to their home unit for processing. All Personnel and Equipment time documentation will be completed/signed prior to their departure or reassignment off unit by both the cooperator and a representative from the hosting unit.

Contract resources ordered in strike team configuration will use agency personnel as the strike team leader.

For mobilization of national contract resources, reference the National Interagency Mobilization Guide, Chapter 30 for Crews and Chapter 40 for Equipment and Supplies.

For mobilization of Regional Forest Service contract resources, refer to Chapter 30 for Crews and Chapter 40 for Equipment.

CAL FIRE

Hired equipment resources may be utilized when agency resources are insufficient to meet present and anticipated needs. The contract resources will be dispatched through the host Unit using HEMS.

Specifics for hired equipment can be found in CAL FIRE Handbooks 10,000. ECC's can reference the 8100 for Hired Equipment dispatching procedures.

Refer to Chapter 40 for Hired Equipment.

Preparedness Plan

Preparedness Plan For Wildland Fire Agencies

The Preparedness Plan is endorsed by the California Wildland Fire Coordinating Group (CWCG) which represents the following agencies:

United States Forest Service CAL FIRE Bureau of Land Management National Park Service U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Bureau of Indian Affairs CAL OES CAL FIRE Contract Counties

Purpose

California will have two preparedness levels, corresponding to the North and South Geographic Areas. These levels will reflect fire activity and fire weather conditions in each Geographical Area and therefore, may be different. California's commitment to meet National activities will only extend to federal personnel and resources which are available. State, County, and Local Fire Department Resources can only be made available on a case by case basis determined at the time requested.

The purpose of the Preparedness Plan is:

- To coordinate workforce and equipment needs for wildland fire activities and prescribed fire.
- To ensure that fire protection responsibilities and commitments to prescribed fire do not exceed State wildland fire capabilities and are coordinated with state and national wildland fire activities.

Monitoring

MAC Area preparedness levels will be monitored and managed by the CAL FIRE California Northern Region (CNR) and federal agencies' Operations Northern California (ONC) in Redding, hereafter referenced as North Ops, and the CAL FIRE Southern Region (CSR) and federal agencies' Operations Southern California (OSC) in Riverside, hereafter referenced as South Ops, for Preparedness Levels 1, ,2 and 3. The determination of these levels will represent a consensus of the Interagency Coordinators from the Forest Service, Department of Interior, CAL OES Fire and Rescue Branch, and CAL FIRE. CWCG will be kept appraised of changes in levels. The GACC will contact the Chair of CWCG to recommend moving above Preparedness Level 3. The Chair of CWCG will contact the members or representatives to develop consensus on the recommendation and report the result to the GACC. CWCG does not need to convene for lowering preparedness levels. The GACC MAC can make that determination.

Preparedness Level Activation and Deactivation

Based on fire weather, fire activity, and resource commitment to wildland fires, prescribed fires, and fuels projects, each GACC will maintain preparedness planning year round. Each agency representative will initiate the restrictions imposed by the preparedness levels upon those lands within their jurisdiction. Federal agencies will impose these restrictions that are required by the National Preparedness Plan as well.

Managers of prescribed fires and fuels projects using national resources (Type 1 hand crews, air tankers, etc.) are to request the use of the national resources from the appropriate GACC each day prior to implementation. GACC agency coordinators will also track the planned use of these national resources in contingency planning to avoid simultaneous commitment of the same resources to multiple fires or projects.

Preparedness Levels

Preparedness Level 1

Definition: Few or no class A, B, and C wildland fires. Minimal or no commitment of interagency resources to suppression activities. Current and short-range predictions for low to moderate fire danger. Local Units implementing prescribed fire operations with sufficient contingency resources available. Agencies above drawdown levels and requests for personnel and resources outside of the local area are not occurring. Action/Responsibility:

- GACCs post preparedness levels out on the daily situation report for agency field Units.
- GACCs to notify NICC of starting preparedness planning or daily preparedness level.
- All prescribed fires within Geographical Areas are to be reported to the respective GACC.

Preparedness Level 2

Definition: Numerous class A, B, and C wildland fires. Local commitment of interagency resources for initial attack, fuels projects and wildfires managed for ecological objectives. Current and short-term weather predictions for moderate fire danger. Local Units implementing prescribed fire operations with sufficient contingency resources available. Agencies above drawdown levels and requests for personnel and resources outside of the local area are of minimal to low impact.

Action/Responsibility:

• Continue Preparedness Level 1 activities.

Preparedness Level 3

Definition: High potential for Class D and larger fires to occur, with several active Class A, B, and C fires. Mobilization of agency and interagency resources within the geographic area, but minimal mobilization between or outside of geographical area. Current and short-term forecasted fire danger is moving from medium to high or very high. Local Units implementing prescribed fire operations starting to compete for interagency contingency resources.

Agencies still above drawdown levels for suppression resources but starting to have difficulty maintaining sufficient resources to meet initial attack responsibilities, project fire support, and fuel projects/prescribed fire requirements without prioritizing or using non-local support. Some critical resource needs are starting to be identified.

Action/Responsibility:

- Continue previous preparedness activities.
- CWCG chair is made aware by GACC's when fire danger, fire activity, drawdown, and GACC mobilization patterns are likely to lead to Level 4. Chair of CWCG informs members of current preparedness level in advance of moving to Preparedness Level 4.
- When a prescribed burn is scheduled or is in progress the appropriate Coordination Center will be informed through agency channels of the date of ignition, acres planned to be burned during the next 24 hours, and resource commitment including contingency resources.
- Agencies can limit the use of their resources as contingency or make them unavailable for use on prescribed fires.

Preparedness Level 4

Definition: Continuing initial attack activity and Class D or larger fires are common in one or both geographical areas. Resource ordering and mobilization of personnel is occurring between GACC's. The long-range forecast for the next week indicates continued high fire danger. Local Units may implement new fuels and prescribed fire projects, but operational and contingency resources must be provided by the agency or by local arrangements.

Long range fire weather forecasts predict high to very high fire danger. Significant potential exists for moving into extreme fire danger in at least one geographical area.

Personnel and resources at minimum drawdown levels, especially for initial attack. Fuels projects and prescribed fires can only be implemented with agency contingency resources or special arrangements within the local Units.

Mobilization and resource requests are occurring for suppression assignments within the GACC and between the Northern and Southern GACC.

Action/Responsibility:

- Continue with previous preparedness activities.
- CWCG determines the need for conference calls.
- Consider activation of the California Interagency Military Helicopter Firefighting Program.
- Consider activating Military Aviation Operations Coordinator to proactively work with local military aviation assets.

Preparedness Level 5

Definition: CalMAC may be fully activated if; one or both GACCs are in Preparedness level 5, agencies are below drawdown levels, or Class D and larger fires are common in one or both geographical areas. Either or both GACCs cannot fill many outstanding resources requests and are sending these orders to NICC. Use of local government resources is common. Reassignment of personnel and resources between incidents is common.

Current and short-range weather forecasts predict very high to extreme fire danger. Long range forecasts for the next week for either GACC indicate continued very high to extreme fire danger. Activation of National Guard or military personnel and resources is being considered or has occurred.

Requests for CAL FIRE resources are causing the agency to drop below drawdown levels. State and Local government personnel are being used to fill out-of-state requests. Actual and long-range fire danger predictions are for very high or extreme.

Personnel and resources are at or below agency minimum drawdown levels.

Action/Responsibility:

- If CalMAC is fully activated they will determine whether to host conference calls or meet in person. During the CalMAC activation, CalMAC will set priorities statewide.
- The status of ongoing fuels projects or prescribed fires will be reviewed by CalMAC, as well as any proposed new fuels/wildland fire use/prescribed fire projects. Final decision to implement rests with implementing agency.
- These activities are expected to have no significant effect on suppression activities. Existing projects should consider different management strategies to make personnel available for suppression activities elsewhere. Final decision to implement these projects rests with the implementing agency.
- Individual Units will report resource status to CalMAC as specified (as needed).
- CalMAC assesses statewide/national situation for determination of the need for resources.

Guidelines for Determining Preparedness Level

The following information will be used to determine preparedness levels for the Northern Operations and Southern Operations, and/or the entire state.

- Current California and National fire situation.
- National Preparedness levels.
- Predicted fire potential.
- Firefighting resource availability.

MOVE UP

Federal

When resource availability becomes critical and extreme incident danger is expected to continue, move up resources may become necessary (aircraft, crews, engines, etc.).

CAL FIRE

When resources are needed for move up from outside a Unit, the Unit must enter a request into the current ordering system of record and place the request to the GACC. The GACC will assess the overall situation of the Region and shall place the requests with the appropriate Unit to fill. Reference the CAL FIRE 8100 Handbook, policy 8122 and procedure 8122-1.

DOI

Requests for resource move-up will be initiated by the requesting Unit and coordinated through the GACC Duty Chief or DOI Coordinator. Move up requests will then be processed through normal procedures through the respective GACC.

Forest Service Minimum Drawdown Standard

The following matrix depicts the minimum resources necessary to ensure Forest Service GACC coverage: These numbers may be represented by having them identified as available to the GACC from the incident.

	North Ops	South Ops
Type 1/Type 2IA Crews	4	4
Smokejumpers Load	1	0
Helicopters/Airtankers	4	4
(heavy) on order	1	1
Type 2 IMT's	1	1
Aerial Supervision	1	1

Department of Interior Drawdown Levels

DOI will follow the identified draw down levels per the Unit Fire Management Plans.

CAL FIRE Drawdown Levels

CAL FIRE drawdown levels are defined in the CAL FIRE 8100 Handbook, exhibit E8121-1.

California Incident Priorities

When California is involved in multiple incidents that are drawing resources, the cooperators (USFS, CAL FIRE, DOI, and other wildland agencies) will prepare a California Incident Priority List. The GACC will revise the list daily and provide it to NICC, the GACCs, involved cooperators, and Units with incidents. Priorities are negotiated with involved cooperators and incorporated into the Multiagency Coordinating Group (MAC) Incident Status Summary ICS Form 209 and other documents.

MACS Group Procedure Guide (MACS 410-1) can be found at this web address: https://firescope.caloes.ca.gov/ICS%20Documents/MACS-410-1.pdf

Incident Priority Rating Procedures

- 1. Acquire information regarding incident situation and resource needs. Incident priorities should be directly related to resource needs and meeting operational objectives.
 - Weather
 - Major fires uncontained with potential resource threat. Name, location, acreage, Type 1 or 2 Incident Management Team with Incident Commander's name, fuel type. Reference MACS 410-1, page 15
 - Resource Status:
 - o Airtankers, Helicopters, Air Attack (by agency, kind, type, and location)
 - o Engines (agency and type)
 - Hand Crews (agency and type)
 - o Dozers available (agency only)
 - Committed by incident
 - Mobilization Center reserves (if appropriate)
 - Uncommitted and available by affected organizations or state mutual aid regions (major fire jurisdictions)
 - Committed by Incident
 - Mobilization Center reserves
 - Uncommitted and available at home base
- **2. Acquire Special Information.** Anything of interest that would influence decision making (i.e., "Campbell Fire is burning toward Federal DPA" or "CAL FIRE Humboldt-Del Norte Unit is experiencing a series of small lightning-caused fires.)
- **3. Standard Evaluation Criteria Used to Determine Incident Priorities**. (Ensure all new emerging or initial attack incidents have priority over existing incidents. If an item is not applicable for an incident, it carries a value of zero. Total maximum is 60.)

A. Life and Safety Threats (Public and Emergency Responders) (max total is 15)

Events which increase complexity, resulting in high potential for serious injury and/or death.

A.1 Evacuations	Rating					
In Progress	5					
Precautionary	3 - 4					
Potential (48 – 72 hrs) or Completed	1 - 2					
A.2 Road, Highway or Freeway Closures (ICS 209 Box 34)						
Major Highway or Freeway	4 - 5					
State Route or Improved Roadway						
Potential for Closures 48-72 hrs						
A.3 Extreme Fire Behavior, Weather Event, Natural or Human Caused D	isaster					
Occurring or Predicted/Forecasted to Continue (24 hrs)	5					
Predicted/Forecasted 24-72 hrs	3 - 4					
Not Occurring but Predicted/Forecasted to Diminish	1 - 2					

B. Property Threatened and/or High Damage (Next 48 Hours) (max total points is 15)

This category relates to potential for damage or actual impact to Communities or other high value investments that contribute to dwellings, commercial workplaces, and critical infrastructure that supports human life, income, or support to the general population. Threats under this category should not be listed unless there is significant potential to impact these elements and an imminent threat is recognized within a 48-hour timeframe.

B.1 Structures (residential, commercial, vacation, or other)

200 +	4 - 5
25 - 200	3 - 4
< 25	1 - 2

B.2 Community Loss (within 48 hours)

Potential for >75% Community Loss	4
Potential for 50 – 75% Community Loss	4
Potential for 25 – 50% Community Loss	3
Potential for <25% Community Loss	1 - 2

B.3 Infrastructure – National, State, Local (Power Lines, Energy Corridors, Domestic Water Systems, Communications Grid, Railroads, etc.) (ICS 209 Box 38)

System shutdown and/or damaged	5
Potential threat 24 – 48 hrs	3 - 4
Potential threat 72 + hrs	1 - 2

C. Resource Issues and Potential for Loss (max total points is 20): (ICS 209 Box 38)

Resource concerns can vary widely depending on place and type of resource considered. Each of the below items must be carefully considered in its relation to both local/regional or national significance and may have economic impact at local or regional levels. Resources that are not commercial should be considered in the Natural Resources category rather than in both Natural and Commercial Resources. Consider timeframes and proximity when rating.

C.1 Historical and Significant Cultural Resources			
C.2 Natural Resources			
Γ&E Species Habitat, Watershed, Forest Health, Soils, Airshed, etc.	1-5		
C.3 Commercial Resources			
Grazing, Timber, Agricultural Crops, etc.	1-5		
C.4 Potential for Economic Impact			
Tourism i.e., fishing, hunting; loss of jobs, etc.	1-5		

Incident Complexity/Duration (max total points are 10)

Multiple incidents or a complex of incidents versus a single incident have a way of making prioritization setting difficult. However, it is common enough that it needs to be included in the process. Attention needs to be given to travel distances, support to incident personnel and logistical challenges not always associated with a single incident.

D.1 Complex vs. Single Incident: (ICS 209 Box 7/10)

5+ incidents or >25,000 acres	4 - 5
3 - 4 incidents or 5-25,000 acres	2 - 3
1 -2 incidents or <5000 acres	1

Timely containment implies that if all critical resource needs from the ICS-209 were met, then containment objectives would be met within the specified timeframes indicated. Containment at an early date is beneficial during high activity periods and would result in earlier resource reassignment opportunities to supplement Initial Attack or to assist other incidents.

D.2 Potential for Timely Containment and/or Mitigation (ICS 209 Box 43)

< 72 hrs	5
3-7 days	4
8-14 days	3
15-21 days	2
Unknown or long term management	1

NOTE: Initial attack, new starts, and life threatening situations have overall priority, overriding the priorities listed above.

4. Identify Critical Resource Needs for Each Incident

(MAC Form 429 – 1st block is for ICS 209 Critical needs, 2nd block is for projected needs or resource allocation.)

AF= Aircraft, Fixed-Wing (air tankers, lead planes, air attack, IR, etc.)

AR = Aircraft Rotor-Wing (Type 1, 2, or 3)

HC = Handcrews by Type

BD = Bulldozers

WE = Wildland Engines (Type)

SE = Structural Engines (Type)

OH = Overhead

OT = Other Resources (specify type and kind)

5. Establish New Geographical Priorities –

Using the Attached MACS Form 429 found in the California Statewide Multi-Agency Coordination System Guide, pg. 31.

CAStatewide Multi-Agency Coordination System(CSMACS)Guide 2013

6. Decision Process:

Priorities will be set by a consensus of MAC Group Members

7. Notify NIFC or NMAC Group Coordinator of Geographic Area Priorities when CALMAC is Not Activated.

Handling Hazardous Materials

Procedures for handling hazardous materials can be found in each Unit's Plan for Handling Hazardous Materials. Reference materials listed below are to assist in the appropriate handling of these materials.

- Transportation of Hazardous Materials 49 CFR, Sections 106-180
- Department of Transportation Emergency Response Guidebook (ERG).
- Medical Waste Management Act, California Health and Safety Code Division 20, Chapter 6.1.
- International Air Transportation Association (IATA) 35th Edition.
- Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS)

Dozer and Helicopter Use in Wilderness and Special Areas

Forest Service

Agency Administrators will prepare requests for use of dozers and helicopters within wilderness areas. Requests will be specific in terms of work to be considered (length and width of fire line, and other factors), and consequences of not using the equipment. The request will go through the Agency Administrator, who will obtain permission or denial from the Regional Forester. The request will be in writing, via electronic mail, or by telephone if after hours (followed up in writing the next day).

Department of Interior Lands

BLM State Director approval is required for use of dozers on Bureau of Land Management Wilderness Areas and Wilderness Study Areas (WSA). In Areas of Critical Environmental Concern (ACEC) the local agency administrator can approve dozer use. On all other DOI Units the approval is given by the local Unit Agency Administrator.

Disaster Procedures

Federal Resource Response

With a federal declaration the federal agencies will provide assistance based on the Emergency Support Function (ESF) identified under the declaration

Without a Presidential declaration of a major disaster, the ability of the federal agencies to react is lessened. Local Units must respond within their normal authorities and under local agreements. Authority to take action in disasters and emergencies when there is an imminent threat to life or property is the Disaster Relief Act of 1974 (PL 93-288). Where there is no agreement in effect, the Act of May 27, 1955, authorizes the Forest Service to take action for incident emergencies and the BLM Manual authorizes the BLM to take action where a life threat exists.

CAL FIRE Resource Response

CAL FIRE Units can respond to non-fire incidents based on Unit Chief discretion or may be mission tasked by the Governor's Office of Emergency Services. Reference CAL FIRE Handbook 8100, policy 8163 and policy 8164.

Accident and Incident Reporting

Follow Agency Specific Policies.

Critical Incident Peer Support (CIPS) Team Procedures

A critical incident is any unexpected, traumatic event that affects an individual's feeling of personal safety, their ability to perform daily activities, and their ability to concentrate on their normal job duties. Simply put, a critical incident is a traumatic event (or perceived life-threatening event) that has enough power to overwhelm an individual's or organization's ability to cope. A critical incident is not defined by the event itself; it is defined by the individuals and/or the organizations reaction to what occurred.

Examples, but not limited to:

- o Line of Duty Death
- o Off Duty Death (in some instances)
- o Suicide
- Aviation Accident
- o Entrapment
- o Burn-over
- o Shooting
- o Serious accident or injury
- o Shelter Deployment
- o Exposure to fatalities and injuries
- Disaster recovery work
- o A significant event involving children
- o Acts of Terrorism
- o Threats of violence and to personal safety
- Events charged with profound emotions

All local, state and federal firefighting agencies endorse the use of (CIPS) Teams. A CIPS Team may consist of a Critical Incident Stress Lead (CISL), Critical Incident Stress Peer (CISM), Critical Incident Clinicians (CICL), Critical Incident Stress Chaplains (CISC), and Critical Incident Stress Canines (CISK). All five positions are currently in IROC with the resource ordering system assigned designator. All local, state, and Federal firefighting agencies endorse the use of CIPS in California. Agencies offer CIPS services to all personnel exposed to critical incident situations on the job. Regardless of which unit has management and control, CIP₃S₃ should be offered to personnel following a critical incident situation. Critical Incident Peer Support Team interventions are most effective when applied 24-72 hours (sometimes longer) following a critical incident. It is important for personnel to operationally disengage and reconnect with family or other support before participating in CIPS services, if possible.

Requests for CIPS Team support should be made by the Agency Administer or designee (from the local unit where the incident occurred) to the Regional CIPS Coordinator or designee.

Group personnel are ordered as CISL, CISM, CICL, CISC, CISK, THSP (or the resource ordering system assigned designator). The following information should be provided by the CIPS Coordinator to assist the responding CIPS group:

- Description (type) of incident
- Number of employees in need of CIPS services
- Whether any family members or children are involved. (Note: Authority to provide service to FS, DOI and CAL FIRE family members is covered under EAP, which extends services to family members for the benefit of employees and the agency).
- Date and time of incident
- Desired day, time and location for support services. The CIPS coordinator will determine the most appropriate time and location based on the incident, resource availability and number of personnel involved
- Name and phone number of Unit contact
- Name, phone number and location on site of main contact for on-site coordination, once CIPS Team Lead arrives.
- Financial Code

Federal Incidents (Requests, Notification and Ordering) Requests

The Agency Administrator or designee will contact the CIPS Coordinator to coordinate the response needs. The CIPS Coordinator and designated CIPS Team lead will coordinate with the Agency Administrator Point of Contact.

- Forest Service CIPS Coordinator 24 hr call line is 916-640-1044
- BLM CIPS Coordinator: Dr Patricia O'Brien 208-559-2959
- FWS CIPS Coordinator: Holland Foshay 208-805-2452
- BIA CIPS Coordinator: Nelda St. Clair 775-230-4351
- NPS CIPS Coordinator: Dana Lee 208-901-1204

Federal Ordering:

The CIPS Team order will be processed through Northern Operations (NOPS) regardless of incident location.

- CIPS Coordinator will work direct with NOPS to process the order.
- Annually, there will be one regional resource order generated in which all CIPS order numbers will be added. CIPS Coordinator will contact NOPS yearly to create the order.
- CIPS Coordinator will send email to Duty Chief with all resource request information
- CIPS members will be placed under a CISM order and have individual O numbers, unless NOPS determines that rostering would be more efficient
- NOPS will document Financial Code/override and Unit under each specific O numbers under special needs
- The clinician will be placed under an S number (service, medical). Coordinator will supply fill information.
- NOPS will be notified when members are released

The CIPS Coordinator or group lead will provide the g ³ r ⁴ oup members pertinent information.

Critical Incident Peer Support (CIPS) Team request, notification and ordering procedures provide an organized approach to the management of stress responses for personnel having been exposed to a traumatic event in the line of duty. The establishment of these procedures does not prevent an employee from seeking individual consultation through the Employee Assistance Program or a care provider of their choice.

Under no circumstances should a CIPS Team or any of its components be considered psychotherapy or a substitute for psychotherapy. Peer and group supporters are not licensed health care professionals and should not be utilized in lieu of a licensed clinician. A clinician is ordered at the time of the support group being organized and has skills specific to the incident being managed.

Critical Incident Clinicians (CICL) will be part of the team. For federal agencies, a culturally competent clinician should be ordered outside of the ordering system. The cost for CIPS team services in the fire operations are to be charged to the fires incident management code. Non-fire incidents should be charged to the host unit or will be determined by the CIPS Coordinator.

CAL FIRE Incidents:

CAL FIRE Units should be familiar with local procedures for CIPS Team activation, reference CAL FIRE Handbook 1800, Policy 1861

~1	4	\sim
Chapter	-	"
Chanci		1,

This page is intentionally left blank

Chapter 20 – Overhead and Teams

Units will maintain a list of qualified personnel for assignments and keep their qualifications current in the current ordering system of record and/or the agency's system of record. Units will maintain a hard copy of personnel qualifications, to serve as a backup to the current ordering system of record.

If a request is required to be self-sufficient it means the resource will be able to provide their own food, lodging and local transportation if needed.

Name Requests

Overhead can be name requested. Prior to placing the request, the ordering Unit will receive confirmation of availability, supervisor approval, Unit ID, and verify person is qualified or trainee in the current ordering system of record for the requested position.

The CalOES Name Request Justification form is required for all local government overhead name requests with the exception of IMT members. IMT members rostered in the current ordering system of record, on the initial fill of the team, do not require a Name Request Justification form. Team members responding after the initial team roster has been filled in the current ordering system of record require a Name Request Justification form. This form should be used once a resource order has been returned "Unable To Fill" at both California GACC's. This form may be used for hard to obtain or specialize resources identified as Critical Needs.

The form can be located at:

https://www.caloes.ca.gov/wp-content/uploads/Fire-Rescue/Documents/CalOES-Name-Request-Form-20140901uax.pdf

Pre-suppression/suppression detail requests in the current ordering system of record must be accompanied by a Preparedness/Detail Request form. Form will be submitted to the GACC. Refer to Appendix for the link to this form.

https://www.nifc.gov/nicc/logistics/coord forms/detail request 2014.pdf

Air Resource Advisor – ARA -Federal

The need for an ARA will vary based on conditions with the incident, topography, weather, population, exposure risk, dispersion and area attainment designation. An incident smoke footprint can often span multiple air quality and public health jurisdictions as well as state boundaries. The ARA involvement will range from factors encompassing incident management to community, state, and tribal coordination with agency administrators.

All ARA order requests will be placed by the appropriate GACC. Requests will often be initiated by incidents, GACC's, Agency Administrators, or agency Air Quality Program staff. All orders will be coordinated as name requests with the Washington Office (WO) FAM Smoke Coordinator. Orders are authorized to commence upon concurrence of the requesting official. GACC Predictive Service Meteorologists may be asked to help facilitate the orders. Duty locations may vary from incidents to GACC's depending on complexity and occurrence of multiple events.

Air Quality Monitoring equipment can be ordered through agency air quality staff and will be coordinated, as necessary, with the California Air Resources Board Office of Emergency Services, Tribes and respective Air Quality Management Districts.

Ordered in the current ordering system of record as: THSPs with the special needs "Air Resource Advisor" then placed to the GACC.

Key contacts:

Pete Lahm - WO <u>peter.lahm@usda.gov</u> 661-GET-1ARA

Pete.lahm@gmail.com 602-432-2614 (cell)

Brent Wachter - NOPS <u>brent.wachter@udsa.gov</u> 505-414-0227

Andrea Nick - Air Quality Program <u>andrea.nick@usda.gov</u> 626-590-4451(cell)

Archaeologists (ARCH) - All Agencies

Efforts should be made to incorporate archaeologists into the fire organization.

Federal - a list should be available at each Federal Unit of qualified archaeologists. Unit archaeologists should be pre-identified.

CAL FIRE – all requests for archaeologists will be placed to the appropriate GACC.

Blasters- Federal

Blasters are highly specialized positions that meet specific agency/incident objectives.

Ordering unit must specify type of blaster.

Fireline Explosive Advisor (FLEA)

Fireline Explosive Blaster-in-Charge (FLEB)

Fireline Explosive Crewmember (FLEC)

A blaster may request a fire suppression crew to be present at the blast site because certain types of explosives can start fires. In order to determine which blasting materials are right for a job, the blaster will communicate with local staff to discuss the job details, site conditions, and desired results.

Certified blasters must have a "Hazard Trees" endorsement on their certification cards to fell danger trees with explosives. A commercial driver's license and vehicle with proper placards are required when transporting blasting materials. Blaster examiners in each region are responsible for training, coordination, and management of regional blasting programs.

Cost Share Specialist – All Agencies

Cost Share incidents (multi-jurisdictional, unified command) may require special skills to develop a cost share agreement. When determined by the incident and the incident management team, Cost Share Technical Specialists can be ordered. In most cases, the expectation is to have a Cost Share Specialist representative from each agency having jurisdiction on the incident.

Federal - Cost Share Specialist orders will be coordinated with the appropriate federal incident business coordinator (listed below) to ensure resource assignments are commensurate with the complexity of the incident.

Agency	Contact	Office	Cell
BLM	Vanessa Kobilis	916-978-4446	916-406-4990
BIA	Julie White	916-978-6146	916-215-5653
FS	Yolie Thomas	707-562-8835	707-980-3956
FS	Kris Armstrong	707 562-8926	661-342-7297
FWS	Veronika Klukas	530-231-6174	307-250-5684
NPS	Robert Rivelle		707-498-1761

Incident Meteorologist (IMET) – All Agencies

When an IMET is requested for an incident, the request will be created and placed to the appropriate GACC. The GACC will then request an IMET from the NWS National Fire Weather Operations Coordinator (NFWOC) at 1-877-323-IMET (4638). The NFWOC will advise the GACC of fill information. The GACC will advise the requesting Unit to edit the request to a "Name Request" with the fill information. When ordering, specify whether the request is for wildfire response or prescribed fire; if prescribed fire, provide number of days IMET is expected to be deployed. The IMET will be mobilized by the appropriate GACC. NOTE: All requests for IMETs must note in Special Needs, "authorizing a rental vehicle and computer support". The following list designates which California GACC will status and dispatch personnel for the California Weather Forecasting Offices. The current ordering system of record status can be maintained as Available/Local.

North Ops		South Ops	
CA-EKAW	Eureka WFO	CA-HNXW	Hanford WFO
CA-STOW	Sacramento WFO	CA-LOXW	Los Angeles/Oxnard WFO
CA-MTRW	San Francisco/Monterey WFO	CA-SGXW	San Diego WFO
HI-HFOW	Honolulu WFO		
AS-PPOW	Pago Pago/American Samoa WFO		

Interagency Incident Business Advisors (INBA) – Federal

INBAs provide oversight on administrative and financial activities and serve under the authority of the Agency Administrator, as per each agency's policy. INBA orders, including name requests will be coordinated with the appropriate federal incident business coordinator (listed below) to ensure resource assignments are commensurate with the complexity of the incident.

Agency	Contact	Office	Cell
BLM	Vanessa Kobilis	916-978-4446	916-406-4990
BIA	Julie White	916-978-6146	916-215-5653
FS	Yolie Thomas	707-562-8835	707-980-3956
FS	Kris Armstrong	707 562-8926	661-342-7297
FWS	Veronika Klukas	530-231-6174	307-250-5684
NPS	Robert Rivelle		707-498-1761

In some situations, IBA assignments are filled with an individual from the local Unit. <u>Orders will be initiated by incident host Unit</u>, not the <u>Incident Management Team</u>.

Infrared Interpreters (IRIN) – All Agencies

All national infrared flights require an Infrared Interpreter be ordered. All requests for IRINs will be placed with the GACC. The GACC overhead desk will work with the California or National IR Coordinator to find a qualified IRIN. The GACC and the IR coordinator will determine who is going to be the IRIN and which incidents they will support; IRINs can do multiple incidents.

For additional ordering information, refer to Chapter 50.

Short-Haul Boosters (SHLR) and Short-Haul Spotter (SHLS) - Federal

Booster orders will be placed on an overhead order as SHLR for Short-Hauler and SHLS for Short Haul Spotter and may be filled by individuals from multiple bases. Short-Haul bases shall coordinate with their local GACC and/or NICC on boost requests and status. At a minimum, orders shall be filled with (6) Short-Haulers and a manager to support needs documented on the aircraft order through the current ordering system of record. The Short-Haul spotter/manager will determine transportation needs for the additional short-haulers on the order. Aerial transport of boosters may be ordered by the requesting unit.

Smokejumper (SMKJ) - All Agencies

Refer to Chapter 30.

Training Specialist (TNSP) – All Agencies

The training specialist organizes and implements the incident's training program, by developing individual training plans and documenting individual trainee assignments. All Agencies – A training specialist will be ordered, as part of an IMT activation. A TNSP may also be ordered on non-team incidents, at the discretion of the incident commander. Order through the normal ordering process.

Forest Service – Upon activation of a Type 1 or Type 2 IMT on a Forest Service incident, the GACC Training Officer, in concert with the host Forest, shall process a resource order requesting a minimum of 20 trainees. Forest Service will have first attempt to fill these requests.

Wildland Fire Safety Officer – Federal

When a federal agency activates an IMT, the GACC will notify the appropriate agency Wildland Fire Safety Officer. It is the responsibility of the Safety Officer to notify the affected Unit if there is an intended visit for the purpose of review or observation. Affected Units may initiate the request on their own. Each agency will set its own guidelines for protocols regarding such visits. Unless otherwise stipulated or agreed to, such visits should be of an informal nature to help foster positive safety attitudes within the incident environment. Informal reviews and observational visits do not require a formal entrance or exit meeting with agency administrators. Written documentation will be required if further formal action or follow-up is needed by the IMT, affected Unit or a higher management level. The Safety Officer will discuss the visit with the IMT and with appropriate members of the Agency Administrator's staff prior to departing.

Incident Management Teams (IMT)

All Incident Management Team Rosters and Rotations are located at the end of this chapter.

All Hazard Incident Management Teams – National Park Service

The National Park Service has All Hazard Incident Management Teams for national use. The purpose of the teams are to manage any incident except a wildland or prescribed fire.

These teams are ordered in the current ordering system of record as: Team, All Risk NPS.

The GACC will advise the Regional Contact listed below and then place the request to NICC. Pacific West Region Contact: Matt Knowles, Visitor and Resource Protection Specialist, 415-470-4037 Kristin Kirschner, Regional Emergency Services Manager 360-809-9512.

$All-Hazard\ Incident\ Management\ Teams-\ Type\ 3-Cal\ OES\ /\ Local\ Government$

Purpose/Mission/Capability:

The purpose of the Type 3 All-Hazard Incident Management Team (AHIMT3) is to provide organized teams of highly trained personnel to assist local, state, and federal agencies with Complex Incident Management. AHIMT3's may be requested for an emergency incident, a planned event, or other mobilization requests.

Configuration

Participating Agencies/ Local Operating Areas:

The Authority Having Jurisdiction (AHJ) shall determine the size and composition of the AHIMT3 based on incident type and complexity. An AHIMT3 may deploy as a full team, a partial team ("short" team), or as single resource. Team size shall not exceed 21 in California.

			Geogra						

Incident Commander (ICT3)
Deputy Incident Commander (ICT3)
Safety Officer (SOF3)
Information Officer (PIO3)
Liaison Officer (LOFR)
 Law Enforcement Unit (LELO)
Operations Section Chief (OSC3)

<u>Overhea</u>	ad and Teams Ch	apter 20
	Finance Section Chief (FSC3)	
	Logistics Section Chief (LSC3)	
	 Supply Unit Leader (SPUL) 	
	o Facilities Unit Leader (FACL)	
	 Communications Unit Leader or Incident Communications Technician (COML or COM) 	MT)
	 Medical Unit Leader (MEDL) 	
	Plans Section Chief (PSC3)	
	o Resource Unit Leader (RESL)	
	 Situation Unit Leader (SITL) 	
	o Tech Spec. GISS	
	Four Trainees (with concurrence of the ordering agency)	
through	nents. FEMA Team Configuration Guideline: An order/request for an AHIMT3 (whether through EM) the National Firefighting Mobilization System) shall be filled with a minimum of 14 members to the of the following positions:	
	Incident Commander (ICT3)	
	Safety Officer (SOF3)	
	Information Officer (PIO3)	
	Assistant PIO (PIO3)	
	Liaison Officer (LOFR)	
	Operations Section Chief (OSC3)	
	 Deputy Operations Section Chief (OSC3) 	
	 Staging Area Manager (STAM) 	
	Finance Section Chief (FSC3)	
	Logistics Section Chief Type 3 (LSC3)	

Note: The 14 AHIMT3 members, and any other AHIMT3 members subsequently ordered shall be from an organized, local government fire-sponsored agency, and shall meet recognized qualifications for the positions they are filling. An order/request for an AHIMT3 is for the personnel only and does not include any communications or office equipment or supplies (this should be supplied by the AHJ). If the AHIMT3 arrives and determines that they need additional or specialized personnel, equipment, and/or supplies, those shall be ordered through the established ordering process.

California AHIMT3 Status

☐ Plans Section Chief (PSC3)

Resource Unit Leader (RESL)Situation Unit Leader (SITL)

The Cal OES Fire and Rescue Division shall maintain an on-call roster of available AHIMT3 within California.

Team Status Reporting:

Monday morning by 1000, teams that are available for statewide or national mobilization will update Google Sheets and status the on-call IC.

Rotation: (8)

AHIMT3's that are currently recognized by Cal OES Fire and Rescue:

	Orange County - OC
	Long Beach - LB
	Santa Barbara - SB
	East Bay - EB
	North Bay - NB
	Sacramento Regional - SR
	San Diego - SD
П	South Bay – So. B

AHIMT3 Mobilization/Ordering Process

The mobilization for AHIMT3's outside of their local operating area and local agreements shall use the CalOES Fire and Rescue Division's resource ordering process.

Teams shall use the following naming convention: Team – AHIMT – T3 – CA – IC name, team name, or team number.

Duration of Assignments

A deployment should last no longer than 14 days (excluding travel).

CAL FIRE Incident Management Teams – Type 1

CAL FIRE maintains 6 statewide Type 1 All Hazard Incident Management Teams to direct large-scale complex emergency incidents. CAL FIRE IMTs are available year-round for statewide response, with one team on call at any given time.

CAL FIRE IMTs are ordered through the GACC. These teams are ordered in the current ordering system of record as: Team, Type 1 Long

California Federal Interagency Incident Management Teams – Type 1 and 2

The California Federal Interagency Incident Management Teams (IMT) are managed by the California Wildfire Coordinating Group (CWCG), which consists of a representative from each agency with wildfire suppression responsibility. CWCG is responsible for selecting team members, monitoring and evaluating team performance, and providing for team member development.

CWCG will select and manage four Type 1 IMTs as components of a national rotation established and maintained by NICC, through the National Interagency Mobilization Guide.

CWCG will also select and manage six Type 2 IMTs. Type 2 IMTs may also be available for out of state mobilization. During Preparedness Levels 4 or 5, out of state mobilizations may be restricted to ensure adequate coverage within the state.

CWCG sponsored Type 1 and 2 teams may have the following team composition listed below. The California Incident Commanders have the flexibility to substitute the standard positions suggested below with other positions according to the team needs, as long as they stay within the standard numbers.

IMT's will not mobilize with more than 58 persons on an IMT's roster without requesting Agency Administrator approval. IMT may request additional positions through the normal ordering process once the IMT has a delegation of authority of the incident. Long team includes the 10 positions from the Short team. DPIC not in the current ordering system. In addition to the 27 positions identified on the long team configuration, teams may have a maximum of seventeen (17) positions to be negotiated and concurred on by the Incident Commander and the Agency Administrator from the requesting Unit. They may bring an additional fourteen (14) trainee positions. These positions are identified by the teams and not by the receiving Unit. Unless notified otherwise, these trainees will be mobilized for incidents on Federal lands.

For more information refer to the current California Interagency Incident Management Team Operating Guidelines.

2022 CWCG Operations Guidev2.pdf (nifc.gov)

45 Short Team Configuration (20 positions + 6 trainees)	Long Team Configuration (44 positions+ 14 trainees)
Incident Commander	Incident Commander
Deputy Incident Commander	Deputy Incident Commander
Safety Officer	Safety Officer (2)
Public Information Officer	Public Information Officer
Operations Section Chief (2)	Operations Section Chief (2)
Air Operations Branch Director	Air Operations Branch Director
Planning Section Chief	Planning Section Chief
Logistics Section Chief	Logistics Section Chief
Finance Section Chief	Finance Section Chief
Operations Branch Director or Division/GroupSupervisor (2)	Operations Branch Director (2)
Geographic Information System Specialist	Liaison Officer
Computer Technical Specialist	Facilities Unit Leader
Discretionary Positions (6)	Supply Unit leader
IMT Trainee Positions(6)	Food Unit Leader
	Communications Unit Leader
	Medical Unit Leader
	Ground Support Unit Leader
	Ordering Manager
	Communications Technician or
	IncidentCommunications Center Manager
	Resource Unit Leader
	Geographic Information System Specialist
	Computer Technical Specialist
	Situation Unit Leader
	Fire Behavior Analyst
	Division/Group Supervisor (2)
	Air Support Group Supervisor
	Cost Unit Leader
	Time Unit Leader
	Procurement Unit leader
	Discretionary Positions (11)
	IMT Trainee Positions (6)
	GACC Priority Trainees(B)

The GACCs will annually compile a rotation schedule for the teams to be included in the California Interagency Mobilization Guide. NICC will be advised by the GACC as soon as the current Type 1 two-hour team is committed, to enable them to place an out-of-region team in 24-hour rotation. Teams will be mobilized through normal dispatch channels.

CA Federal IMTs are ordered through the GACC. These teams are ordered in the current ordering system of record as: Team, Type 1 Long; Team, Type 1 Short; Team, Type 2 Long; Team, Type 2 Short.

National IMT Rotation Process

- For 2023, there are 21 IMTs in the national rotation.
- Geographic Area Coordination Centers (GACCs) will ensure their respective IMTs in the national rotation are rostered in the current ordering system of record as the appropriate catalog item (e.g., Complex IMT or Type 1 IMT). The NICC will coordinate with ordering and sending Geographic Areas to ensure the IMT order matches the IMT catalog item at the time of mobilization.
- Complex/Type 1 IMTs remain on-call for a maximum of seven days.
- At the time (clock hour and day of the week) an IMT from the national rotation is requested, the next eligible IMT in rotation will be notified and placed in two-hour call status and will remain in call status for the next seven days. The next two teams in national rotation will also be notified of the schedule change. Geographic Areas unable to provide an IMT when ordered for a national assignment will be listed as unavailable on the national rotation and will not be considered until the designated slot rotates into position again.
- Geographic Areas with more than one Complex/Type 1 IMT may decide which eligible team responds to a national call.
- Geographic Areas must pass if no eligible IMT can meet the two-hour call.
- Complex, Type 1 and Type 2 IMTs will be considered unavailable for a national assignment if the primary Incident Commander or two Command & General Staff positions are vacant. The Deputy Incident Commander may be allowed to take the team with Geographic Area Multi-Agency Coordinating Group (GMAC) approval. Any deviation to the aforementioned availability and substitution principle must have GMAC and NMAC approval.
- An IMT that is not available for a national assignment will be listed as unavailable on the national rotation list.
- Within Round 1 of the national rotation, once an IMT has been committed to an incident, either internally or nationally, it will remain ineligible for a national assignment until all eligible, available IMTs have had an assignment. Once all eligible, available IMTs have had an assignment within Round 1, the national rotation will begin Round 2, following the same procedures that applied in Round 1.
- At the end of a round where three or fewer IMTs remain without an assignment in that round, each of those IMTs will be given one rotation period/week in the number one position before moving to the next round.
- A committed IMT that is reassigned to additional incidents prior to being demobilized to their home unit will be counted as a single assignment within the round they were mobilized.
- IMTs that are mobilized but canceled or released within 48 hours will remain eligible for national assignments in the current round of the national rotation.
- All assignments, internal or national, count as experience towards the current round.
- Once an IMT, mobilized from the national rotation is staged by NICC, that team will be prioritized and assigned when a Geographic Area requires a replacement team.
- Once an IMT has been staged by a Geographic Area, the IMT will be prioritized and assigned to any new incident within that area, or when a replacement team is needed within the area. If NICC receives another Complex/Type 1 IMT request, the first eligible IMT in national rotation will be ordered.
- The Geographic Area will coordinate with NICC before reassigning an out-of-area Complex/Type 1 IMT to another.

National Area Command Teams – All Agencies

Orders for Area Command Teams will be placed through established ordering channels using an Overhead Group Request to NICC. Area Command Teams are comprised of six (6) positions: four (4) specific and two (2) trainees, which are the following:

- Area Commander (ACDR)
- Assistant Area Commander, Planning (ACPC)
- Assistant Area Commander, Logistics (ACLC)
- Area Command Aviation Coordinator (ACAC)
- Area Command trainees (2 each)

The Area Commander position may only be filled by a current agency employee. Depending on the complexity of the interface between the incidents, specialists in other areas such as aviation, safety, information, long-term fire planning, or risk planning may also be assigned.

CAL FIRE – The GACC may choose to order a National AC Team or assemble CAL FIRE personnel to form a California Area Command Team.

National Incident Management Organization (NIMO) Team – Federal

Appropriate assignments for NIMO consideration include: Wildland fire, Long Duration Incidents or Mission Specific Assignments, regional and national special projects, require a completed Project Request Form. Refer to the National Interagency Mobilization Guide, Chapter 20.

NIMO teams are ordered through the GACC. Ordered in the current ordering system of record as: Team, NIMO.

NMAC Management of Federal IMTs

The National Multi-Agency Coordinating Group (NMAC) retains the authority to manage all team assignments for Type 1, Type 2, Complex, and NIMO and Area Command Incident Management Teams as necessary to achieve team experience objectives, ensure proficiency, manage fatigue, or for other reasons.

Burned Area Emergency Response Teams (BAER) – Federal

BAER Teams are ordered to assist field units to plan for immediate post-wildland fire site stabilization. These teams address post incident needs, including potential floods, mud and debris flows, watershed/municipal water supplies. It is the responsibility of the local Unit to select the number of team members and the skills needed.

Forest Service team members are ordered in the current ordering system of record as individual overhead requests, as: BAES. In special needs, list type of skills needed and level of skill.

DOI maintains two (2) National BAER Teams to assist field units plan for immediate post wildland fire site stabilization. National BAER Teams are dispatched to only the most complex BAER incidents involving risks to human life and critical Federal assets. Potential floods, mud and debris flows, watershed/municipal water supplies, urban interface, and complex and multiple jurisdictions are the dispatch prioritization criteria factored into the mobilization decision. DOI team members are ordered in the current ordering system of record as individual overhead requests, as the approved agency-specific BAER mnemonic (as shown in IQCS/the current ordering system of record).

Buying Unit Teams (BUYT) - Federal

Federal Buying Unit teams will normally be assigned to a centralized location and may be requested to support multiple incidents onsite as well as virtually. Depending on the needs of the region, some team members may work virtually in support of the team onsite. Buying Unit Teams supplement the local Unit procurement and dispatching organizations during emergencies. Orders will be placed through the GACC, in coordination with Regional Incident Business staff. If unable to fill regionally, the GACC will place an order through NICC for a National Buying Unit Team.

These teams are ordered in the current ordering system of record as: BUYT - Team, Buying.

Review, Audit, Process Team (RAP) -Federal

The National Park Service Payment Teams will no longer be ordered on a rotational basis. Instead, before a Payment Team is ordered to audit and process DOI incident invoices, the ordering unit should contact: Julie Bennet, 775-315-0465, julie bennet@nps.gov

Once the configuration of the team is determined, requests for Payment Teams will be placed through established ordering channels using an Overhead Group Request. Payment team leaders and members will be ordered by the jurisdictional unit as THSPs.

Damage Inspection Team – Federal Incidents

Damage Inspection Team may be ordered by the incident through CalOES to assess structure damage and loss.

Damage Assessment – State Incidents

No longer ordered as Team. Order in the current ordering system of record as individual overhead requests. Damage Inspection Manager (DINM), Damage Inspection Technical Specialist (DINS), or Field Observer (FOBS)as needed.

Interagency Dispatch Teams – Federal

Dispatch teams provide personnel qualified in Dispatch Center expanded functions for timely mobilization in support of wildland incidents. There are 4 federal dispatch teams in California. Normal configuration is 2 EDSPs, 2 EDSPs, 2 EDRCs and up to 2 trainees. Priority use of these teams is to support incidents in California.

Team rotation will be based on the Forest Service pay period schedule: bi-weekly, effective at 0001 on Sunday. There will be one team available during the two-week period.

The rotation schedule can be located at: 2023CA Dispatch Team.pdf (nifc.gov)

Order in the current ordering system as: SMOD – Module, Suppression. In special needs add Dispatch Team. Check with the GACC for team availability when ordering.

ECC Support Teams – CAL FIRE

ECC Support teams provide personnel qualified in ECC expanded functions for timely mobilization in support of Emergency Command Center operations. Reference CAL FIRE Handbook 7700, section 7758. Dispatch procedure in CAL FIRE Handbook 8100, policy 8141 procedure 8141-43.

There are a total of 10 teams statewide, with each Region fielding 5 teams. Normal configuration is Team Leader/EDSP, Deputy Team Leader/EDSP (t) or EDSD, 2 EDSDs, 2 EDRCs and 4 optional trainee positions.

Teams will be on immediate call (one-hour getaway) for one-week rotations. Order in the current ordering system of record as: ECCT - Team, ECC Support CA Only.

Fire Behavior Assessment Team (FBAT) – Federal

The primary mission of the FBAT is monitoring fuels, vegetation, fire behavior, and fire effects on wildland fire incidents and supporting the incident and land management units through information delivery. The FBAT generally consists of 6 to 12 fireline qualified personnel led by overhead qualified at the Task Force Leader level or above. The FBAT is most successful when ordered early during an incident. One of the Team Leads will formulate a list of name requests for the incident to order. Contact Matt Dickinson, Lead: 614-566-2271 or Carol Ewell, Assistant Lead: 209-283-4563. For more information, visit: https://www.frames.gov/fbat

Fuel Treatment Effectiveness Team – Federal

The primary mission of the fuel treatment effectiveness teams is to provide documentation on wildfire behavior or effects. This documentation is required by law to be provided within 90 days of control of the fire (FSM 5144). This team will gather GIS and observational information about the fire and complete fuel treatment effectiveness reporting including required entries in the Fuel Treatment Effectiveness Monitoring database (FTEM).

Team members are ordered in the current ordering system of record as THSP – name requests after contacting the Regional Fuels Staff, Robyn Woods 530-206-6918/ Kendra Sallon 707-980-9195. Include special needs of "Fuel Treatment Effectiveness Team member". One or more team members may be ordered.

Medical Emergency Response Teams (MERT) – CAL FIRE

MERT is ordered when a significant commitment of California Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (CDCR) inmate firefighters are assigned to an incident. A MERT is typically made up of three personnel consisting of a registered nurse and two medical technical assistants to provide medical assistance to inmate firefighters. The CDCR MERT personnel respond from the Sierra Training Center (TCU).

Order in the current ordering system of record as: MERT – Medical Emergency Response Team (California Only). Create and place a single overhead request for the team. If a higher level of medical care is needed document in special needs Medical Doctor or Physician's Assistant.

Reference CAL FIRE Handbook 8100, policy 8141 procedure 8141-65

Retrograde Team – CAL FIRE

Upon the closure of an incident, excess items purchased through the emergency fund shall be retrograded (i.e. inventoried, documented, credited) to the incident and charged off to the appropriate account(s).

The incident will order a retrograde team 72 hours before the anticipated incident closure. The team will be requested to arrive at least 48 hours before the anticipated closure of the incident base.

A retrograde team will consist of a minimum of 3 personnel: a retrograde team leader, a representative from the host Unit (Fire Logistics Officer) and one representative from the incident (Logistics Section Chief).

Order in the current ordering system of record as: individual overhead requests. At least one request will be for a Retrograde Team Leader (RETG) and placed to the GACC. Additional requests may be made by the team leader for Retrograde Team Members (RETT).

Reference CAL FIRE Handbook 7500, section 7585.

Rapid Extraction Support Module (REMS)

A pre-staged rescue team assigned to provide firefighters safe egress off the fireline in the event of an injury/illness during firefighting operations.

Order in the current ordering system of record under Overhead, REMS - Module, Rapid Extraction Support (California Only). Under Special Needs add documentation.

"Reference REMS identification in FIRESCOPE ICS -223". Under Configuration Option choose Catalog Item with Configuration.

Reference the FIRESCOPE website for more information.

Situation Awareness and Collaboration Tool (SCOUT) – State

The California Governor's Office of Emergency Services (Cal OES) in association with the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection (CAL FIRE) is implementing Next Generation (NG or Nex-Gen) SCOUT (Situation Awareness and Collaboration Tool). This tool provides the California first responder community, emergency response coordinators, and other supporting agencies with a web-based tactical and operational response platform to assist in communication, coordination, and collaboration.

https://iam.ngscout.org/login?redirect_uri=https%3A%2F%2Fportal.ngscout.nga911.com%2Fauth%2Fbrokerlogin&response_type=code&client_id=Portal&scope=offline_access

NG SCOUT Training Registration (smartsheet.com)

Order in the current ordering system of record as individual overhead requests. Decision Support System Advisor (DSSA) and 2 Decision Support System Technical Specialists (DSTS). Can be scaled up or down to fit needs of the incident.

Suppression/Fuels Modules - Federal

California discourages breaking up organized crews into small groups for suppression use. However, Type 2IA crews can be ordered and are structured to be broken into squads for initial attack. If Type 2IA crews are not available, suppression modules may also be ordered for this purpose. Suppression modules will be ordered as an Overhead SMOD – Module, Suppression. The minimum standards for a Suppression Module, reference the current Interagency Standards for Fire and Fire Aviation Operations (nifc.gov)

California exception for overhead configuration minimum would require one SRB and one FF1 or equivalent. In some cases, it may be appropriate to send an engine with the suppression module. Local procedures may require that local sources of engines be exhausted before moving engines across zone or GACC boundaries. Check with the requesting dispatch before dispatching an engine with the suppression module.

Wildland Fire Modules (WFM)- Federal

The primary mission and priority for these modules is to provide skilled and mobile personnel to assist with prescribed fires in the areas of planning, fire behavior monitoring, ignition, and holding. Secondary priorities (in order) include support of prescribed burn unit preparation, assistance with fire effects plot work, and support of mechanical hazard fuel reduction projects. Some agency restrictions exist for fuels related work.

WFM's are highly skilled and versatile fire crews with a primary commitment to maintain fire's role as a natural ecological process. They provide technical and ecological based expertise in the areas of long-term planning, ignitions, holding, suppression, prescribed fire preparation and implementation support, hazard fuels reduction, and fire effects monitoring. WFMs provide an innovative, safe, highly mobile, logistically independent, and versatile fire module for wildland fire management and incident operations.

As a national interagency resource, the modules are available nationally throughout the fire season. Each module is comprised of a module leader, assistant leader, three to five module members, and a detailer during the primary burning season.

Forest Service has Wildland Fire Modules on the Stanislaus NF, Klamath NF, Sequoia NF, Six Rivers NF, Lassen NF, and Inyo NF. NPS has Wildland Fire Modules on the Whiskeytown NRA, Sequoia-Kings NP and Yosemite NP. These modules are ordered in the current ordering system of record as: WFM2 or WFM1 Module, Wildland Fire.

NPS: Modules are available for large fire support with concurrence from the Regional WFM Coordinator, John Goss, 559-908-6526, john_goss@nps.gov.

Watershed Emergency Response Teams (WERT) – CAL FIRE

The primary goal is to avoid or reduce the risk posed by post-fire hazards downslope or downstream of burn areas (life, safety, and property). This includes the following steps:

- Determine soil burn severity (requires a Burned Area Reflection Classification (BARC) map)
- Identify values at risk.
- Identify, model and classify hazards.
- Develop emergency protective measures.
- Communicate findings.

Note: WERT personnel will help support the Unit in communication with stakeholders and other cooperators.

Criteria for ordering (Note: Most fires do not qualify for a WERT):

- The presence of life-safety-related values at risk (VAR) (e.g., homes, businesses, schools, hospitals, other infrastructure) downslope and/or downstream of steep hillslopes and catchments burned at moderate to high soil burn severity.
- Significant likelihood of debris flow and flooding hazards based on soil burn severity, geology, topography, and likely rainfall rates.
- Historical occurrence of debris flows and flooding during burned and/or unburned conditions.
- Transportation networks (e.g., highways, rail lines), water supply systems, power generating plants and conveyance systems, campground/resorts, parks and hiking trails, and other high value sites expected to be at risk due to post-fire debris flows and/or flooding.
- A high percentage of State Responsibility Area (SRA) included in the fire area.

A WERT is ordered through the incident as name requests and placed to the GACC.

- WERT staffing can vary depending on available staff and size of the incident.
- Staffing may be a combination of the following: CAL FIRE, CGS, DWR/RWQCB, GIS and trainees.
- The WERT team will need a BARC map prior to engaging on the landscape.

California Medical Assistance Team (CAL MAT) – CAL FIRE

The California Medical Assistance Team (CAL MAT), activated through a Call-When-Needed (CWN) agreement with the California Emergency Medical Service Authority (EMSA), is a group of medical personnel designed to provide assistance and equipment. CAL MAT will provide the necessary personnel and equipment through direct request by CAL FIRE for incidents with a large number of personnel and an extended duration. The CAL MAT will be available to respond within 10 hours of notification and will be self-sufficient for the first 72 hrs of deployment. Initial deployment for wildland fires consist of a minimum of five personnel which includes one Medical Doctor (MD), a Physician Assistant (PA) or a Nurse Practitioner (NP); one Registered Nurse (RN); one Paramedic (EMT-P); one Emergency Medical Technician (EMT) and an additional Advanced Life Support (ALS) provider (e.g., RN, EMT-P). CAL MAT personnel may be added or subtracted at the request of CAL FIRE as the incident dictates. The CAL MAT will work under the direction of the incident's Medical Unit Leader.

Reference CAL FIRE Handbook 8100, policy 8141 procedure 8141-66

2023 CALIFORNIA TYPE 1 FEDERAL Team Rotation

This rotation begins at 0001 hrs Wednesday and ends at 2400 hrs on Tuesday Team* - Indicates team is hosted by NOPS, Team** - Team 1 unavailable as of 08/02/2023

	Team 1	**		Team	2	Team 4*		Team 5*		
ICT1	TBD		J	ohnny, N	ickie	Opliger, Rocky		Mueller, Dustin		
DPIC	TBD			Coots, Cu	ırtis	Nobles, Mike		Joseph, Carlton		
D	ate	2 hr	<u>8 hr</u>	24 hr		Date	2 hr	<u>8 hr</u>	24 hr	
01/04	01/10	1	2	4	08/16	08/22	5	2	4	
01/11	01/17	2	4	5	08/23	08/29	5	2	4	
01/18	01/24	4	5	1	08/30	09/05	2	4	5	
01/25	01/31	5	1	2	09/06	09/12	2	4	5	
02/01	02/07	1	2	4	09/13	09/19	4	5	2	
02/08	02/14	2	4	5	09/20	09/26	4	5	2	
02/15	02/21	4	5	1	09/27	10/03	5	2	4	
02/22	02/28	5	1	2	10/04	10/10	5	2	4	
03/01	03/07	1	2	4	10/11	10/17	2	4	5	
03/08	03/14	2	4	5	10/18	10/24	2	4	5	
03/15	03/21	4	5	1	10/25	10/31	4	5	2	
03/22	03/28	5	1	2	11/01	11/07	4	5	2	
03/29	04/04	1	2	4	11/08	11/14	5	2	4	
04/05	04/11	2	4	5	11/15	11/21	5	2	4	
04/12	04/18	4	5	1	11/22	11/28	2	4	5	
04/19	04/25	5	1	2	11/29	12/05	2	4	5	
04/26	05/02	1	2	4	12/06	12/12	4	5	2	
05/03	05/09	2	4	5	12/13	12/19	4	5	2	
05/10	05/16	4	5	1	12/20	12/26	5	2	4	
05/17	05/23	5	1	2	12/27/23	01/02/24	5	2	4	
05/24	05/30	1	2	4	01/03	01/09	2	4	5	
05/31	06/06	2	4	5	01/10	01/16	2	4	5	
06/07	06/13	4	5	1	01/17	01/23	4	5	2	
06/14	06/20	5	1	2	01/24	01/30	4	5	2	
06/21	06/27	1	2	4	01/31	02/06	5	2	4	
06/28	07/04	2	4	5	02/07	02/13	5	2	4	
07/05	07/11	4	5	1	02/14	02/20	2	4	5	
07/12	07/18	5	1	2	02/21	02/27	2	4	5	
07/19	07/25	1	2	4	02/28	03/05	4	5	2	
07/26	08/01	2	4	5	03/06	03/12	4	5	2	
08/02	08/08	4	5	2	03/13	03/19	5	2	4	
08/09	08/15	4	5	2	03/20	03/26	5	2	4	

Rotation for Type 2 IMT

When a team "On-Call/2 Hour" is not available due to being assigned, or is unavailable, the next team on the rotation moves up to the "On-Call" position for the remainder of the current on-call period and all additional periods until their own on-call period has expired, unless the on call team becomes available and is put back in their normal scheduled rotation.

When a team has had an assignment, they maintain their place in the rotation. Unlike the national rotation, teams will no longer have to wait for all other teams to get an assignment. (Referred to by the Type 2 ICs as "luck of the draw").

GACC Intel will update "News and Notes" as soon as possible and keep rotation information consistent on both GACC websites.

GACCs will have final decision on management of all IMT assignments and deviation from the rotation based on commitments, PL levels, specific NICC requests, and based on team availability.

2023 CALIFORNIA TYPE 2 FEDERAL Team Rotation

This rotation begins at 0001 hrs Wednesday and ends at 2400 hrs on Tuesday *Team* - Indicates team is hosted by NOPS*

2023 CAL FIRE Incident Management Teams

	Team 10*	Team 11	Team 12*	Team 13	Team 14	Team 15	Team 16
ICT2	Mack, Todd	Fogle, Chris	Aragon, James	Wakoski, Mike	Snow, James	Clemo, Tom	Goss, John
DPIC	Fike, Tim	Walker, Norm	Taylor, Alan	Boehm, Josh	Strawhun, Mike	Lucas, Jon	McGowan, Jerry

D:	ate	2 hr	8 hr	24 hr	Da	<u>te</u>	<u>2 hr</u>	<u>8 hr</u>	24 hr
01/04	01/10	14	15	10	08/16	08/22	10	11	12
01/11	01/17	15	10	11	08/23	08/29	11	12	13
01/18	01/24	10	11	12	08/30	09/05	12	13	14
01/25	01/31	11	12	13	09/06	09/12	13	14	15
02/01	02/07	12	13	14	09/13	09/19	14	15	16
02/08	02/14	13	14	15	09/20	09/26	15	16	10
02/15	02/21	14	15	10	09/27	10/03	16	10	11
02/22	02/28	15	10	11	10/04	10/10	10	11	12
03/01	03/07	10	11	12	10/11	10/17	11	12	13
03/08	03/14	11	12	13	10/18	10/24	12	13	14
03/15	03/21	12	13	14	10/25	10/31	13	14	15
03/22	03/28	13	14	15	11/01	11/07	14	15	16
03/29	04/04	14	15	10	11/08	11/14	15	16	10
04/05	04/11	15	10	11	11/15	11/21	16	10	11
04/12	04/18	10	11	12	11/22	11/28	10	11	12
04/19	04/25	11	12	13	11/29	12/05	11	12	13
04/26	05/02	12	13	14	12/06	12/12	12	13	14
05/03	05/09	13	14	15	12/13	12/19	13	14	15
05/10	05/16	14	15	10	12/20	12/26	14	15	16
05/17	05/23	15	10	11	12/27/23	01/02/24	15	16	10
05/24	05/30	10	11	12	01/03	01/09	16	10	11

05/31	06/06	11	12	13	01/10	01/16	10	11	12
06/07	06/13	12	13	14	01/17	01/23	11	12	13
06/14	06/20	13	14	15	01/24	01/30	12	13	14
06/21	06/27	14	15	10	01/31	02/06	13	14	15
06/28	07/04	15	10	11	02/07	02/13	14	15	16
07/05	07/11	10	11	12	02/14	02/20	15	16	10
07/12	07/18	11	12	13	02/21	02/27	16	10	11
07/19	07/25	12	13	14	02/28	03/05	10	11	12
07/26	08/01	13	14	15	03/06	03/12	11	12	13
08/02	08/08	14	15	10	03/13	03/19	12	13	14
08/09	08/15	15	10	11	03/20	03/26	13	14	15



2023 IMT SCHEDULE 👺



IMT 1

Trindade/ Smith

IMT 2

Carter/ Janssen IMT 3

See/ Bohall IMT 4

Martin/ Wood

IMT 5

Hopkins/ Hudson

IMT 6

Veik/ Magana

	JANUARY										
	S	M	T	W	T	F	S				
1		2	3	4	5	6	7				
8	}	9	10	11	12	13	14				
1	5	16	17	18	19	20	21				
2	22	23	24	25	26	27	28				
2	9	30	31								

	FEBRUARY									
S	S M T W T F S									
			1	2	3	4				
5	6	7	8	9	10	11				
12	13	14	15	16	17	18				
19	20	21	22	23	24	25				
26	27	28								

		- 1	MARCI	1		
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	-11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	

APRIL										
S M T W T F S										
						1				
2	3	4	5	6	7	8				
9	10	11	12	13	1.4	15				
16	17	18	19	20	21	22				
23	24	25	26	27	28	29				
30										

	MAY					
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	-11	12	13
1.4	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31			

JUNE						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29	30	

JULY						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
						1
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	-11	12	13	1.4	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31					

	AUGUST					
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	00	9	10	-11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

	SEPTEMBER					
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	-11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30

OCTOBER						
s	M	T	W	T	F	S
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31				

NOVEMBER						
S	M	T	W	T	F	S
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	1.4	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30		

ı	DECEMBER						
ı	DECEMBER						
	S	M	T	W	Т	F	S
						1	2
	3	4	5	6	7	00	9
	10	-11	12	13	14	15	16
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
	31						

This page is intentionally left blank

Chapter 30 - Crews

California Conservation Corps (CCC)

CCC Support and Type 2 crews are available for assignments nationwide. Support crews can be utilized for a wide variety of incident support activities not requiring direct supervision such as traffic control, runners, equipment set-up, waste management, etc.

CCC Type 2 crews are fully equipped, and the crew supervisors are federally qualified Crew Bosses. CCC Type 2 crews will be available through their local Unit or through the CCC Duty Officer. All calls for Support crew assistance go directly to the CCC Duty Officer. The CCC Duty Officer will secure the closest available resource for the assignment.

CCC Type 1 crews are CAL FIRE Type 1 crews and shall be ordered in the current ordering system of record as: CRW1 - Fire Crew, Crew, T1.

Unit and/or GACC:

When ordering Support crews contact CCC Duty Officer 24-hour contact number at 916-599-1415 and leave a message. If no answer within 2 hours, call CCC Emergency Manager at 916-698-4685 or 916-764-9922 (cell).

For CCC Support crews, order in the current ordering system of record as: CRWC – Non-Fire Crew - Camp

For CCC Type 2 crews, order in the current ordering system of record as: CRW2 - Fire Crew, Crew, T2.

When two or more CCC crews are ordered, the CCC may request an Agency Representative to assist the crews while on assignment. CCC crews can be ordered 24 hours per day but do not respond to incidents between 2200-0600 hours due to safety, driving, and union concerns.

Once fill information is provided by the CCC Duty Officer, the Host Unit or GACC will fill the crew and overhead request using Contract Agreement Tab in the current ordering system of record. If there is a new assignment for a CCC support or type 2 crew, they should be released from the first assignment, and then filled by the new requesting unit/forest under the Contract Agreement Tab in the current ordering system of record.

CAL FIRE

Type 1

CAL FIRE fire crews are comprised of two types of crew members, custodial and non-custodial. Non-custodial Crews are staffed with CAL FIRE firefighters, CCC, or CMD and have less restrictions than custodial crews. Custodial crews are comprised of CDCR inmates and Department of Juvenile Justice wards. Custodial firefighters require supervision during off-shift periods and are limited to incidents within the confines of California. Reciprocal agreements have been made with the State of Nevada, allowing these crews to respond to wildland fires threatening the State of California up to 25 air miles within the Nevada border. They are trained for wildland firefighting and, in some cases, for Urban Search and Rescue missions.

CAL FIRE may require that all CAL FIRE crews be ordered in Strike Team configuration when responding to incidents outside their home Unit.

The CAL FIRE crew will consist of 12-17 crew firefighters and one (1) Fire Captain. With adult inmate CAL FIRE crews, California Department of Corrections & Rehabilitation (CDCR) custodial personnel will accompany the crews to provide off-shift supervision. For youth ward CAL FIRE crews, California Department of Juvenile Justice (DJJ) counselors will accompany the crews to provide off-shift supervision. Custodial coverage will be arranged and dispatched by the sending CAL FIRE Camp. Technical Specialists Crews (THSC) will be ordered when the number of crews assigned to an incident reaches seven (7), and the fire is expected to actively burn into the next burning period. This number will remain flexible to meet special needs; such as duration of incident, complexity of incident, or custodial problems.

For logistical considerations CAL FIRE utilizes male, female, and youth inmate crews and must be housed separately. The female crews are from Puerta La Cruz camp. The youth crew is from Pine Grove camp. In addition, Los Angeles County male and female inmate crews fall under CDCR and are used statewide.

CAL FIRE crews are ordered in the current ordering system of record as: CRW1 - Fire Crew, Crew, T1.

If a CDCR Agency Representative has not been ordered, once the crews and custodial personnel are on the incident the senior custodial officer will request an order/request number for a CDCR Agency Representative through the Incident Commander. The senior custodial officer will notify his/her agency of the requirement for a CDCR Agency Representative and will take the responsibility for making direct contact with the individual to fill the order/request. The CDCR Agency Representative will be requested from the unit where the fire is located and will be filled with agreement in the current ordering system of record by the host Unit. Reference CALFIRE Handbook 8100, procedure 8141-64.

Federal

Annually, each Unit will provide their respective GACC a list of the crews administered by their Unit. All crews will consist of 20 members. When crews are mobilized to an incident, the minimum crew strength will be 18 members. When any combination of crews numbering four or more are committed to an incident out of State, an Interagency Resource Representative (IARR) may be assigned by the GACC.

NWCG Minimum Crew Standards for National Mobilization, reference the National Interagency Mobilization Guide, Chapter 30.

Type 1 Hotshot

Hotshot Crews must meet the minimum National Type 1 Crew standards. Crew listing is available at <u>Interagency</u> Hotshot Crews (IHC) | US Forest Service (usda.gov)

The GACC will coordinate all movement of these Crews. Units may commit their Type I Federal Crews to initial attack incidents in the Unit. Response to cooperators' requests for Assistance by Hire in the immediate vicinity of the mutual threat area can be initiated by the Units. Both above actions will be followed by immediate notification to the GACC of resource commitment.

When Type 1 federal crews are flown to an incident, it may be necessary or requested by the ordering GACC for arrangements to be made to follow up with crew vehicles, when the home Unit or GACC can provide drivers. Sending GACCs have the responsibility to coordinate and arrange for transportation of these vehicles. Efforts will be coordinated with the home Unit and local GACC for overhead that are enroute to the same incident and could benefit from the transportation. The home Unit will arrange for transportation to the incident for crew members not initially mobilized. This practice is not intended for crew or module members other than Type 1 Crews.

Ordered in the current ordering system of record as: CRW1 - Fire Crew, Crew, T1

CA IHC Out of Region Assignment Guidelines

NOPS Crews https://gacc.nifc.gov/oncc/crews.php
SOPS Crews https://gacc.nifc.gov/oscc/crews.php

Interagency Hotshot Crews as Type 2 IA, Type 2, or Suppression Modules

When Interagency Hotshot crews fall below the level identified in the Interagency Standards for Fire and Fire Aviation Operations they may still be dispatched as a T2IA, T2 Crew, or Suppression Module provided they meet the standards for the lesser qualification. Naming conventions for these crews will be as follows:

Example: CR2I – Fire Crew – Crew, T2 IA Del Rosa IHC

Example: SMOD - Groups - Module, Suppression - Big Bear IHC

Smokejumpers

A 40 person Smokejumper crew is based at the Northern California Service Center in Redding. Smokejumpers can be utilized as a Type 2IA Crew. Approximately 30% of the crew is Crew Boss rated and most Smokejumper supervisors hold Division Supervisor ratings. At least 50% of the Smokejumpers are qualified Class C Timber Fallers and the entire crew is trained in the use of cross-cut saws. Approximately 90% of smokejumpers are certified as EMR, EMT, or above, with some receiving additional training on the use and administration of epinephrine and IV fluids, for use on Forest Service and fireline personnel.

Type 2 Initial Attack (Type 2 IA)

Type 2 IA Crews can initial attack fires, be broken up into squads, and perform firing operations.

Type 2 Regular

Regular Crews that do not meet the criteria of a Type 1 Crew as outlined in the ICS 420-1, Resource Designation List. Regular Crews are formed as needed. They are comprised of Unit employees normally assigned to various disciplines on the Unit. Regular Crews are Unit resources and are considered part of the national mobility concept. GACCs will coordinate movement of these crews.

Ordered in the current ordering system of record as: CRW2 – Fire Crew, T2

Type 2 Organization

Organized Crews (OC) are emergency firefighting employees. Crew members must meet the same training and physical standards established for other Unit crews. Organized Crews are sponsored or contracted by various Units. Sponsoring Units are responsible for training, outfitting, mobilizing, and paying the crews. Organized Crews are Unit resources but are considered part of the national mobility concept. GACCs will coordinate movement of the crews. Organized agency Type 2 IA crews attempting to transport chain saws on other than NIFC contract jets should be prepared to ship their chain saws via an alternative method should loading be refused.

Each hand crew will have the standard configuration for supervision as Regular Crews. This consists of a Unit Crew Supervisor and three Squad Bosses. These supervisory positions may be filled with agency personnel or Administratively Hired (AD) personnel who meet all the NWCG 310-1 and Forest Service standards for each position.

A Crew Representative may be assigned if the Crew Supervisor does not meet Crew Representative standards specified in Chapter 20 of FSH 5109.17 Wildland Fire Qualifications Guide. If an AD Crew Supervisor is used, a Crew Representative will be dispatched with the Organized Crew. A single Crew Representative may be assigned to one or more Organized Crews. The total makeup of the crew will meet National Standards of 20 people per crew.

Ordered in the current ordering system of record as: CRW2 – Fire Crew, T2

Crews Flying Commercially

Crews attempting to transport chain saws on other than NIFC contract jets should be prepared to ship their chain saws via an alternative method should loading be refused. Organized Type 2 IA and Type 2 Crews may come equipped with hand tools and chain saws.

Organized Camp Crews

Order in the current ordering system of record as: CRWC - Crew, Camp.

This page is intentionally left blank

Chapter 40 – Supplies and Equipment

National Interagency Incident Support Caches

California operates two National Interagency Incident Support Caches as part of the National Fire Equipment System (NFES). The Northern California Interagency Support Cache (NCK) is located in Redding, CA; the Southern California Interagency Support Cache (LSK) is located in Ontario, CA. These caches serve the supply needs of incidents in the Geographical Area Coordination Centers, including supplies required for project activities when not in conflict with incident activity. Both caches stock National and Regional "NFES" items.

The caches stock three types of goods; Consumable, Durable and Property. All three of these types of goods are considered accountable.

- <u>Consumable items</u> are intended to be consumed at an incident, with life expectancy not to exceed one incident, if used (example: batteries).
- <u>Durable items</u> have a life expectancy of more than one incident, or use (examples: sleeping bags, fire hose).
- <u>Property items</u> are items with a purchase price greater than \$5,000 or sensitive items valued less than \$5,000. Property items are expected to be returned to the cache without exception. If a Property Numbered item is not returned, the cache will forward a Transfer of Property form to the Unit where the incident is located and procure for replacement of the unreturned item (examples: Regional RAWS and pumps).

Kits have been established to provide a collection of related articles, pre-assembled to accomplish specific functions. There are over 40 national kits with an additional six specific to California. National kits have a standard configuration throughout all of the caches in the nation. Contents of all kits may be found in the NWCG NFES Catalog - Part 1: Fire Supplies and Equipment, PMS 449-1 | NWCG. All supplies or equipment furnished to incidents will be considered "on loan" and should be returned as soon as practical with the exception of consumable items.

Ordering

Interagency Cache Business System (ICBS) is the current ordering system of record interface. This interface allows the current ordering system of record users to enter Supply (S) number requests to be sent to the cache direct for processing and filling. The cache, via ICBS is allowed to input S numbers for supply orders that go directly to the cache without the request being created in the current ordering system of record. These S numbers must be assigned by the incident and be between 100000 - 199999. This interface also allows the current ordering system of record users to see fill information for all S numbers that the cache has filled, no matter which way the requests were initiated.

Except for Limited Resource items, each Fire Cache will accept and process incident resource orders directly from Units within their area of influence once the incident is created in the current ordering system of record.

Cache orders from any Unit will require one incident request number per line item assigned by the ordering Unit.

Once an incident is established, contact the local cache to establish an ordering schedule.

The NFES Numbers and the established "unit of issue" associated with each NFES item are mandatory parts of any order placed with the caches. When placing orders through the cache, it is always necessary to provide the NFES number, corresponding "unit of issue", quantity requested, and a written description of the item.

For NFES numbers, descriptions, and "unit of issue" reference the National Fire Equipment System Catalog - Parts 1 and 2 PMS 449 NFES 0362 at: NFES Catalogs | NWCG

Abnormal Quantities

Any order exceeding 25% of the established cache stocking level for an item is subject to verification by the Assistant Director, GACC Center Manager, Incident Commander, or Logistics Chief.

Mobile Cache Vans

Mobile cache vans provide the preliminary supply essentials to establish an incident base. For this reason, it is expected that one mobile cache should suffice per incident. Each mobile cache contains supplies to support 150 people working and 150 people sleeping, housed in a semitrailer. All mobile cache vans are sealed and are intended to be utilized as a complete unit. Component items may be ordered separately. For any mobile cache van ordered, provide the federal financial code, Incident Logistics contact name, phone number, and delivery location in the current ordering system of record. Once the mobile cache van is delivered the receiving Incident is responsible for the cost and accountability of the cache items.

Many mobile cache vans are pre-positioned on host Units. Regardless of location cache vans will be ordered through the GACC. Once the resource order is filled, the cache will start the nearest cache van to the location. The use of a local mobile cache van must be documented with an S number on an incident resource order and the request placed to the respective GACC. The GACC will then place the request with the cache. It is the responsibility of the host Unit to provide transportation of the van.

CAL FIRE has developed a CAL FIRE specific mobile cache to better meet the needs of CAL FIRE incidents. These contain supplies to support 150 people working and 150 people sleeping. These are available from the cache and ordered through the GACC. See Catalog Inventory for NFES 8744 under Equipment and Supplies.

Mobile cache vans are to be returned to their respective cache after use. Mobile Cache Trailers must be returned to the respective cache within five days.

Federal Mobile Cache Vans are ordered in the current ordering system of record as: 008646 – KIT – MOBILE CACHE SUPPORT VAN (NCK SPECIFIC) or 008640 – KIT – MOBILE CACHE SUPPORT VAN (LSK SPECIFIC)

CAL FIRE Mobile Cache Vans are ordered in the current ordering system of record as: 008744 – KIT – MOBILE CACHE SUPPORT VAN (CAL FIRE SPECIFIC)

Federal Mobile caches are pre-positioned at each Geographic Area Cache and the following locations:

	Northern CA	<u>S</u>	outhern CA
SRF	Salyer	SNF	North Fork
LNF	Susanville	SQF	Porterville
PNF	Quincy	SQF	Kernville
LNU	Konocti	LPF	King City
ENF	Placerville	LPF	Los Prietos
KNF	Yreka (2)	INF	Bishop
MDF	Canby	CNF	Goose Valley
		STF	Sonora

CAL FIRE has one mobile cache van prepositioned in Redding (NCK) and one in Ontario (LSK).

Demobilization

All supplies demobilized from an incident will be documented on an OF-316 Interagency Incident Waybill, NFES 1472, one per shipment. Any supplies being retained on an incident during the demobilization process will be documented on a waybill and forwarded to the cache.

To facilitate the return process, used (Not Ready for Issue) and unused (Ready for Issue), supplies being demobilized back to the cache will be divided, packaged, and packed separately. The caches will only accept. rolled hose.

Sensitive or Property Numbered items requiring reconditioning prior to reissue from a cache will be returned when no longer required. Seal numbers securing the shipping containers for these items will be documented on Incident Waybills. Seals are mandatory when transporting Sensitive items to or from the caches, i.e., radios and computer equipment. An AD-112 will be prepared for any property items lost, stolen, or found to be unserviceable. Each cache requires immediate notification when Property Numbered items are involved. Contact the cache with intended demobilization plans.

Replacement orders received 45 days after the closing process will not be filled. Upon incident closure, a Loss/Use Tolerance Report will be generated for all Type 1 and 2 incidents supported by the Geographic Area Caches. This is a comprehensive report, displaying totals of Loss/Use rates for all Consumable and Durable items issued from the caches. Total percentages above or below the nationally accepted standard are also displayed. This report is forwarded to the agency administrator hosting the incident. For Non-Federal incidents, the jurisdictional agency will receive an invoice for any outstanding inventory based on the Loss/Use Tolerance Report.

The following percentages have been assigned nationally for fire loss performance threshold levels:

Fire Loss Category	Performance Thresholds
Accountable Property	10%
Durable Items	10%
Sensitive Property	10%
Trackable Property	10%
Consumable Goods	65%

Replacement Orders

Whenever possible, replacement orders are to be filled from stock on hand in Supply at the incident. If replacement orders are unable to be filled at the incident, their home Unit will place the order to the cache within 45 days of closing the incident. Incident Replacement Requisition, OF-315, (NFES 1300) will be used when placing replacement orders to the cache.

Incident Replacement Requisitions from Type 1 or Type 2 incidents must be authorized by the Supply Unit Leader or other appropriate position. If received at the cache unauthorized, the requisition will be returned to the incident for authorization.

Incident Replacement Requisitions from Type 1 or Type 2 incidents can be sent to the cache, the S numbers must be assigned by incident and be between 100000 - 199999. S numbers will be input in ICBS and sent to the current ordering system of record via the interface. Incident Replacement Requisitions from individual resources will be created by the ECC in the current ordering system of record and sent to the cache via ICBS. Replacement Requisitions require incident request numbers to be included as a continuation of the incident documentation process.

Recycling

The recycling of plastics, cardboard, etc., is highly recommended and is the responsibility of an incident to process. The North Zone Caches now accept a number of items through a new recycling program. Please contact the cache for additional details.

- Cardboard
- Batteries
- Heavy Plastics
- Fire Shelters
- Nomex Jeans and Shirts
- Sleeping Bags

- Fire Hose
- Sleeping Pads
- Ice Chests
- Cargo Nets
- Tent Flys'
- Plastic Shrink Wrap/ Plastic Strapping

Some additional items are accepted upon request; contact the cache for more details. Recyclables can be palletized and sent back to the cache. In addition, battery barrels and collapsible collection bins are distributed on cache vans and can be requested through the main office of the fire cache when placing an order. When barrels, bins, or pallets are full, attach a copy of the salvage log to the waybill and ship back to the fire cache. When pick up is requested a new barrel or bin will be brought for replacement.

Hazardous Materials - Ordering and Shipping

Hazardous materials are identified by definition in the Department of Transportation (DOT) Emergency Response Guidebook. Hazardous materials are: Any substance or material, which has been determined by the Secretary of Transportation to be capable of posing an unreasonable risk to health, safety or property when transported in commerce, and which have been so designated. The definition includes hazardous substances, hazardous waste, marine pollutants, and elevated temperature materials as defined in 49 CFR, part 106 to 180.

If storing an identified hazardous material, refer to the <u>DOT Emergency Response Guidebook</u>. The guidebook lists all hazardous materials, and in the event of an accident explains precautions and actions to take.

If intending to ship the material by highway, the material and its quantity will determine how the item is to be packaged, documented, and shipped.

* The following directions apply to all hazardous material shipping documents:

- Shipping documents must contain the shipper's name and address, as well as the destination name and address. "Hazardous materials" must be entered as the first line item on a shipping document or be printed in a different color.
- Hazardous materials must be listed by their proper shipping name, hazard class, ID number, and packaging group. No abbreviations.
- All hazardous material packages must be properly marked, labeled, and packaged. The total weight must be included.
- The following shipper's certification must be entered on each shipping document: "This is to certify that the above named materials are properly classified, described, packaged, marked and labeled, and are in proper condition for transportation according to the applicable regulations of the DOT."
- A 24 hour emergency response telephone number with someone available while the commodity is in transit will be listed.
- Emergency response information listed in the DOT Emergency Response Guidebook is also to be included.
- For questions regarding National Fire Equipment System (NFES) stocked hazardous materials, reference NWCG Standards For Transporting Fuel, PMS 442 or Hazardous Materials Haulback Guide

Hazardous Waste

Regulations for hazardous waste are directed by the State. The State in turn charges the counties with enforcing their regulations. Therefore, determining the disposition of hazardous waste depends greatly upon the jurisdiction you are in. In all States, the regulations which govern the generation, containment, storage, transportation and documentation of bio-hazardous waste are very specific and well enforced.

The use of red bio-hazardous waste bags are specifically regulated. When used, contents are to be documented immediately by the user, as the bag may not be re-opened under any circumstances. The bag may not be taken to a landfill until it has been properly treated. Caches do not have a method of disposal for bio-hazardous (medical waste) bags.

Under NO circumstances, will any California Cache accept used bio-hazard bags.

For more information visit: https://www.fmcsa.dot.gov/regulations/hazardous-materials/how-comply-federal-hazardous-materials-regulations

Communications

National Fire Radio Caches (NFRC)

A description of the equipment available from NIFC's National Interagency Incident Communication Department (NIICD) is located in the <u>2023 NIRSC User's Guide (nifc.gov)</u>. Request for NIICD systems will be through the GACC.

Ordered in the current ordering system of record as Supplies, with the appropriate NFES number, using the following procedure:

- 1. Ensure that the request has accurate Latitude/Longitude information.
- 2. In the Shipping Information block of the request, select Shipping Address from the drop down or enter Shipping Instructions.
- 3. In the Shipping Contact block of the request, identify the Shipping Contact and a phone number.
- 4. In the Incident Ordering Contact block of the request, identify the Communications Leader, specifying "on order" if not yet determined.
- 5. In the Special Needs block of the request, include the full "Bill to" information.
- 6. Specify if freight shipping is OK or if a charter aircraft is required to meet the needed date and time.

As kits are released from the incident, they are to be returned to NIICD at NIFC for refurbishment even if the seal is not broken. The receiving unit will check with the GACC before returning any NFRC system back to NIFC.

NFES 4670 – Satellite Phone Kit

Order in the current ordering system of record as: Supply, NFES Supplies, 004670 - Kit, Satellite Phone, Motorola

NFES 4390 – ICS Command Starter System

Order in the current ordering system of record and place to the appropriate GACC as: Supply, NFES Supplies, 004390 Kit - Starter System ICS Command/Logistics Radio System

NFES 4381 - HT Radio Kit

NFES 4381 kits are available from the National Interagency Radio Cache. Each kit contains 16 handheld radios configured with all USDA-FS and DOI tactical, command and national air frequencies. The radio manufacturer requested needs to be confirmed by the Communications Unit Leader and specified in the order in "Special Needs".

Order in the current ordering system of record as: Supply, NFES Supplies, 4381** – Kit – Command/Tac (NIRSC Only) King. **(4381K2 for KNG2-P150) (4381KD for DPHX) (4381KR for BKR-5000)

CAL FIRE HT Radio Cache

CAL FIRE has 40 HT Radio Caches. There are 20 located at CNR, 20 located at CSR (10 at CSR and 10 at FKU). Each kit contains 10 BK GPH Commander Portable Radios with antenna, clamshell, leather case and T-card. Batteries are included for all 10 radios. Each radio is programmed to current CAL FIRE statewide "Group 3" on Groups 16-25. Upon release from the incident, they will be returned to their respective Unit or GACC.

Order in the current ordering system of record and place to the appropriate GACC as: Supply, NON-NFES Supplies, KHTR – KIT, Cache, HT Radio.

The following information must be included in the current ordering system of record in Special Needs:

- Bill to information
- Ship to information include contact person with phone number
- Communications Unit Leader's name and phone number

A Federal Financial code (P-Code) is needed in the financial code box

CAL FIRE Portable Repeaters

CAL FIRE has portable command repeater kits available throughout the state. Each Unit and Mobile Communications Center (MCC) has a portable repeater available for use within their Unit. CAL FIRE Telecom has additional repeaters that can be ordered through the Sacramento Command Center. To ensure that appropriate equipment is filled, provide the ordering contact information in the request. Upon release from the incident, they are to be returned to their respective Unit.

For additional information contact CAL FIRE Telecom at (916) 327-8652

Order in the current ordering system of record as: Supply, NON-NFES Supplies, KCOM - Kit, Command Repeater

Frequencies

All requests for additional frequencies shall be ordered in the current ordering system of record using A numbers.

Activation of National Fire Radio Frequencies will be controlled and coordinated by the GACC due to the complexity of Incident radio usage.

For California Tones refer to the Appendix. Reference Chapter 50 for additional information on aviation frequencies.

CAL FIRE

All new frequency requests shall be placed in the current ordering system of record with a follow-up phone call to your respective GACC. For technical assistance you may contact the CAL FIRE Statewide Frequency Coordinator at 916-327-8652. There will be no change in frequencies without coordinating with the GACC.

Mobile Communication Units – All Agencies

Statewide there are mobile communication units available through CAL FIRE, CAL OES, and CA BLM. To check for availability, contact the GACC.

Order in the current ordering system of record as an Equipment request:

CAL FIRE order as: COM1 - Communications Unit, Mobile, T1

BLM order as: COM1 - Communications Unit, Mobile, T1

CAL OES order as: COM1 - Communications Unit, Mobile, T1

COM2 - Communications Unit, Mobile, T2

COM3 - Communications Unit, Mobile, T3

Remote Automated Weather Station (RAWS)

Federal

When a Unit requires additional RAWS units they should be ordered using the normal dispatch procedures. They are ordered on a Supply Request and have NFES numbers. Upon release from the incident, they are to be returned to NIFC. Contact the NIFC Remote Sensing/Fire Weather Support Unit RAWS Coordinator. Reference National Interagency Mobilization Guide Chapter 40 for additional information.

CAL FIRE

CAL FIRE currently has portable RAWS assigned to Units for use on State incidents. Request RAWS through the GACC. Upon release from the incident, they are to be returned to their respective Unit.

Ordered in the current ordering system of record as: Supply, NON-NFES Supplies, RAWP – RAWS, Portable. Reference the CAL FIRE Handbook 8100 procedure 8141-82.

Mobile Food Service

National Contract Mobile Food Service – Federal

When the determination is made that a contract mobile food service is needed in support of federal wildland fire activities in the United States, the Government is obligated to order services from National Mobile Food Service Unit (MFSU) Contractors (National Caterer) when at any time:

- The number of people to be fed is at or above 150 persons per meal, AND
- The headcount is estimated to remain at those numbers, or greater, for at least 72 hours from when the headcount first reaches 150 per meal.

If national incident activity is high and a National Mobile Food Service Unit is unavailable, cooperator units may be used. A second E number will be generated for cooperator unit (See next section, MKU/FDU). In such case, the cooperator is guaranteed a minimum 72 hours of work, even if a National unit becomes available before then. Cooperators include state managed kitchens.

For a complete listing of the Schedule of Items and Contract Specifications for the National Mobile Food Service Contract, reference the current National Mobile Food Services publication, NFES 1276. This information can also be found at the following website: https://www.fs.usda.gov/managing-land/fire/contracting

National Food Service units are ordered as an E number as MFSU - Food Service, Mobile in the current ordering system of record. All National Food Service unit orders are placed to the GACC and then forwarded to NICC. NICC will determine and assign the appropriate units to all federal wildland fire incidents.

Mobile Food Service requests must be completed and faxed to the GACC at the time of the current ordering system of record request. Refer to the Appendix page 179 for the link to the National Mobile Food Service/Shower Unit request form. All requests to reassign National Contract Mobile Food Service will be placed through established ordering channels to NICC. All reassignments of National Mobile Food Service will be done by NICC.

All release information will be documented in the current ordering system of record and relayed to NICC within 15 minutes. Contractors may take 24 hours to rest and replenish supplies within the local area after release. After 24 hours, contractors must return to the unit's designated dispatch point.

Mobile Kitchen Unit (MKU) and Food Dispensing Unit (FDU) – CAL FIRE

MKUs and FDUs are specialized resources and require certain support resources to facilitate their operations. Once a MKU/FDU is requested the goal is to get the resource to the incident by either the next morning or evening to feed the incident personnel.

Food Dispenser Units (FDU) - Food Dispenser Units or steam tables should be used, when available, when the number of meals to be served will not exceed the unit's capacity of 300 meals.

Mobile Kitchen Units (MKU) - When the needs of the incident exceed the capacity of the FDU, a FDU is not available, an incident base has been established, or an incident management team will be assigned, then MKUs will be used. CAL FIRE MKUs will be used first, followed by MKUs from cooperating agencies, and then rented MKUs with CAL FIRE kitchen crews.

Order in the current ordering system of record as an E number as: MFSU - Food Service, Mobile. In special needs, identify CAL FIRE MKU or CAL FIRE FDU, include Date and Time of first meal and number of persons to be served. The Unit ordering the MKU/FDU shall contact the camp supplying the MKU/FDU to determine which MKU Support Module (A, B, C, D) is required.

Reference the CAL FIRE Handbook 8100 procedure 8141-5.

If national incident activity is high and a National Mobile Food Service Unit is unavailable to federal Units, a CAL FIRE MKU may be used. In such cases, CAL FIRE is guaranteed a minimum of 72 hours of work, even if a National unit becomes available before then.

Northern CA				Southern CA	
AEU	Growlersburg	MKU/FDU	BDU	Prado	MKU
HUU	Eel River	MKU	BEU	Gabilan	MKU
HUU	High Rock	FDU	FKU	Miramonte	MKU
LMU	Antelope	MKU	RRU	Oak Glen	MKU/FDU
LNU	Konocti	MKU	SDU	Puerta La Cruz	FDU
SHU	Trinity River	MKU	SLU	Cuesta	MKU
TGU	Salt Creek	MKU/FDU	TCU	Vallecito	FDU

Mobile Shower Facilities

Federal

For a complete listing of the Schedule of Items and Contract Specifications for the National Mobile Shower Facilities Contract, refer to the current National Mobile Shower Facilities Contract publication, NFES 2729 at https://www.fs.usda.gov/managing-land/fire/contracting

National shower contractors may offer to bring other optional items such as hand-washing units and water tenders, in addition to the shower units. Incidents are not required to order or use these items from national contractors. Units should use local vendors to fill these needs when possible.

All requests to reassign National Contract Shower units will be placed through established ordering channels to NICC. All reassignments of National Shower units will be done by NICC. All release information will be documented on the resource order and relayed to NICC within 15 minutes. Contractors may take 24 hours to rest and replenish supplies within the local area after release. After 24 hours, contractors must return to the units' designated dispatch point.

National Mobile Shower Facilities are ordered as an E number and are called Shower, Mobile in the current ordering system of record. All National Mobile Shower Facilities orders are placed to the GACC and then to NICC. NICC will determine and assign the appropriate units to all federal wildland fire incidents.

The National Mobile Food Service/Shower Unit request form must be completed and faxed to the GACC. Refer to Appendix page 179 for the link to the form.

CAL FIRE

Requests for showers on CAL FIRE incidents will follow CAL FIRE Hired Equipment Guidelines. Refer to Hired Equipment in Chapter 40.

Mobile Saw Trailer - CAL FIRE

CAL FIRE has a Mobile Saw Trailer available from the Mt Bullion Camp, Madera Mariposa Unit. This trailer comes equipped with enough supplies (bars, chain, filters, parts, etc.) to support an incident for 5 days. The trailer is staffed with 1 Fire Captain, 1 CDCR Officer and 2 CDCR Inmates.

Order in the current ordering system of record as: Equipment, TRLR - Trailer. In Special Needs state Mt Bullion Saw Repair.

Hired Equipment

Forest Service Incidents – Contract/Hired Equipment (non-National Contract) Use the R-5 Expanded Dispatch Guide for VIPR, DPL, IBVPA, Incident Only/EERA https://gacc.nifc.gov/oncc/docs/2022/2022%20Expanded%20Dispatch%20Guide.pdf

For Incident Procurement and Fire Contract Clarification/Assistance, reference: http://www.fs.usda.gov/detail/r5/fire-aviation/management/?cid=stelprdb5303034

Each host dispatch center will give dispatch priority to the resource offering the greatest advantage to the Government before all other private resources not under Agreement with the following exceptions:

- For Immediate Need/Initial Attack, dispatchers will follow the "closest forces" concept and utilize locally available resources according to agency and incident needs.
- Tribal preference policy established within reservation jurisdiction.

CAL FIRE Incidents – Contract/Hired Equipment

The Sacramento Command Center will utilize the Hired Equipment Management System (HEMS) for immediate need and planned need fireline dozers and water tenders. Units will utilize HEMS to order additional incident support equipment. Reference CAL FIRE Handbook 10,000 and CAL FIRE Handbook 8100, Procedure 8141-2 and 8141-3.

Unified Command Incidents – Contract/Hired Equipment – State and Federal

The Agency mission will determine which Hired Equipment system will be used at unified command incidents.

This page is intentionally left blank

Chapter 50 – Aircraft

The paramount consideration for aircraft use in California is to conduct all operations safely and reduce risk exposure.

Aircraft Administration

Bureau of Land Management

The California State Aviation Manager (SAM) is located at the California State office. The State Aviation Manager provides guidance to two Unit Aviation Managers (UAM) located in Bakersfield and Susanville. These UAMs coordinate the daily fire, law enforcement and administrative aviation use in their geographical areas. All requests for incident support and administrative flights will be made through the Interagency Communication Centers identified in those geographic areas.

Geographic area communication centers are as follows.

- Northern California District (NOD) Susanville Interagency Fire Center (SIFC)
- Owens Valley District (OVD) Owens Valley Interagency Communication Center (OVICC)
- Central California District (CND) Central California Interagency Communications Center (CCCC)
- California Desert District (CDD) Federal Interagency Communications Center (SBCC)

Requests for administrative flights for the California State Office are requested and processed through the SAM in coordination with Northern California Geographic Area Coordination Center.

CAL FIRE

CAL FIRE Aviation is integrated within two organizational classifications: Aviation Management Unit (AMU) and Tactical Air Operations (TAO) are both under the direction of Fire Protection. Program responsibilities overlap in many areas; the following only serve to identify accountability:

AMU:

- Aviation Policy and Procedure
- Maintenance of both fixed and rotor wing aircraft
- Aviation Life Support Equipment (ALSE)
- Aviation Safety
- Management of aviation contract personnel
- Maintenance staff
- Fixed wing pilots
- Management of Call When Needed (CWN) and any Exclusive Use (EU) contracts

TAO:

- Command and Control
- Fire chemicals
- Base operations and standardization
- Aviation Training and Standards of CAL FIRE personnel Military Program Coordination
- Title 10 assets
- MAFFS
- California National Guard
- Operational technical assistance

Forest Service

The Regional Aviation Group (RAG) is divided into operational areas to better serve the Units in the region. All Units should direct requests for technical assistance to the office designated to serve them. There will be personnel at each location to assist the Units in all aspects of aviation. All requests for incident support and administrative flights will be made through the appropriate GACC. NOPS will be the dispatch point for the McClellan Office and Redding Aviation Units. SOPS will be the dispatch point for the Lancaster Aviation Units needing assistance should make requests to the dispatch office that serves them.

Designated Operational Areas and Units served are:

- Lancaster Aviation Unit ANF, BDF, CNF, INF, LPF, SQF, SNF, STF and OSC
- Redding Aviation Unit ENF, KNF, LNF, MDF, MNF, PNF, TMU, TNF, SHF, SRF and ONC

It is the responsibility of the Aviation Units to furnish the appropriate GACC, a duty schedule during the fire season for all pilots, inspectors and aircraft status.

Fire and Aviation Safety Teams (FAST) assist agency administrators during periods of high fire activity by assessing policy, rules, regulations, and management oversight relating to operational issues. For more information reference the National Interagency Mobilization Guide, Chapter 20.

Aviation Safety Assistance Teams (ASAT) enhance safe, efficient, and effective aviation operations. An ASAT provides assistance to Unit and Aviation Managers, flight crews, and Incident Management Teams for increasing, ongoing, or declining incident aviation activity. For more information reference the National Interagency Mobilization Guide, Chapter 20.

National Park Service

The National Park Service Aviation program is managed by the Regional Aviation Manager (RAM), locally at the Park level by the Fire Management Officer or Park Aviation Officer. In California, there are two National Park Service helicopters, one Type 2 Standard in Yosemite National Park and a Type 3 Standard in Sequoia and Kings Canyon National Park. The primary mission for these helicopters are wildland fire response and all hazard missions including short haul emergency extraction on a case by case basis. All requests should be routed through unit dispatch centers. Assignment length can be negotiated with the Park Fire Management Officer or Park Aviation Officer.

Federal Cooperator Aircraft Use

Cooperator aircraft to the Forest Service and Office of Aviation Services (OAS) (state contracted, state owned, state managed National Guard aircraft, county, city, or other) may be used on federal fires under the following conditions:

- The pilot and aircraft have been approved in writing for the mission by the Forest Service Regional Aviation Officer (RAO) or the DOI Western OAS office.
- A written Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), interagency agreements or other document that authorizes their use and payment.
- The cooperator aircraft will be operated within any limits on its use established in written approval.
- The cooperator aircraft will be used only in situations where federal aircraft are not available.
- The cooperator aircraft will be released when federal aircraft become available.

In the initial attack period, aircraft will be filled using the "closest resource concept". In the extended attack period, using cooperator-owned aircraft prior to exhausting contracted resources must involve a "significant and imminent threat to life or property".

Length of Assignment

All length of assignment rules apply to aviation resources personnel, including aircraft pilots (Notwithstanding the FAA and agency day off regulations). Contracted aircraft are not restricted by length of assignment. In order to limit disruption to operations, reduce strain on the ordering system, and reduce unnecessary mobilization and demobilization of these high-cost resources. Exclusive Use personnel are expected to utilize a personnel rotation schedule that meets staffing criteria required of the resource.

Aircraft Ordering Procedures

Initial Attack Ordering

The GACC will be notified of movement of all initial attack aircraft.

To expedite the closest available aircraft to initial attack fires, the Units will announce on the intercom when there is a status change of their Aircraft:

- Brought on early in the morning or down staffed for the evening
- Out of service mechanical and back in service
- Visibility conditions (smoke, fog, etc.)
- On a delay for any reason with expected time of delay

This procedure will increase the efficiency of the GACC to facilitate requests for aircraft, especially during lightning events and periods of increased initial attack activity.

"Closest resource concept" will be followed by all agencies for IA and is defined as: Regardless of the controlling agency, the agency resource that has the shortest distance to reach a predetermined incident location first will be dispatched. Established dispatch channels will be followed at all times. When multiple agency aircraft are available at a base, the agency specific aircraft will be dispatched to that agency's incident first. When an aircraft is on base and in the IA Zone of Influence, Units will order directly from the administering base, via the intercom for initial attack. Requests for the aircraft when the closest base is vacant will be ordered via intercom through the GACC.

The GACC will fill orders from the most appropriate source available. The most appropriate source will be determined on the basis of urgency, resource availability, delivery time, reasonable cost effectiveness, impact on other units, and consideration of the overall fire program.

The following information is required:

The GACCs are responsible for the strategic movement of aircraft throughout the state, as needs dictate. The CA Interagency Aircraft Dispatch script (FC 106/eFC 106) will be used by all Units ordering aviation resources. Refer to Appendix page 180.

- Incident Name
- Order number
- Location: Descriptive location; section, township, and range: latitude/longitude When giving latitude and longitude use the format of degrees, decimal minutes (DD mm.mm)
- IP (Initial Point): When applicable, include name, latitude/longitude and altitude.
- Air Tactics/Air to Air FM, repeater tone if applicable
- Victor/Air to Air AM
- Air to Ground FM, repeater tone if applicable
- Ground Tactics/FM
- Command Frequency/FM, repeater tone
- Request number
- Other Aircraft
- Hazards

Unless specified by Unit standard response plan, initial attack aircraft orders in the current ordering system of record should be ordered as:

- FWAA Fixed Wing, Air Tactical
- FWLP Fixed Wing, Leadplane
- FASM Fixed Wing, Aerial Supervision Module (ASM)
- ATTA Airtanker, Any Type
- HE1S Helicopter, Type 1, Standard (with crew) OR
- HE2S Helicopter, Type 2, Standard (with crew)
- HE1R Helicopter, Type 1, Restricted (no crew) OR
- HE2R Helicopter, Type2, Restricted (no crew)
- SMIA Load, Smokejumper, Initial Attack

Aircraft call signs and ETA's will be relayed at the time of departure from the base

Very Large Airtankers (VLATs) may be used on CAL FIRE incidents to augment Type 1, 2, and Type 3 Multiengine air tankers and not as a replacement.

Additional Aircraft Requests

Once the aircraft identified by the initial response plan have been committed, all additional requests will be placed with the GACC by ICS standard types. Additional aircraft ordered may not be the closest based on GACC operational needs.

All requests for agency initial attack or extended attack aircraft will be ordered through the GACC via the Intercom. The FC 106 script will be used to ensure all required information is conveyed in a standard format. A new FC 106 will be generated and read daily for each fire that goes into extended attack when one of the following criteria are met:

- Fixed-Wing aircraft assigned
- There is a change in frequencies
- There is a new request for aircraft

A new FC-106 is not required when there are no fixed wing assigned and there are no other changes to the incident.

Single Engine Airtankers (SEATs) may be used under the following conditions:

- Used as initial attack airtanker as long as it is the closest resource, and the pilot is IA qualified.
- If pilot is not IA rated aerial supervision must be present.
- Used with other airtankers only if a Lead Plane, Air Attack or ASM is present.
- If the request is filled with a DOI On-Call SEAT, SEMG or ATBM must be identified with contact information and documented in the Special Needs of the resource order block before NICC assigns a SEAT.
- On CAL FIRE incidents, may only be used to augment Type 1, 2 and Type 3 Multi-engine Airtankers and not as a replacement.

Airtanker Dispatch Rotation

When more airtankers are available at the base than originally requested or allotted for the incident, the Host Unit or air attack base can request rotational use of all available airtankers. The air attack base or unit will initiate the request for rotation and route it through the ECC and GACC for consideration.

At no time will additional rotation airtankers exceed the number of airtankers originally allotted to be flying on the incident.

Each airtanker assigned to the incident will be issued its own "A" request number.

For airtanker rotation, reference NWCG Standards for Airtanker Base Operations, PMS 508

Aircraft Diverts

Diverts

This divert policy applies to all incidents regardless of size. All agencies should utilize the closest available airtanker on a new incident.

No Divert

When the IC recognizes critical fire advances and has urgent need for continued air support for the direct and immediate threat to life of a firefighter or a civilian by the approaching fire front, the IC shall immediately contact their dispatch and request a "no divert" for a specified number of aircraft. The dispatch center will immediately relay the request to the appropriate GACC via intercom. It is necessary for the dispatch center to include in the transmission, the life threat and the specific number of tankers being requested in the no divert.

Example: "On the Salt Fire, requesting a "no divert" for two airtankers due to immediate life threat to firefighters and civilians."

The GACC will determine the number of tankers approved for the "no divert" based on the operational needs of the region/state.

The "no divert" status will be reevaluated every 30 minutes. When the "no divert" is no longer needed as determined by the IC, the IC will immediately advise the dispatch center and cancel the "no divert". The dispatch center will then contact the appropriate GACC over the intercom with the cancel.

Airspace Coordination

Fire Traffic Area (FTA)

FTA is the initial attack airspace structure over a wildland fire. For examples of FTA refer to the Appendix page 180 for a link to this information.

Temporary Flight Restrictions (TFR), FAR 91.137

Temporary airspace restrictions will be established when incident related Aviation activities present potential conflict with other Aviation activities. The FAA requires that latitude/longitude information for the TFR must be provided in degrees, minutes, and seconds, including reference to north latitude and west longitude. If seconds' information is not available, add two (2) zeros to the description. Do not use spaces, commas, or other symbols in the description. Example: ddmmssN/dddmmssW or 450700N/1175005W.

When requesting a polygon TFR the corner points should be listed in a clockwise sequence starting with the Northwest point, around the requested TFR to avoid "bow tie" depictions.

Units are responsible for initiating and cancelling all TFR requests with a phone call and completion of the Interagency Request for Temporary Flight Restrictions form (FAR part 91.137), to the appropriate GACC, as well as processing requests in the current ordering system of record. This form is located at: https://gacc.nifc.gov/oscc/logistics/aviation/docs/2016_TFR.pdf and the link to this form may also be found in the California Interagency Mobilization Guide Appendix. All TFR violations must be reported immediately to the GACC.

GACCs are responsible for coordinating the issuance and cancellation of all TFR requests with the FAA. During high incident activity an Airspace Coordinator may be requested. The GACC will contact the Air Route Traffic Control Center (ARTCC) and military facility if applicable.

Media aircraft, medical aircraft and law enforcement aircraft are allowed in the TFR as long as they contact the air attack on the posted Air to Air frequency to request permission prior to entering the area and at what altitude.

Airspace Conflicts

Consult the NWCG Standards for Airspace Coordination at: https://www.nwcg.gov/publications/520
The Aircraft Conflict Initial Report can be accessed at https://www.nwcg.gov/tags/iasc

Military Training Routes (MTR) and Special Use Airspace (SUA)

Military Training Routes and Special Use Airspace present conflicts with incident related aviation activities and will be identified by local Units. One source for this information is AP1B, Flight Information Publication, "Military Training Routes". Each ECC should download a current edition of AP1B.book (jcs.mil). Special Use Airspace may be found on Sectional Aeronautical Charts. Critical airspace information pertinent to flight should be organized for easy and rapid utilization, i.e., displayed on dispatching hazard maps. Special Use Airspace (SUA) includes Low Altitude Tactical Navigation Areas (LATN), Military Operations Areas (MOA), Restricted Areas (RA), Prohibited Areas (PA), Alert Areas (AA), Warning Areas (WA), and Controlled Firing Areas (CFA). Units may obtain operational agreements with the military units having control over any Special Use Airspace in their area and keep the military advised of all activities (fire and non-fire) that may be occurring inside these areas. Units will follow up with notification to the GACC.

For deconfliction of Special Use Airspace, refer to the Documentation of Contacts Requesting Deconfliction of Airspace by the Military, the link to this form is found in Appendix page 180.

Incident Related

When air activities of an unplanned nature (i.e., fire or flood) occur that may conflict with an MTR or an SUA the GACC Aviation Coordinator will contact the responsible military originating or scheduling facility to notify them of the situation and gather information on whether the routes are active. Provide the following information:

- MTR number and points along the route where incident is located.
- Whether route needs to be closed or altitude adjusted so route can remain operational and safe.
- Hours the restriction/change is to be in effect.
- Temporary airspace restriction, TFR (91.137) is filed with the FAA. If a TFR has not been requested through the FAA, the request to the military is considered a voluntary cessation of activity(s); it is between the agency and the military. Any conflicts arising will need to be coordinated directly with the military as no FAA air space restriction has been violated. All conflicts should be reported on SAFECOM Report (or OAS-34), to the Regional/State Aviation Safety Officer.

Intercom Traffic Related to Military Deconfliction

If an MTR or SUA is present, the GACC or the local ECC may announce "Aircraft Hazard MTR" and/or "Aircraft Hazard (Insert Name) MOA." This identifies an MTR or SUA in the area of the incident. The status "unconfirmed" or "hot/active" will be announced after deconfliction with the scheduling facility by the GACC. ECCs and/or tanker bases will notify responding aircraft of status provided by GACC. "Hot/Active" indicates that verbal confirmation has occurred with the scheduling facility and there is current or planned activity in that area. "Unconfirmed" indicates there was an attempt to contact the scheduling facility and it was unsuccessful.

Non-Incident Related

When a Unit schedules an air activity project that may conflict with a MTR, the GACCs Aircraft Coordinator will assist with the operating procedures and ensure that the use of the MTR is coordinated with the responsible military facility. The project needs must be made known to the GACCs Aircraft Coordinator at least two days prior to starting the project to allow time to coordinate with the military, so they may adjust their schedules if needed.

Temporary Airport Control Tower Operations

Requesting FAA Air Traffic Control Support - When aviation operations in support of an incident become too complex or unsafe at uncontrolled airports or helibases, the FAA may be requested to provide air traffic control support.

GACCs within the FAA's Western Service Area (AK, AZ, CA, CO HI, ID, MT, NV, OR, UT, WA, and WY) may request FAA Air Traffic Control support through the Western Service Area Agreement or through a contract vendor. A lead time of 24 hours is desirable when ordering. If the FAA cannot supply radios, the incident COML will order radios as a Supply request through established ordering channels. Requesting Units are required to provide full support and subsistence for FAA assigned personnel, as needed, per FAA Agreement.

Temporary Airport Control Tower

Requesting Unit must complete and submit Temporary Airport Control Tower Form to the GACC: http://gacc.nifc.gov/oncc/logistics/aviation/docs/temp tower.doc

If a VIPR Vendor is not available the GACC will contact the FAA for a Temporary Tower Request. For a CAL FIRE request this must go through the HEMS ordering system.

The GACC will contact the FAA's WSA Regional Operations Center (ROC) at 206-231-2420 and ask to speak to a duty officer regarding a Temporary Tower order. The ROC will connect the GACC with the appropriate FAA Duty officer. The Temporary Tower Request Form along with the aircraft resource order will be forwarded to the FAA at the time of the request. In addition, there is a helpful checklist in Chapter 11 of the Interagency Airspace Coordination Guide that aids in the ordering and set up process of a temporary tower.

Ordered in the current ordering system of record as: STMT – Service - Temporary Tower For more information on airspace coordination refer to the <u>NWCG Standards for Airspace Coordination | NWCG</u>.

Air Communication

National Air Guard - 168.6250 MHz (Tx 110.9 Rx 110.9) - A National Interagency Air Guard frequency for government aircraft will be used for emergency aviation communications. Continuous monitoring of this frequency in narrowband mode is mandatory by Federal agency dispatch centers.

Restricted to the following use:

- Air-to-air emergency contact and coordination
- Ground-to-air emergency contact
- Air Guard Channel is not available for tactical frequency or use

National Flight Following - 168.6500 MHz (Tx 110.9 Rx 110.9) is used to monitor interagency and contract aircraft. This frequency is used for flight following of official aircraft and is not intended to be used for tactical communications or incident operations. All Federal dispatch centers will monitor the National Flight Following frequency at all time.

Restricted to the following use:

- Flight following, the dispatching of local aircraft, and/or redirection of aircraft
- Air to Ground and Ground to Air administrative travel, not tactical communications
- Not authorized for ground to ground traffic

Pre-Assigned Aviation Frequencies

In order for aircraft communications to be manageable and functional, air frequencies are preassigned on a temporary basis to expedite initial attack but will remain under the control of the GACC.

Once aviation resources have launched to an initial attack incident the aviation frequencies will not be changed due to a change in jurisdiction or transfer of the ordering point, until the end of the operations shift. An air frequency may be changed if there is a safety issue with the frequency.

Occasionally the preassigned frequencies will have to be withdrawn from a Unit to serve multiple incidents on another Unit. In that event, alternative frequencies will be provided by the GACC. A complete listing of preassigned frequencies can be obtained by contacting the Federal Aviation Coordinator at the GACC.

Requesting Additional Aircraft Frequencies

Initial Attack

When the aircraft communications load on an on-going incident is too congested to be handled by existing incident and air operations networks, temporary frequencies can be obtained. The IC should request additional frequencies.

Extended Attack

Extended Attack operations will be required to order new aviation frequencies allowing IA frequencies to be released. The IC will request replacement of initial attack frequencies as soon as the fire is expected to enter extended attack.

The Unit will request the following frequencies from the GACC: FQFM - Air to Air FM (Air Tactics), FQAA - Air to Air AM (Victor), and FQAG - Air to Ground (FM).

The GACC will be notified of all frequency releases.

Aircraft Flight Plan

For the link to the Aircraft Flight Request form (FS 9400-1a), refer to the Appendix page 180.

Federal

Reference Chapter 50 of the National Interagency Mobilization Guide or the Agency Aviation Management Plan.

In addition to FAA flight plans, which are required for all IFR flights, all agency contracted aircraft will file an agency flight plan with the originating unit ECC for all missions, with the exception of initial attack responses.

CAL FIRE

Only administrative flights require a flight plan.

Reference CAL FIRE Handbook 8300, policy 8362.2.1

Aircraft Flight Following

These procedures for flight following apply to all aircraft which move across Unit or Geographical boundaries. Flight following is the primary responsibility of the unit scheduling the flight (sending unit) and will remain so until transferred through a positive, documented handoff. If the flight will cross "traditional dispatch boundaries," the originating dispatch office must coordinate with the affected units and establish if the aircraft will be flight followed for the duration of the flight from the originating office or handed off when borders are crossed. Either option is acceptable but must be communicated and understood between dispatch offices and pilot/flight managers. The method to be used will be determined between the pilot and the dispatch office prior to departure. Receiving and intermediate units will only get involved in tracking the aircraft when requested by the sending unit or when the aircraft is overdue.

Once an aircraft has become airborne the flight manager/pilot will contact the ECC and relay the following information, this information will also be relayed when the aircraft is handed off to another unit for flight following responsibility:

- Aircraft tail number/Call sign
- Number of souls on board
- Amount of fuel on board (hours/mins)
- Estimated flight time to destination and/or first fuel stop.
- Aircraft will advise on method of flight following (AFF is the preferred method).

Types of Approved Flight Following Methods

<u>National Flight Following</u> – Federal. Can be used for flight following of official aircraft and for aircraft dispatching and divert.

<u>Automated Flight Following (AFF)</u>. AFF displays real time information regarding an aircraft's location, speed, heading, altitude, and flight history.

Federal: For more information on this see the National Interagency Mobilization Guide, Chapter 50.

CAL FIRE: Reference the CAL FIRE Handbook 8150-4.

Web link for AFF: https://www.aff.gov/

<u>Radio check-in/check-out.</u> Flight following requires verbal communication via radio every 15 minutes. The ECCs will log the aircraft call sign, latitude, longitude and heading.

Flight Following Responsibilities

Sending Unit

- Ensure that the flight crews are properly briefed on flight following procedures, responsibilities, and frequency. Flight follow the aircraft to its final destination. Advise the pilot of any exceptions to routine flight following procedures. Obtain Actual Time of Departure (ATD) from initial departure airport from pilot/vendor or chief-of-party.
- Communicate to local GACC through established ordering channels all aircraft flight plans which cross Unit or GACC Boundaries. All ECC's will advise the GACC of all aircraft movement. The originating dispatch will ensure that their telephone number appears on the flight plan.
- Notify GACC of any delays/advances of a flight plan exceeding 30 minutes.
- Initiate appropriate procedures for overdue/missing aircraft. Utilize agency Aircraft Search/Rescue
 Guides as appropriate and notify GACC of overdue aircraft. CAL FIRE reference the CAL FIRE
 Handbook 8100, Procedure 8150-1 for Aircraft Accident/Incident Procedure, Procedure 8150-3
 Overdue and Missing Aircraft, and Procedure 8150-4 Flight Following.

Pilot

- Receive briefing of flight following procedures from sending ECC.
- File an FAA flight plan.
- Obtain and carry the sending ECC, GACC's and NICC's 24 hour telephone numbers. Contact sending ECC at time of initial departure and provide ATD.
- Contact sending ECC while enroute as directed.
- Call originating/receiving ECC upon arrival at destination.

Receiving Unit

- Notify the sending unit of any aircraft which has not arrived within 30 minutes of ETA.
- If problems are encountered contacting the sending unit, contact the GACC for assistance.

Sending GACC

- Forward flight plan information to the receiving GACC
- If flight crosses GACC boundaries outside of California, forward to NICC.
- Notify receiving GACC and NICC of any delays/advances of flight plan exceeding 30 minutes.
- Immediate notification to NICC when a Federal aircraft on GACC to GACC flight is overdue/missing.
- Immediate notification to CAL FIRE Region Duty Officer when a CAL FIRE aircraft is overdue/missing.
- Immediate notification to Forest Service Regional Aviation Safety Officer or respective DOI Aviation Managers when a Federal aircraft is overdue/missing.
- Coordinate with units/GACCs/NICC in searches for overdue/missing aircraft.

Receiving GACC

- Relay flight plans to all units affected by the flight plan through established dispatch channels.
- Notify intermediate or receiving units of any delays/advances of flight plan exceeding 30 minutes.
- Coordinate with intermediate or receiving units in searches for overdue/missing aircraft.

NICC

- Monitor federal flight plans for additional utilization.
- Coordinate with sending and receiving GACCs in searches for overdue/missing aircraft.

Aircraft Release

All aircraft users should anticipate that tactical aircraft could be reassigned to new incidents at any time, especially upon the completion of the current assignment.

At no time will supervisory aircraft or the ECC release positive control of any tactical aircraft until approved by the GACC. Flight following will be performed on all released tactical aircraft.

Units may release charter and CWN aircraft to the vendor without flight following, providing there are no agency passengers or cargo on board and will make notification to the GACC.

All airtankers will be released daily and reordered for next day's shift by 1900 hours by the unit ECC, under a new request number. If aircraft is needed for the next day place request to the GACC prior to 1900 hrs the day before.

All federal aerial supervision aircraft may remain on their original request number (A#) until released from the incident, diverted to another incident, or going on days off. On State incidents, all (state and federal) aerial supervision aircraft will be released at the end of each day. They need to be reordered for next day's shift by 1900 hours, under a new request number.

Notification for Aircraft Accident or Incident With Serious Potential

Upon notification of an aircraft accident or incident with serious potential the following notifications will be made:

Federal

- *Unit* Immediately notify their Aviation Officer or UAM, Unit Duty Chief, Agency Administrator, and GACC Federal Aircraft Coordinator.
- Federal Aircraft Coordinator Notify the GACC Duty Chief, the Regional Aviation Safety Officer, the Regional Aviation Officer and NICC Coordinator-On-Duty (COD).

State

- Unit Notify through the Unit Duty Officer chain-of-command, the Unit Duty Chief
- *Unit Duty Chief* Notify through the Duty Chief chain-of-command, the Region Duty Chief, Sacramento Fire Protection Duty Chief and Tactical Air Operations Duty Officer.
- *Unit Duty Officer* Notify the Aviation Safety Officer via the Aviation Management Unit (AMU). Reference the CAL FIRE Handbook 8100, procedure 8150-1 and 8150-2.

Air Tactical Supervision

Refer to the "Aerial Supervision Aircraft" chart at the end of this chapter for a listing of identifiers, locations, pilots and qualifications.

Aviation operations on an incident are often conducted under extremely adverse flight conditions such as congested airspace, reduced visibility, adverse weather conditions and mountainous terrain, all of which add to the complexity of aircraft operations over an incident. For Fire Traffic Area over an incident, refer to the Appendix page 180 for a link to this information.

Air Tactical Supervision Over an Incident.

Individual situations with their inherent complexities dictate the level of supervision required to safely and effectively conduct an aerial suppression operation. This section identifies levels of Air Tactical Supervision required over an incident and summarizes the intent of USFS, DOI and CAL FIRE manual directives. Reference the Interagency Aerial Supervision Guide.

Aerial Supervision Requirements

Aerial supervision requirements are defined by the Interagency Aerial Supervision Guide per the chart below. The following terms are used in the chart.

Required: Aerial supervisory resource(s) that shall be over the incident when air tactical operations are being conducted.

<u>Ordered:</u> Aerial supervisory resources shall be ordered by the appropriate controlling entity. (Air tactical operations may be continued while the aerial supervision resource is enroute to the incident or is on order. Operations can be continued if the resource is not available.)

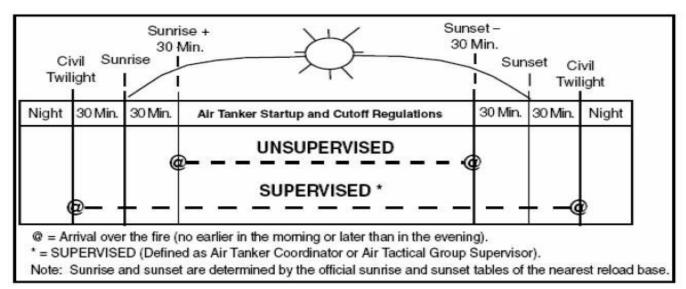
Over: The air tactical resource is flying above or is in a holding pattern adjacent to the incident.

<u>Assigned To</u>: Tactical resource allocated to an incident. The resource may be flying to and from, or on hold at a ground site.

Incident Aerial Supervision Requirements

When aerial supervision resources are co-located with retardant aircraft, they should be launched together on the initial order to maximize safety, effectiveness, and efficiency of incident operations. Incidents with three or more aircraft over/assigned to them should have aerial supervision over/assigned the incident. Federal policy dictates additional requirements as listed below:

Situation	Lead/ATCO/ASM	ATGS
Airtanker not IA rated.	Required	
MAFFS	MAFFS Endorsed Lead/ASM	
VLAT	VLAT Endorsed Lead/ASM	
When requested by airtanker, ATGS, Lead, ATCO, or ASM	Required	Required
Foreign Government airtankers	Required if no ATGS	Required if no Lead/ATCO/ASM
Multi-engine airtanker: Retardant drops conducted between 30 minutes prior to, and 30 minutes after sunrise, or 30 minutes prior to sunset to 30 minutes after sunset.	Required if no ATGS	Required if no Lead/ATCO/ASM
Single Engine Airtanker (SEAT): SEATs are required to be "on the ground" by ½ hour after sunset.	See level 2 SEAT requirements	See level 2 SEAT requirements
Level 2 SEAT requirements: Level 2 rated SEAT operatingover an incident with more than one other tactical aircrafton scene.	Required if no ATGS	Required if no Lead/ATCO/ASM
Retardant drops in congested/urban interface areas.	Order	May use if no Lead/ATCO/ASM
Periods of marginal weather, poor visibility, or turbulence.	Order	Order



^{*} The chart above does not apply to Night Aviation Operations. Airtanker dispatch, use the official sunrise, startup, cutoff, and sunset times of the Airtanker Base nearest the fire.

Aerial Supervision Module (ASM)

The ASM is a fixed wing platform that utilizes two crewmembers to perform the functions of a traditional air attack and when necessary, performs low-level operations including Lead profiles. The ASM requires both crewmembers to be trained as a team, utilizing Crew Resource Management (CRM) skills and techniques to enhance safety, efficiency and effectiveness. Module operations require a fluid relationship between crewmembers that incorporates task sharing and coordination. The ASM provides aerial supervision in support of incident objectives.

An ASM is formed by pairing an ASM qualified Lead Pilot and an ASM qualified ATGS. An ASM can perform Lead Plane duties and Air Attack duties at the same time.

National designators will be used to identify the operating agency and crewmembers. For Forest Service ASM units, the Lead Plane call sign will be used, and "Bravo" will replace "Lead". For example: Bravo 5-2. For CAL FIRE ASM units, the call sign "Charlie" will be used. BLM ASM's have national call signs assigned.

All dispatching of Lead Planes/ASMs will be done by the GACCs. Normal ordering procedures will be followed. The GACC Federal Aircraft Coordinators will coordinate with the Aviation Group for the availability and assignments for all Federal Lead/ASM planes assigned to California. Refer to end of this chapter for a complete listing of pilots, locations, qualifications, and identifiers.

GACCs will be responsible for the Aircraft Flight Request/Schedule, form 9400-1a (flight strip), when needed for the aircraft.

CAL FIRE may, upon request, provide up to three qualified Lead plane/Aerial Supervision modules. Minimum status includes MAFFS and VLAT lead qualifications.

AIRTANKERS

Airtanker Standard ICS Types

Catalog Item	Capacity (Minimum)	ICS Type
VLAT	5000+ gallons	1
1	3,000 to 4,999 gallons	1
2	1,800 to 2,999 gallons	2
3	800 to 1,799 gallons	3
4	up to 799 gallons	4

Very Large Airtanker (VLAT)

VLATs can only be reloaded at specific bases. They are identified in the "Airtanker Bases" chart at the end of this chapter.

DC-10

These aircraft can be used on all lands in California and if available, may require up to 24 hours for activation. These aircraft are best utilized on rapidly emerging fires which are, or will be moving into the extended attack phase. Consider using the DC-10 (12,000 gallons) if you are anticipating continuous use of multiple Type 1 and Type 2 Airtankers.

Ordered in the current ordering system of record as: VLAT - Airtanker, VLAT

Type 1 Airtanker

Lockheed L-188 Electra/C-130/BAE-146/RJ-85 and MD-87:

They can each carry a minimum of 3,000 gallons. The Electra is not approved for use within federal jurisdiction, unless it is a situation that requires immediate action to prevent the loss of life and property and has been authorized by the Regional Aviation Officer. This approval will be on a case by case basis. Any qualified Federal or State Lead Plane can lead the Electra.

Ordered in the current ordering system of record as: LAT1 - Airtanker, Type 1

Type 2 Airtanker

Lockheed P-3 Orion:

These aircraft can carry a minimum of 1,800 gallons

The Lockheed P-3 Orion is not approved for use within federal jurisdiction, unless it is a situation that requires immediate action to prevent the loss of life and property and has been authorized by the Regional Aviation Officer. This approval will be on a case by case basis. Any qualified Federal or State Lead Plane can lead the Lockheed P-3 Orion

Ordered in the current ordering system of record as: LAT2 - Airtanker, Type 2

Type 3 Airtanker

S2-T Tracker

These aircraft can carry a minimum of 800 gallons

Ordered in the current ordering system as: ATM3 - Airtanker, Type 3 (Multi-Engine)

CL-215 and CL-415

The CL-215 and 415 are approved water scooping aircraft in California. The CL-215 carries 1,400 gallons maximum and the CL-415 carries 1,600 gallons maximum.

Ordered in the current ordering system of record as: ATM3 - Airtanker, Type 3 (Multi-Engine) Special Needs: Scooper

Air Tractor AT-802 F

Single engine airtanker capable of carrying 800 gallons.

Ordered in current ordering system of record as: ATS3 - Airtanker, Type 3 (Single Engine)

Type 4 Airtanker

Air Tractor AT-802 and AT-602/Turbine Thrush/Turbine Dromader/Piston Dromader:

These aircraft can carry a maximum of 799 gallons.

Ordered in current ordering system of record as: ATS4 - Airtanker, Type 4 (Single Engine)

Federal Modular Airborne Firefighting Systems (MAFFS)

MAFFS are military transport aircraft reconfigured to deliver retardant. They are activated to augment and enhance contract and agency airtanker capabilities. The Air Force requests a 24 hour lead time, however, in some cases they can expedite mobilization. Requests will be placed through normal dispatch channels in the current ordering system of record.

MAFFS can only be reloaded at specific bases. They are identified in the "Airtanker Bases" chart at the end of this chapter.

CAL FIRE requests for MAFFS activation follow CAL FIRE Handbook 8100 procedure 8151-6.

Ordered in the current ordering system of record as: LAT1 - Airtanker, Type 1.

Smokejumper Aircraft

California Smokejumpers and aircraft are national resources, administered and managed by the GACCs. Priorities for their use are established nationally.

Region 5 maintains two smokejumper (para-cargo) fixed wing aircraft during the active fire season that are based at Redding. They are identified as "Jump 5-1" and "Jump 5-2".

NOPS will determine the number of aircraft and Smokejumpers available for a given day.

Smokejumpers arrive at an incident with tools and supplies for three days of fire suppression activity. The smokejumper incident commander will contact the ordering Unit and arrange for incident demobilization.

Responsibility for arranging transportation of smokejumpers back to their base lies with the ordering Unit. If problems arise, contact the GACC for assistance.

Satellite Bases

When smokejumpers are being deployed to SOPS, satellite bases may be activated. When a SOPS satellite base is activated, a smokejumper liaison will be assigned by the NOPS smokejumper base.

When there is an activation of a satellite base in SOPS jurisdictional area, the operational control of the satellite base will remain under SOPS. The smokejumper plane and the smokejumpers themselves will be hosted by SOPS and be requested on OSC preparedness/preposition order.

NOPS will fill all requests for smokejumpers, para-cargo, smokejumper/para-cargo aircraft, and necessary supplies for all smokejumper satellite base operations. NOPS smokejumper base will ensure that all satellite smokejumper bases are properly outfitted. Any additional orders for smokejumpers, para-cargo, supplies, and aircraft will be made through NOPS.

All requests from a SOPS Unit for smokejumpers when there is an activated satellite base will be processed through normal dispatch channels. All agencies will place the request for smokejumpers as an "A" number as "Fixed Wing, Smokejumper", located under Fixed Wing in the current ordering system of record.

Satellite base resources; smokejumpers, supplies, and aircraft in SOPS will be demobilized through SOPS in coordination with NOPS.

Para-Cargo Delivery

The Smokejumper Unit is charged with maintaining the para-cargo delivery system the following information is needed to fill a para-cargo request:

- Desired Cargo
- Incident name, order number and "A" request number
- Location of drop zone (Legal or Latitude/Longitude)
- Ground contact
- Desired time of delivery

Almost all fire cache items can be delivered via para-cargo. In addition, special items such as fresh food, drinking water and sack lunches can also be delivered. Emergency medical care and rescue equipment can be delivered via para-cargo. The smokejumper unit maintains six trauma kits with IV fluids and TRS litters rigged for Paracargo delivery, every Smokejumper aircraft carries one of these kits available for order at all times. Additional trauma kits/TRS litters, a basket litter with wilderness wheel, and an AED are available for order from the Redding base. IV starts must only be administered by qualified individuals.

The time frames for delivery of para-cargo are dependent on the availability of requested items, aircraft, cargo riggers and cargo droppers. As a general rule, any fire cache items can be ready within two hours and special items within four hours. Orders placed after dark can be prepared at night and delivered at dawn.

Para-cargo weight capacities vary for aircraft assigned.

Para-Cargo orders are requested in the current ordering system of record as Aircraft, Fixed Wing, and Cargo.

Infrared Aircraft

Infrared mapping services are available for use on any wildland fire activity and are obtained through the appropriate GACC in accordance with the National Infrared Operations Plan.

Requests to the GACC will be via current ordering system of record and a completed Infrared Aircraft Scanner Request form, submitted on-line from the National Infrared Operations (NIROPS) website: https://fsapps.nwcg.gov/nirops/users/login. If internet is unavailable, a faxed copy to the GACC will be accepted. Request(s) need to be received at the NICC by 1500 Mountain Time to be scheduled for that night's flight, which means they must be received by the GACC no later than 1345 Pacific Time.

For the Infrared Aircraft Scanner Request Form, refer to the link found in the Appendix page 180.

A qualified Infrared Interpreter (IRIN) must be confirmed or in place at the time of the Infrared flight. Refer to Chapter 20, Specialized Overhead.

Ordered in the current ordering system of record as: SIRF - Service – Infrared Flight

FIREWATCH PLATFORM FIXED WING

Fixed Wing

The Forest Service Fire Watch 5-1 will support Incident Awareness and Assessment (IAA) in California during daylight hours (0800 - 1800).

Firewatch 51 will be added to all South Ops Federal initial attack responses (when available).

For planned needs, incidents will place orders through the normal ordering process to SOPS GACC by 1700 the day before. Incidents that occur throughout the night will be prioritized in the morning and confirmed by the Fire Watch 5-1 ATGS and the SOPS Aviation Duty Officer before adding to the flightstrip.

Order in the current ordering system of record as FWIR - Fixed wing, Infrared. Special Needs: Fire Watch 5-1, and add the Incident POC name, phone number/frequency for intent and an email address for data dissemination. Fire Watch 5-1 will return to WJF by 1800 for Night Aviation Operations (NAO) coverage. Fire Watch 5-1 will be released each evening, reordered and reapproved by the SOPS Aviation Duty Officer and GACC Duty Chief.

NIGHT AVIATION OPERATIONS

Forest Service

An exclusive use air attack platform and helicopter will be available during fire season for night aviation operations. The night air operations will be hosted on the Angeles National Forest. The NAO aircraft have a one hour I/A response range, helicopter 90 nautical miles and air attack 240 nautical miles and will support wildfire suppression on Forest Service protected lands, including communities and homes within and adjacent to the Angeles, Cleveland, and San Bernardino National Forests, and the Southern half of the Los Padres and Sequoia National Forests (South of HWY 166).

Prior to committing night air operation resources outside the above approved locations approval must be granted from South Ops Duty Chief. The approval or denial of the request will be documented in the current ordering system of record by the South Ops GACC.

For a copy of the Region 5 Night Air Operations Mobilization and Notification Procedures please refer to the "Region 5 Night Air Operations Mobilization and Notification Procedure.

2020 Night Air Operations Dispatch Procedures.docx.pdf (nifc.gov)

Order in current ordering system of record as: FWAA - Fixed Wing, Air Tactical, Special needs: Night Ops Order in current ordering system of record as: HE2S - Helicopter, Type 2 Standard, Special needs: Night Ops

MOBILE RETARDANT BASE

A mobile retardant base sometimes called portable retardant base, is an easily transportable retardant mixing and delivery system that can be established at airports or other incident locations to support fixed or rotary wing operations. The reporting location and the contact name and number must be in the resource order.

Federal

Order in the current ordering system of record and place to the appropriate GACC: SMRB – Service - Mobile Retardant Base.

CAL FIRE

Order in the current ordering system of record as: SMRB – Service - Mobile Retardant Base. Unit needs to contact CAL FIRE current contracted retardant vendor, local CAL FIRE airbase can provide this information.

Cooperators

Cooperator helicopters can be used if proper agreements, approvals, and procedures are in place. Reference Interagency Aerial Supervision Guide.

HELICOPTERS

Helicopter Standard ICS Types

Restricted Helicopters (R): no passenger carrying, external cargo only. Standard Helicopters (S): passenger carrying, internal cargo and external cargo.

Type*	Buck	et or Tank size	Seats (including pilot)
1	700	gallons	16
2	300	gallons	10
3	100	gallons	5
4	75	gallons	3

^{*} Type is based on water carrying capacity and passenger capability.

Type 2S with crew (or alternately 1S for CALFIRE) is the standard IA helicopter.

A Host Unit may use their Type 3S helicopters on local IA response Type 1 Restricted are Large Fire Support helicopters (LFS)

CALFIRE is currently transitioning their Helicopter fleet to the new Sikorsky S70i platform which is classified as a Type 1S. You will see both Type 1S and 2S as a standard IA response.

AIR RESCUE

CAL FIRE

All CAL FIRE helicopters can perform rescue operations. This capability is intended for use on incidents to rescue trapped or endangered firefighters and citizens when there is no other feasible alternative for evacuation.

Federal

Federal short-haul programs must be approved by National Park Service and Forest Service offices. Any exemption to the plan must be represented by the program through the region for approval by the National Aviation Office (NPS) or Directory of Fire and Aviation (FS).

• Forest Service Emergency Medical Short-Haul Operational Plan

National Park Service

NPS have 2 helicopters based at Yosemite National Park at Crane Flat (Type 2S) and Sequoia/Kings National Park at Ash Mountain (Type 3S). Both helicopters serve as the parks' primary rescue/life flight helicopter for life threatening emergencies and may not always be available.

• 2022 NPS Helicopter Short-haul Operations Plan

Forest Service Short- Haul Orders

Orders for aircraft and short-haulers will be coordinated with the GACC and/or NICC and placed through normal channels. At a minimum, orders shall be filled with (6) Short-Haulers and a manager to support needs documented on the aircraft order through current ordering system. The Short-Haul spotter/manager will determine transportation needs for the additional short-haulers on the order.

Ordered in current ordering system of record as: SHLR - Short-Hauler

Short-Haul Helicopter: Standard Category Type 3;

Selected features identified as "Special Needs": Short-haul capability

Type 3S with crew are additional IA helicopter.

Refer to the "Helicopter Interagency Emergency Helicopter Extraction Source List: Interagency Emergency Helicopter Extraction Source List | NWCG

Federal Helicopter Rappelling

Helicopter rappelling performed by qualified Helitack modules can be utilized for a variety of missions where conventional means of delivering personnel by ground or by other aerial platform is prohibitive due to time, geographical features, or other environmental conditions. Either a booster or CWN rappeler can be ordered through normal dispatch channels.

Refer to the "Helicopter" chart at the end of this chapter for a listing of rappel qualified helicopters.

Ordered in current ordering system of record as: RPIA – Load, Rappeller, Initial Attack

Booster Load of Rappelers

Overhead, HRAP – Helicopter Rappeller

PROJECT HELICOPTER

Forest Service

Request for helicopter services when the Forests local exclusive use helicopter is unavailable or the Forest does not have an exclusive use helicopter.

For Type 1 limited helicopter or Type 2 standard/limited helicopter requests will be passed up to NICC for processing. Requests for Type 3 helicopters are processed at the GACC.

When requesting a helicopter for a project this additional information needs to be included:

- Type of helicopter needed
- Contact Name and Telephone number for Project Manager
- Contact Name and Telephone number for Helicopter Manager
- Approximate project length
- Fuel Truck, if needed

A copy of the Commitment of Fund Obligation (FS-6500-224) and a copy of the Project Aviation Safety Plan (PASP) or Mission Aviation Safety Plan (MASP) needs to be sent to dispatch and forwarded on to the GACC.

The GACC will either process the order if it is for a Type 3 helicopter or place the order up to NICC. If the request needs to go to NICC then a copy for Commitment of Funds Obligation Form and the signature page of the PASP/MASP will be sent to NICC for the contracting officer and the National Helicopter Specialist.

NICC will process the request by filling with an exclusive use helicopter with a modified contract or CWN helicopter.

CALL WHEN NEEDED (CWN) AIRCRAFT

Call signs for CWN aircraft will be the last three numbers of the FAA tail number.

For the link to the Passenger and Cargo Manifest Form for CWN flights, refer to Appendix page 180.

CAL FIRE

Unit ECCs are authorized to directly hire CWN aircraft. Reference policies and rules of the current CAL FIRE 8300 Handbook, Section 8353. The current list of CWN Fixed Wing aircraft is available on the CAL FIRE intranet.

CWN Helicopters reference CALFIRE Handbook 8100, procedure 8151-4

If incident activity prohibits the ECC personnel from implementing the CWN hiring process, contact the GACC for assistance.

All payments are processed through the Unit's finance office utilizing the CAL FIRE 62 Emergency Aircraft Use Invoice.

Department of the Interior

A list of approved CWN aircraft and pilots are available via the Internet at: <u>Aviation Support | IBC Customer Central (doi.gov)</u> and is maintained by the Office of Aviation Services (OAS). DOI agencies are required to use the OAS Source List when ordering and utilizing CWN aircraft and pilots.

All Type 3 CWN helicopters that are located within the administrative jurisdiction of a BLM District may be ordered by the appropriate ECC from the OAS Source List. The ordering Unit will order or provide a qualified helicopter manager and crew members.

CWN Helicopter Selection Factors:

- Closest forces
- Cost effectiveness
- Performance specifications for density altitude/high altitude operations
- Carded and contracted for local or emergency use
- Special applications such as helitorch, fixed tank, long line, etc.
- Daily availability based on expected duration of assignment and projected use.

Type 1 and 2 helicopters are available under National Contract and will be requested through the GACC by ICS type and specifications.

CWN Inspection Criteria

All DOI helicopters are solicited and inspected by the OAS. The OAS and Forest Service will honor each other's inspection certifications. If the aircraft is not used immediately, it must be reinspected by the Project Inspector for contract compliance prior to use. This inspection includes checking all required equipment for installation and function. In addition, the logbook will be reviewed to see that the aircraft has not been damaged and that it is in compliance with required inspections (10-hour, annual, etc.).

CWN Forest Service

A listing of pilots and aircraft carded for the current year is kept at the GACC.

Forest Service requests for CWN aircraft will be placed to the appropriate GACC. The GACC will utilize the aircraft that best accomplishes the requested mission and provides maximum cost benefit.

The GACC will process requests for Federal Type 3 CWN helicopters directly with the vendor. Type 1 and 2 helicopters are available under National Contract and will be requested through the GACC by ICS type and specifications. For project or emergency hire the Unit must identity the manager's name in "Special Needs". The helicopter and manager will be married up at a nonfire incident location.

The GACC will process requests for Federal aircraft directly with the fixed wing vendor. Forest Service requests for CWN aircraft will be placed to the appropriate GACC. The Unit must identify the ATGS or aerial observer name in "Special Needs".

When the aircraft is being used for fire detection the last three characters of the FAA registration number will be used as the call sign.

Forest Aviation Officers are responsible for ensuring all Flight/Aircraft Use Report (FS 122s) are submitted into the ABS system for CWN aircraft used on their Forests. All payments will be processed through Incident Business System (IBS) website. CWN Managers are responsible for providing performance evaluation forms to the GACC Aviation Coordinator for payment management in ABS.

For all non-fire projects, a copy of the PASP/MASP needs to be provided to the Unit and GACC by the Project Manager.

CWN Helicopter Modules – Forest Service

Call When Needed (CWN) helicopters will be managed by a qualified module when assigned for incident use. For project work, a qualified helicopter manager (HMGB) will be assigned as a minimum on federally hired CWN helicopter contracts.

Forest Aviation Officers are responsible for ensuring all Flight/Aircraft Use Report (FS 122s) are submitted into the ABS system for CWN aircraft used on their Forests. All payments will be processed through Aviation Business System (ABS) website. CWN Managers are responsible for providing performance evaluation forms to the GACC Aviation Coordinator for payment management in ABS.

For all non-fire projects, a copy of the PASP/MASP needs to be provided to the Unit and GACC by the Project Manager.

Module Requirements:

HELICOPTER TYPE	FAA STANDARD/TRANSPORT CATEGORY	FAA STANDARD CATEGORY Temporarily Designated for Limited Use	FAA CATEGORY Permanently Designated for limited Use or FAA Restricted Category
1	Manager * Plus four (4) Helicopter Crew Members**	Manager * Only	Manager * Only
2	Manager * Plus four (3) Helicopter Crew Members	Manager * Only	Manager * Only
3	Manager * Plus four (2) Helicopter Crew Members	Manager * Only	Manager * Only

^{*}If the intended use is for Forest Service or DOI initial attack, the helicopter manager request must specify that a fitness level of arduous is required. Any other qualification requirements (ICT4, etc.) must also be specified in Special Needs. Remember to specify where the HMGB and helicopter are going to marry-up, also notated in Special Needs.

^{**} Forest Service no longer allows passenger transport in Type 1 helicopters with the exception of authorized military helicopters.

Large Transport Aircraft

Federal

Large transport aircraft are used to mobilize and demobilize large volumes of overhead, crews, equipment and supplies nationally and internationally.

Large transport aircraft are National Resources and requests are filled at the national level (NICC) after the request has been initiated at the GACC by the Aircraft Coordinator.

The GACCs will place these requests with NICC at least 48 hours before the flight is needed.

UAS Typing and Call Signs

The Forest Service has adopted NWCG standards for UAS typing and call signs utilized in emergency response activities. UAS are built in a multitude of configurations, which makes classification difficult. All UAS have varying capabilities and limitations. Utilization of the appropriate make and model is essential to ensure requested product is delivered. For example: some UAS have fixed cameras and others are on a gimbal-based system with interchangeable sensors. This section is intended to provide generic operational characteristics.

UAS Call Signs

Incident Operations

Call signs will only be provided to UAS that will be utilized on incident operations. Unmanned Aircraft System Pilots (UASP) will follow established incident communications protocols by utilizing current NWCG PMS 515 policy, as instructed in S-373 or RT-373. See Table 2.

If a fire aircraft is supporting non-incident operation, call signs will carry over.

Non-Incident Operations

Call signs will be assigned by the National UAS Fleet Manager, to the aircraft and utilized during communications. (e.g UR4-last 2 of assigned FAA Certificate Number)

Type of Aircraft (Unmanned – U)

Configuration (Fixed or Rotor – (F/R) Foxtrot/Romeo *phonetic alphabet

Endurance Type (1-4) *see table below

FAA Certificate Number (Agency designated number)

Table 2. UAS Types and Statistics (Source: NWCG-PMS 515).

Type	Configuration	Endurance	Data collection altitude (agl-feet)	Max. range (miles)	Typical Sensors*
1	Fixed-wing	6-14 hours	3,500-8,000	50	EO/Mid-wave IR
1	Rotorcraft	NA	NA	NA	High quality IR
2	Fixed-wing	1-6 hours	3,500-6,000	25	EO/Long-wave IR
2	Rotorcraft	NA	NA	NA	Moderate quality IR
2	Fixed-wing	20-60 minutes	2,500 and below	5	EO/IR Video and stills
3	Rotorcraft	20-60 minutes	2,000 and below	5	Moderate quality IR
4	Fixed-wing	Up to 30minutes	1,200 and below	<2	EO/IR Video and stills
4	Rotorcraft	Up to 20 minutes	1,200 and below	<2	Moderate quality IR

^{*}Sensor payloads are variable but typically include daylight (electro-optical), infrared (IR), thermal, or mapping cameras. Type 1 and 2 UAS carry multiple camera types in a gimbaled configuration.

Operational Characteristics

Type 1 and 2

These aircraft will generally be operated by contractors and provide strategic situational awareness (SA), mapping and intelligence surveillance and reconnaissance (ISR), provide data for monitoring, measuring, assessments, and planning for natural resource management purposes.

- They typically operate above all other incident aircraft.
- Communications are maintained with the UAS crew on the assigned Victor (AM) or air-to-ground (FM) frequencies.
- All Type 1 and 2 contract aircraft will be equipped with Mode C transponders.
- Typical aircraft are the Scan Eagle, Aerosonde, or Silent Falcon.

Type 3 and 4

These aircraft are generally agency operated and perform tactical SA or mapping missions on/near the fire line or incident. Smaller scale monitoring, measuring, aerial photography for resource projects.

- Most do not carry transponders.
- Communications are maintained with the UAS crew only on assigned FM frequencies.
- None are equipped with Automated Flight Following (AFF) equipment.
- Typical aircraft are the Anafi (RW), DJI M600, and Mavic (RW), and FireFly6 (FW).

Aircraft Acquisition & Maintenance

The National UAS Program Manager supervises the National UAS Fleet Manager who is responsible for planning, acquisitions and managing UAS fleet availability. UAS aircraft are subject to regulations governing the procurement and management of aircraft. FSM 5703.2 assigns UAS registration responsibility to the Washington Office, and FSH 5709.16 Chapter 10 directs that all aircraft acquisition, including UAS, follow a specific planning and approval process. Requests for UAS acquisitions and funding must be routed through Forest/Zone Aviation Officer or Regional UAS Specialist to the National UAS Program Manager, or delegate.

AERIAL SUPERVISION AIRCRAFT

GACC	AIR ATTACK	<u>UNIT</u>	BASE/FAA ICAO
North Ops	5	KNF	Siskiyou - SIY
North Ops	6	LNF	Chester - O05
North Ops	17	TNF	Grass Valley - GOO
North Ops	50	ONC	Redding - RDD
North Ops	110	MEU	Ukiah - UKI
North Ops	120	HUU	Rohnerville - FOT
North Ops	140	LNU	Sonoma - STS
North Ops	210	BTU	Chico - CIC
North Ops	230	NEU	Grass Valley - GOO
North Ops	240	RDD	Redding - RDD
North Ops	500	CDF	McClellan - MCC
North Ops	501	CDF	McClellan - MCC
North Ops	503	CDF	McClellan - MCC
North Ops	504	CDF	McClellan - MCC
South Ops	7	LPF	Santa Maria - SMX
South Ops	12	BDF	San Bernardino - SBD
South Ops	15	SNF	Fresno - FAT
South Ops	51N	ANF	Fox Field - WJF
South Ops	52	BDF	San Bernardino - SBD
South Ops	310	RRU	Hemet/Ryan - HMT
South Ops	330	SDU	Ramona - RNM
South Ops	340	SLU	Paso Robles - PRB
South Ops	410	TUU	Porterville - PTV
South Ops	430	FKU	Fresno - FAT
South Ops	440	TCU	Columbia - O22
South Ops	460	BEU	Hollister - CVH

LEAD PLANES

LEAD NUMBER	PILOT	LOCATION	STATUS
5-0	Vacant	Redding	
5-1	Vacant	Redding	
5-2	Vacant	Fox Field	
5-3	Vacant	Fox Field	
5-4	Vacant	Redding	Т
5-5	Travis Strahan	Redding	Q/M/V
5-6	Vacant	Fox Field	
5-7	Vacant	Fox Field	
5-8	Vacant	Redding	
5-9	Vacant	Redding	
C-1	Bob Coward	CALFIRE	Q/M/V
C-2	Vacant	CALFIRE	
C-3	Rick Haagenson	CALFIRE	Q/M/V
C-4	John Ponts	CALFIRE	Q/M/V
C-5	Don Bell	CALFIRE	Q/M/V
C-8	Dave Spliethof	CALFIRE	Q/M/V
STATUS LEGENI	$\mathbf{M} = \mathbf{M}\mathbf{A}\mathbf{I}$	FFS Lead	T = Trainee
H=Cobra Helicopte		umper Pilot	N = Night Ops
Q = Qualified	V = VL	AT Lead	

AIRTANKER BASES

GACC	AIRTANKER	BASES	AGENCY	AIRCRAFT APPROVED*
North Ops		Chester (O05)	USFS	S2, L, S
North Ops	T-93	Chico (CIC)	CAL FIRE	S2, L, M, S
North Ops	T-88, T-89	Grass Valley (GOO)	CAL FIRE	S2, S
North Ops		Klamath Falls, OR (LMT)	USFS	S2, L, S, M
North Ops	T-94, T95	Redding (RDD)	CAL FIRE/ USFS	S2, L, S
North Ops	T-96	Rohnerville (FOT)	CAL FIRE	S2, L, S
North Ops	T-85, T-86	Sonoma (STS)	CAL FIRE	S2, L, S
North Ops		Stead, NV (RTS)	BLM	S2, L, S, M
North Ops	T-90, T-91	Ukiah (UKI)	CAL FIRE	S2, S
South Ops	T-82, T-83	Columbia (O22)	CAL FIRE	S2, S
South Ops		Fresno (FAT)	USFS	S2, L, S, M
South Ops	T-72, T-73	Hemet/Ryan (HMT)	CAL FIRE	S2, S
South Ops	T-79, T-80	Hollister (CVH)	CAL FIRE	S2, S
South Ops		Lancaster (WJF)	USFS	S2, L, S
South Ops	T-74, T-75	Paso Robles (PRB)	CAL FIRE	S2, L, S, M
South Ops	T-76, T-78	Porterville (PTV)	USFS/CAL FIRE	S2, L, S
South Ops	T-70, T-71	Ramona (RNM)	CAL FIRE	S2, S
South Ops		San Bernardino (SBD)	USFS/BLM	S2, L, S, M, V
South Ops		Santa Maria (SMX)	USFS	S2, L, S, M, V

RELOAD BASES

GACC	AIRTANKER	BASES	<u>AGENCY</u>	AIRCRAFT APPROVED
North Ops	T-100	McClellan (MCC)	CAL FIRE	S2, L, S, V
North Ops		Siskiyou (SIY)	USFS	S2, L, M, S
South Ops		Bishop (BIH)	USFS/BLM	
South Ops		Brown Field (SDM)	CAL FIRE	S
South Ops		Channel Islands (NTD)	CAL FIRE	S2, L, S

APPROVED AIRCRAFT LEGEND

Additional reload bases may be approved

S2=CAL FIRE Air Tanker

L=Large Air Tanker (LAT)

M=MAFFS

S=Single Engine Air Tanker (SEAT) V=Very Large Air Tanker (VLAT)

MAFFS OPERATING BASES

MAFFS OF EXATING DASES						
GACC	AIRPORT NAME	<u>LOCATION</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>			
North Ops	Chico	Chico	R			
North Ops	McClellan ATB	Sacramento	H/F Portable Retardant Plant			
South Ops	Fox	Lancaster	R			
South Ops	Fresno Air Terminal	Fresno	R limit 4 Aircraft			
South Ops	NTD Channel Islands ANGS	Ventura	H/F Portable Retardant Plant			
South Ops	Paso Robles Base	Paso Robles	R			
South Ops	San Bernardino International	San Bernardino	R/H/F/ Portable Retardant Plant			
South Ops	Santa Maria	Santa Maria	R			
Northwest	Kingsley Field	Klamath Falls, OR	R/H/F			
Great Basin	Reno/Stead	Reno, NV	R			
	R= Reload H= Hubb F=Full Activation					
	Additional reload bases may be approved					

HELICOPTERS

Aircraft are assigned numbers and are prefixed in California with the word "Copter". Helicopters from other regions may use the word "Helicopter".

FEDERAL HELICOPTERS

GACC	HELICOPTER	FOREST/PARK/DISTRICT	BASE
North Ops	502	Klamath – KNF	Scott Valley – A30
North Ops	503	Klamath - KNF	Scott Valley – A30
North Ops	506	Shasta - Trinity - SHF	Trinity – TRI
North Ops	510	Lassen - LNF	Chester – 5Q2
North Ops	512	Plumas - PNF	Quincy – 72CA
North Ops	514	Tahoe - TNF	Grass Valley – GOO
North Ops	516	Eldorado - ENF	Pacific – PAC
South Ops	517	Stanislaus - STF	Bald Mt – 76CA
South Ops	520R	Sierra - SNF	Trimmer – TRM
South Ops	522	Sequoia - SQF	Peppermint – PMT
South Ops	523	Sequoia - SQF	Kernville – L05
South Ops	525	Inyo - INF	Independence – 207
South Ops	527	Los Padres - LPF	Arroyo Grande – ARG
South Ops	528	Los Padres - LPF	Santa Ynez – IZA
South Ops	530	Los Padres - LPF	Chuchupate – CHU
South Ops	531N	Angeles - ANF	Fox Field - WJF
South Ops	532	Angeles - ANF	Fox Field - WJF
South Ops	534	San Bernardino - BDF	Heaps Peak – HPS
South Ops	535	San Bernardino - BDF	Keenwild – KEN
South Ops	538	Cleveland - CNF	Ramona – RNM
South Ops	551	Yosemite - YNP	Crane Flat – CFL
South Ops	552	Sequoia NP - KNP	Ash Mountain – 2CA0
North Ops	553	BLM Susanville - NOD	Ravendale – RAV
South Ops	554	BLM CA Desert - CDD	Apple Valley – 10CA
	R = Rappo	N = Night	Ops

FEDERAL TYPE 1 HELIBASES

GACC	HEAVY BASES	FOREST/AGENCY	BASE
North Ops	Type 1L	Placerville - PVF	Pacific - PAC
North Ops	Type 1L	Lassen - LNF	Chester - 5Q2
North Ops	Type 1L	Klamath - KNF	Siskiyou - SIY
North Ops	Type 1L	Tahoe - TNF	Truckee - TRK
South Ops	Type 1L	San Bernardino – BDF	San Bernardino – SBD
South Ops	Type 1L	Cleveland – CNF	Kitchen Creek – 00CN
South Ops	Type 1L	Sierra – SNF	Fresno - FAT
South Ops	Type 1L	Los Padres – LPF	Casitas - CAS
South Ops	Type 1L	Sequoia – SQF	Porterville - PTV
South Ops	Type 1L	Inyo – INF	Bishop - BIH

CAL FIRE

GACC	HELICOPTER	UNIT	BASE
North Ops	101	MEU	Howard Forest - HFS
North Ops	102	HUU	Kneeland - O19
North Ops	104	LNU	Boggs Mountain - BGS
North Ops	106	SCU	Alma - ALM
North Ops	202	LMU	Beiber - BBR
North Ops	205	TGU	Vina - VNA
South Ops	301	RRU	Hemet/Ryan - HMT
South Ops	305	BDU	Prado - PDO
South Ops	404	TCU	Columbia - O22
South Ops	406	BEU	Hollister (CVH)
North Ops	901	AMU	McClellan - MCC
North Ops	902	AMU	McClellan - MCC
North Ops	903	AMU	McClellan - MCC
North Ops	906	AMU	McClellan - MCC
North Ops	907	AMU	McClellan - MCC

CONTRACT COUNTIES

HELICOPTER	AGENCY/UNIT	BASE	
ORC 1 T2S	Orange County Fire – ORC	Fullerton - FUL	
ORC 2 T2S	Orange County Fire – ORC	Fullerton - FUL	
HT 739 T1L	Los Angeles County Fire – LAC		
Copter 11 T2S	Los Angeles County Fire – LAC		
Copter 12 T2S	Los Angeles County Fire – LAC		
Copter 14 T2S	Los Angeles County Fire – LAC	LAC Helicopters rotate between	
Copter 15 T1S Los Angeles County Fire – LAC		three helibases:	
Copter 16 T1S	Los Angeles County Fire – LAC	Brackett Field - POC Barton Heliport - PAI	
Copter 17 T2S	Los Angeles County Fire – LAC	Camp 8 Heliport - CL72	
Copter 18 T2S	Los Angeles County Fire – LAC (located in Malibu) Los Angeles County Fire – LAC		
Copter 19 T1S			
Copter 21 T1S	Los Angeles County Fire – LAC	S County Fire – LAC	
Copter 22 T1S	Los Angeles County Fire – LAC		
VNC 2 T1S	Ventura County Fire - VNC	Camarillo - CMA	
VNC 4 T1S	Ventura County Fire - VNC	Camarillo - CMA	
VNC 5 T2S	Ventura County Fire - VNC	Camarillo - CMA	
VNC 6 T2S	Ventura County Fire - VNC	Camarillo - CMA	
VNC 8 T2S	Ventura County Fire - VNC	Camarillo - CMA	
VNC 9 T2S	Ventura County Fire - VNC	Camarillo - CMA	
SBC 308 T2S	Santa Barbara County Fire-SBC	Santa Ynez - IZA	
SBC 309 T2S	Santa Barbara County Fire-SBC	Santa Ynez - IZA	
KRN 407 T2S	Kern County Fire-KRN	Keene Summit - KEE	
KRN 408 T2S	Kern County Fire-KRN	Mettler Fire Station	

Chapter 60 – Predictive Services

Intelligence Reporting Procedures

The main function of the Intelligence Unit is to provide up-to-date, real-time intelligence to management staff and decision makers regarding active incidents (wildfire suppression and/or managed fire) utilizing items such as daily risk forecast, fire weather conditions, resource allocations and availability.

Each GACC must rely on the Units to report certain information that enables compliance with national and state requirements. The ECCs will use established procedures in the daily reporting of shared resources. GACCs will maintain a list of days off for crews and air tankers. It is the responsibility of the Unit controlling the resource to advise the GACCs of any change in available status.

Federal Daily 1000 Report

Resource status will be updated continually in the current ordering system of record. GACC Intelligence offices will use the current ordering system for collection of federal resource status for the 1000 report.

The 1000 report will include:

• Number of Engines, Dozers, Water Tenders, Types 1, 2IA and 2 hand crews.

By 1100 hours each day, GACC Intelligence offices will compile and post to the GACC Intel webpage the Daily Report which documents current resource status. For access contact your local intelligence office.

Available for ONCC at: https://gacc.nifc.gov/oncc/intel.php Available for OSCC at: https://gacc.nifc.gov/oscc/intel.php

Situation Report

Interagency Situation Reporting

Issued daily, except when the unit is not staffed, such as off-season weekends or holidays.

The Interagency Situation Report (Sit Report) program captures incident activity and resources status information in a summary intended for use by fire managers. Once the information has been submitted via Wildland Fire Application Portal, it is used at the local, regional and national levels as a decision-making tool and to produce summary reports. The reporting period for this report is 0001 to 2400.

GACC Intelligence staff will ensure that all of their dispatch centers have submitted completed Sit Reports daily except when the unit(s) or GACC is not staffed; caught up the next regular workday.

Centers in South Ops will complete their submission by 1800 hours (1700 during winter months).

Centers in North Ops will complete their submission by 1700 hours (1600 during winter months).

Access to the input side of the Sit Report program can be obtained by calling the GACC Intelligence office for your area. The GACC's have edit access to all of their respective Units' Sit Report data. NICC has edit access to all Units' Sit Report data and bases the National Incident Management Situation Report (IMSR) on this information.

Units will report the following information into the Sit Report:

- Unit Preparedness Levels
- Daily Fire Statistics
- Daily acreage of large fire growth
- Planned Prescribed (Rx) Fires
- Year-To-Date (YTD) Statistics

- Dispatch Center Remarks:
 - o Brief summary of current situation
 - Predicted NFDRS adjective ratings
 - On-call dispatcher
- Dispatch office incident priority

For more specific reporting requirements and program instructions, reference the Sit Report User's Guide at: <u>Interagency SITuation REPORT User's Guide (2020) (nifc.gov)</u>

Report on Conditions (ROC)

The Report on Conditions (ROC) is an intelligence document that provides timely notification for situational awareness. This intelligence is used by decision makers in a number of forums. It is imperative that the intelligence stated is concise, timely and as accurate as possible.

Federal

The threshold for a ROC is an incident with large fire potential, extended commitment of resources, heavy media attention or at the discretion of the GACC. The Intelligence office will initiate contact with the local ECC for fire information for the duration of the incident. Reporting times for the Intelligence office is twice daily at 0600 and 1800; and as significant events occur.

State

- Initial Attack (IA) fire significantly augments resources.
- IA is developing into an Extended Attack or Major Fire situation.
- Incident receives (or has a high probability of receiving) significant media attention.
- Significant events occur during the incident (e.g., structures burning, burn-overs, serious injuries).
- Significant State Responsibility Area (SRA) acreage that has burned within Federal or Local Direct Protection Area (DPA) (including Contract Counties) regardless of CAL FIRE resource commitment. The decision to terminate or continue the ROC shall be the responsibility of the Region Duty Chief if additional threat to SRA is mitigated.
- Under the direction of the Region Duty Chief
- When either GACC elevates their PL to 4 or 5, Executive Management may require the reporting of all fires meeting ROC criteria regardless of CAL FIRE resource commitment. Significant federal and local fires that are reported in the ICS-209 at the time of the elevated PL shall be reported in the California Incident Summary and continued until a final ROC or until the PL level drops below PL 4. When the PL is reduced to 3 or lower, normal ROC reporting criteria shall resume for all incidents.
- If CAL FIRE air or ground resources are assigned to a non-CAL FIRE incident (Federal, Local, or out of state), the Region Duty Chief shall determine if the CAL FIRE Region Intel Office shall generate a correlating ROC. The hosting Unit may request ROC initiation when:
 - o Incident is receiving (or has a high probability of receiving) significant media attention which could have political overtones and CAL FIRE air or ground resources are assigned.
 - O Significant events during an incident where CAL FIRE air or ground resources are assigned. Examples may include threat of injury or death to multiple civilians, multiple civilian or firefighter injuries or fatalities, significant property loss or damage, significant infrastructure impact (major highway closures, power infrastructure shutdowns, public evacuations, etc.).
 - o Under the direction of the Region Duty Chief.

Incident Status Summary (ICS-209) Form

The GACC will ensure that information in the 209 Program is current for use in the Incident Management Situation Report (IMSR). The ICS-209 is submitted by the agency that has protection responsibility for the incident, regardless of who administers the land. If the protection agency is non-federal and chooses not to meet federal reporting standards, then the federal agency which has administrative jurisdiction will submit the incident ICS-209.

For non-fire incidents, an ICS-209 will be submitted when significant commitment of wildland fire resources has occurred, or when a Type 1 or 2 or Complex Incident Management Team has been assigned.

The Incident Status Summary (ICS-209) is submitted to the GACC through a web-based application. Specific instructions for completing the web-based ICS-209 are available at: ICS-209 User Guide 4.0 2020.pdf (nifc.gov)

When to Report Incidents with an ICS-209

Wildland fires managed for complete perimeter control (full suppression) will submit an ICS-209 until full containment has been achieved. Full suppression incidents will submit the ICS-209 twice daily by 0600 and 1800. Incidents that occur on Federal DPA, Federal Ownership and are not in unified command may submit the ICS-209 once per day by 1800. Incidents that meet the below criteria for weekly reporting will be submitted every Thursday by 1800. Incidents submitting once daily or weekly ICS-209s shall notify the appropriate GACC Intel staff by 0600 and report out on the IC call any significant changes that occur between reporting periods.

Units or Incidents should submit ICS-209 forms according to the following guidelines:

- An ICS-209 is required once an incident crosses the minimum threshold of 100 acres in timber/slash or 300 acres in grass/brush.
- An ICS-209 will be required if any of the following occurs regardless of size:
 - o A Type 1 or Type 2 or Complex IMT is assigned
 - Two or more incidents are managed as a Complex
 - o A severe accident or fatality has occurred
 - o Commitment of national resources (aircraft, Type 1 crews, etc.) for more than 72 hours
 - o Complete weekly if more than 72 hours since detection and none of the above has occurred.
- CALFIRE: in support of a fire management assistance grant (FMAG) application
- ICS-209 updates are required twice daily during each established operational period by 0600 and 1800 hours.
- Submissions of ICS-209 to once per day by 1800 can be negotiated between the GACC, the IC, the Agency Administrator, and under unified command with possible triggers, but not limited to:
 - o Incident moves from a Type 1 or 2 to a Type 3 or 4
 - No foreseen growth of the incident
 - All action is limited to one shift per day
 - High containment with minimal threats
 - Minimal commitment of critical resources
 - Incident is 100 percent FRA and is not in unified command
- A "Final" ICS-209 is submitted once the incident is 100% contained and/or controlled.
- Requirements for, or any combination of Confine, Monitor, Point Protection and Full Suppression (not including 100% Full Suppression fires)
 - An ICS-209 will be submitted daily no later than 1800 regardless of size if at any time one or more of the following occur:
 - A Type 1 or Type 2 or Complex IMT is assigned
 - A number of incidents have been declared a "managed" complex
 - A severe accident or fatality has occurred
 - If none of the above occur:
 - ICS-209 updates will be submitted Thursdays only no later than 1800 hours.
 - A final ICS-209 will be submitted once the incident is declared 100% contained and/or controlled.

Complex

Wildland fires within a complex should be aggregated and included on one ICS-209. A complex is two or more individual incidents located in the same general proximity, which are assigned to a single incident commander or unified command. The following complex reporting business practices for ICS-209 and IRWIN must be followed.

The complex parent is a unique record and is not a converted wildland fire incident record.

The complex parent record should be created in an IRWIN recognized CAD system, or as an individual ICS-209. The parent incident shall include the word "Complex" and not be named from an existing fire.

Finalize an existing ICS-209 child incident prior to associating the incident to the parent Complex.

Individual child incidents can be added to a complex within the ICS-209 program as either preexisting ICS-209 incidents or as individual IRWIN incidents created from another IRWIN recognized application using the 'Complex by Incident' button in block 7 of the ICS-209 data entry screen.

Incidents that do not have a unique IRWIN record cannot be added to the complex using the 'Complex by Incident' button.

If an incident is removed from the complex, it may resume ICS-209 reporting as an individual incident if appropriate, using normal ICS-209 reporting guidelines.

For questions or assistance contact the GACC Intelligence office.

Incident Map/IAP

Incidents should send the initial incident map data and IAPs directly to the Intelligence Staff (Electronically through email, FTP site or other electronic means) as soon as it becomes available.

Interagency Intelligence Report

The Interagency Intelligence Report will include a synopsis on current overall status within the GACC, a section on the general weather forecast for the day, and an extended weather outlook for the next 2-4 days. This report will also include sections detailing each significant incident within the GACC. These sections will give a brief incident summary of individual incidents and the resources committed to them.

This report will be compiled from the most current information available and will be electronically shared with cooperating agencies by 1200 hours each day during large fire activity.

Predictive Services Weather

Weather and fire danger products and a variety of other tools are often utilized to make fire management decisions. Many of these products, including firefighter pocket cards, are based on the data maintained in historical fire occurrence and weather databases. In order to make these products as accurate as possible, fire management staff will ensure weather station and fire history data are entered correctly and accurately into the appropriate databases in a timely manner. The importance of these systems will be reiterated at fire management meetings, training sessions, and through email systems.

Daily issuance of the 7-Day Significant Fire Potential product:

Each GACC's Predictive Services will produce a "7-Day Significant Fire Potential" product Monday through Friday through April 30th. Beginning May 1st, the product will be produced daily through the end of high fire season. This will be posted on the Predictive Services Weather web pages by 0900.

National 7-Day Significant Fire Potential (nwcg.gov)

Northern California Geographic Area Coordination Center (ONCC) (nifc.gov)

Southern California Geographic Area Coordination Center (OSCC) (nifc.gov)

Reference the National Interagency Mobilization Guide (NMG) Chapter 60, for content and format.

Chapter 60 National Interagency Mobilization Guide (nifc.gov)

Seasonal Outlooks:

The Monthly/Seasonal Outlooks will be completed by each GACC and submitted to NICC three days prior to the end of each month. The individual GACC's outlook will be posted to the website by the 1st of each month

North Ops and Hawaii

Predictive Services, Outlooks (nifc.gov)

South Ops:

Predictive Services, Outlooks (nifc.gov)

National:

Geographic Area Coordination Center (GACC) Website Template (nifc.gov)

Monthly Zone/Regional Fire Report:

Each GACC will compile their respective forests' fires and acres tabulations for the preceding month and develop the monthly geographic area fire report for their area. North Ops Predictive Services will electronically transmit their report to South Ops Predictive Services/Intelligence for compilation of the two Geographic Area reports into the Regional Monthly Fire Report. Upon completion of this regional report by South Ops Predictive Services a copy will be transmitted to the Regional Office as well as to North Ops Predictive Services. Each GACC's Predictive Services Section will be responsible for electronically transmitting this report to their respective Units.

Smoke Transport and Stability Outlooks:

Each Predictive Services Unit will produce daily a "Smoke Transport and Stability Outlook" These products can be found at:

North Ops: <u>Northern California Smoke Transport and Stability Outlook</u>
South Ops: <u>Southern California Smoke Transport and Stability Outlook</u>

These are to be posted on the websites by 1130.

Fuels/Fire Danger Products:

The GACCs Predictive Services sections will update the 100 Hr and 1000 Hr dead fuel moisture charts as well as the ERC charts on a daily basis for various severity weather stations within the GACC as well as for each Predictive Service Area (PSA) They are posted at the following locations:

ONCC Predictive Services website at: https://gacc.nifc.gov/oncc/fuelsFireDanger.php **OSCC** Predictive Services website as: https://gacc.nifc.gov/oscc/fuelsFireDanger.php

Each GACCs Predictive Services will utilize a Fire Behavior Analyst (FBAN) for preparing a Fuels and Fire Behavior Advisory.

Predictive Services Chapter 60

NFDRS RAWS Maintenance Based on Preparedness Level:

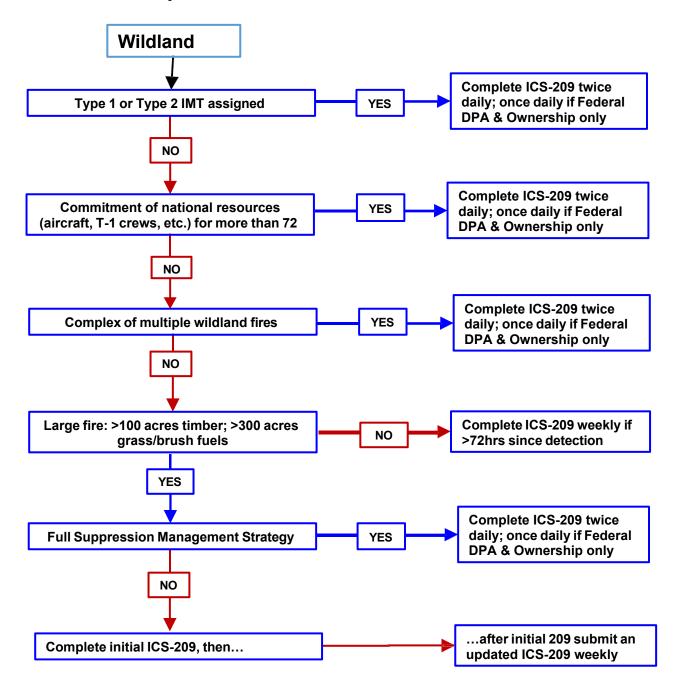
The following is a matrix describing preparedness level driven actions authorized and action required in maintaining RAWS utilized for NFDRS based products and decision processes.

Item	Action Description	Preparedness Levels				
	NFDRS RAWS: Year Round - PSA - Pocket CardStations	1	2	3	4	5
U1	Stations meet NFDRS maintenance standards and sitingguidelines	AR	AR	AR	AR	AR
U2	All days with available RAWS data for regular scheduled (R/S) observation times will be "published"in WIMS	AR	AR	AR	AR	AR
U3	All annual maintenance completed as early in the fieldseason as possible (prior to WIMS "greenup" is preferred) and maintenance is documented in WFMI	AR	AR	AR	AR	AR
U4	Identify and troubleshoot data errors within 48 hours	AR	AR	AR	AR	AR
U5	Adhere to the 3-day response time to system failures infire season - NFDRS STANDARD	AR	AR	See U6 & U7	See U6 & U7	See U6 & U7
U6	Adhere to 24-hour response time to identify, troubleshoot, and process a RAWS Depot/vendorreplacement order			AR	AR	AR
U7	Adhere to 24-hour response time to replace or makerepairs after receiving the RAWS Depot/vendor replacement order			AR	AR	AR
FS-1	If Forest Service items (U1- U7) are not at required level, the Regional RAWS Coordinator is authorized to secure annual maintenance and/or system failures maintenance at Forest expense.				AR	AR
For	FS-1 U1-U7 AR AA Forest Service specific Applies to all agencies Action Required Action Authorized				ed	

Internet Sites GACC Intelligence:

North Ops: <u>Predictive Services, ONCC Intel (nifc.gov)</u> South Ops: <u>Predictive Services, OSC Intelligence (nifc.gov)</u> Predictive Services Chapter 60

When to Report Wildland Fire Incidents with an ICS-209



An ICS-209 can be requested at the discretion of the GACC or CalMAC

A final 209 shall be completed at containment and/or control.

Predictive Services Chapter 60

This page is intentionally left blank

Incidents Chapter 70

Chapter 70 - Incidents

Incident Record Creation

Local dispatch centers are the focal point for the report of, and initial response to wildland fires, and under appropriate authorities, other emergency incidents at the local level. Dispatch centers have the responsibility and authority to create incidents, process requests, coordinate response, and track resources and information under the delegation of the benefiting agency(s). The acceptable business practice is one ignition, one record, one authoritative data source, one centralized ordering point per incident.

Local Dispatch Centers have the primary responsibility for incident creation within an integrated system.

Incidents will be created by the dispatch center with delegated authority for the benefiting agency(s) and associated Protecting Unit based on the point of origin (POO) of the incident.

Potential Conflicts/Duplicate Records

Potential conflicting incidents in IRWIN are identified when they plot less than a half mile from each other, the discovery time is within 6 hours, AND are either reported by different a Dispatch Center or different application. When two Duplicate incidents are entered and these criteria are met, the first incident in, will be in Potential Conflict and the second incident will be in Potential Conflict and Quarantine in IRWIN. Users need to determine which incident is the correct incident.

When Center(s)/Users are aware of duplicate records within the system, they need to work in coordination with each other to determine which incident is correct following recommended business practices. See Initial Attack Dispatching within Chapter 19 in the Interagency Fire Center (nifc.gov) or Chapter 70 National Interagency Mobilization Guide (nifc.gov) for additional direction.

Multiple Event/records will not be created when an incident burns onto or crosses jurisdictional boundaries. When duplicate records are inadvertently created, every effort will be made to rectify by aligning incident and resource data associated with multiple records to the correct record.

In some cases, an exception may be made to create an additional non-Wildfire event record. These cases very are limited and will <u>require</u> close coordination with the GACC Duty Chief (Federal), Duty Officer (State), as well as State and Regional Incident Business Leads/CIBC.

Notify the GACC when the following applies:

- Changes/corrections are made to initial Point-of-Origin (POO)
- Changes/corrections in Unified Ordering Point (UOP)
- Entering/exiting Unified Command
- Entering/exiting Cost Share
- Incident transitions back to local unit
- Incident complexing/merges or splits

Incidents Chapter 70

Unprotected Lands

Unprotected Lands are defined as areas for which no fire organization has responsibility for management of a wildfire authorized by law, contract, or personal interest of the fire organization (e.g., a timber or rangeland association).

In the event a Protecting Unit has not been determined for the POO, i.e., Unprotected Lands, there are two acceptable rationales for incident creation.

- 1. The responding organization determines threat to protected lands
- 2. The responding organization determines incident has already burned onto protected lands.

In this circumstance, fire management direction/Duty Officer will determine if either criterion is met resulting in incident creation and associated response. In this instance, the responding organization assumes responsibility for the incident and their respective Unit ID will be used for Protecting Unit.

Cost Coding

Interagency Fire and Severity Activities

The five (5) Federal agencies with Wildland Fire Management funds (BLM, BIA, NPS, FWS, and USFS) have an Interagency Agreement for Wildfire Management which provides a basis for cooperation on all aspects of wildfire activities. Included in this agreement is the direction to NOT bill for services rendered for emergency fire suppression, including severity activities.

Regardless of benefitting jurisdiction, GACCs can preposition resources using their assigned support FireCode in advance of predicted significant wildland fire potential; to meet ongoing fire activity needs when the resource assignment is not yet known; or for resources supporting multiple incidents.

For Severity, the BLM, FWS, NPS and BIA will use a four-digit interagency FireCode to track and compile costs for all severity activities; the ordering office must include the word "severity" within the resource order incident name. These DOI agencies will use FireCode D0YY when supporting FS severity activities. Information on the interagency FireCode can be found at

Microsoft Word - FireCode UserGuide 2018Jun20.doc

Guidance for Use of Incident Job Codes

The following direction and procedures will be used to establish and charge to wildfire, severity, support and non-fire incident job codes:

Use of Incident Job Codes for Fiscal Year 2023 (usda.gov)

Federal: For questions regarding the use of incident job codes, contact your Agency's Incident Business Lead.

Chapter 80 - Cooperation

Successful incident management within California requires close cooperation with a number of other fire departments, agencies, and organizations. Incident managers must be knowledgeable regarding the abilities and needs of cooperators. Copies of cooperative agreements and operating plans should be available to all incident managers. It is generally most effective to handle cooperative efforts at the local level. However, if needed assistance is not available at the local level, direct requests to the GACC.

Compact Agreements

Emergency Management Assistance Compact (EMAC)

The Emergency Management Assistance Compact is a mutual aid agreement between states and territories of the United States. It enables states to share resources during natural and man-made disasters, including terrorism.

See Chapter 10, page 22, for mobilization/demobilization process.

Cooperative Agreements

There are various Regional/State and Local Agreements and Operating Plans currently in use. A short summary of some of these agreements follows.

National Agreements

For all National agreements, including the NIFC and Meteorological Services, can be found at: http://www.nifc.gov/nicc/mobguide/Chapter%2010.pdf

Statewide Agreements

California Master Cooperative Wildland Fire Management and Stafford Act Response Agreement (CFMA)

The "California Cooperative Wildland Fire Management and Stafford Act Response Agreement" (CFMA) is an agreement between the BLM (California and Nevada), NPS (Pacific West Region), BIA (Pacific Region), US Fish and Wildlife (Pacific Southwest Region), USFS (Regions 4, 5, and 6), and CAL FIRE. The purpose of this agreement is to document the commitment of the above Agencies to improve efficiency by facilitating the coordination and exchange of personnel, equipment, supplies, services, information, and funds between the above Agencies to this agreement. Only wildland fires and Presidentially declared non-wildland fire emergencies or disasters are covered under this agreement.

Reference CFMA at: fseprd576218.pdf (usda.gov)

California Fire Assistance Agreement (CFAA)

Under this all risk agreement, the State of California (CAL FIRE and CAL OES) and Federal Fire Agencies (USFS, BLM, NPS, BIA, US Fish and Wildlife) may request emergency apparatus and personnel from the California Fire and Rescue Mutual Aid System (CAL OES and Local Government Agencies). The State of California and Federal Fire Agencies shall use this agreement as the primary fiscal authority for reimbursing local government agencies for the use of their resources

Reference CFAA at: May 1, 2020 – December 31, 2024 CFAA Agreement with 2020 Exhibits (ca.gov)

California Fire Service and Rescue Emergency Mutual Aid Plan and the California Disaster and Civil Defense Master Mutual Aid Agreement (MMA)

The purpose of this plan and agreement is to provide for systematic mobilization, organization and operation of necessary fire and rescue resources of the state and its political subdivisions in mitigating the effects of disasters, whether natural or human-caused. This plan and agreement are for the voluntary expedient mobilization and response of available fire and rescue resources on a local, area, regional and statewide basis.

Reference MMA at:

https://www.caloes.ca.gov/cal-oes-divisions/fire-rescue/documents-publications

California Interagency Military Helicopter Firefighting Program

This agreement between the California National Guard, CAL FIRE, USDA Forest Service, USDI Bureau of Land Management, USDI National Park Service and CAL OES provides access to additional aircraft in times of emergency. This agreement identifies operational procedures and administrative procedures for cost and reimbursement.

California Conservation Corps (CCC)

The CCC has an agreement with CAL FIRE and Federal Agencies to provide fire and support crews. Refer to Chapter 30 for ordering.

FAA and Forest Service Region 5

This agreement outlines procedures and responsibilities for temporary airport traffic control tower services for firefighting activities within the Forest Service Region 5. Each GACC will keep a copy of the agreement.

CAL FIRE Contract County Agreement

The counties of Marin, Kern, Santa Barbara, Ventura, Los Angeles, and Orange have assumed responsibility for the wildland fire protection of SRA within their counties and are collectively referred to as "Contract Counties." This agreement allows CAL FIRE to utilize contract county wildland resources for incidents statewide.

Memorandums of Understanding and Operating Plans

<u>Sierra Front, Carson City Field Office to Plumas National Forest - Memorandum of Understanding: DOI, BLM Carson City Field office and USDA USFS Plumas National Forest</u>

The purpose of this memorandum of understanding (MOU) among the U.S, Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (BLM), Carson City Field Office and the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Forest Service, Plumas National Forest is to outline and formulate a cooperative plan to ensure the continued support efforts for wildfire preventions, pre-suppression, suppression and cohabitation thru the sharing of the BLM facility Doyle Fire House.

<u>Sierra Front to NorCal District, Eagle Lake Field Office and Lassen Modoc Plumas Unit CAL FIRE - Memorandum of Understanding</u>

USDI Bureau of Land Management, Eagle Lake Field Office, Nor Cal District, the USDI Bureau of Land Management, Carson City District, and CAL FIRE, Lassen Modoc Plumas Unit. The purpose of this MOU is to provide efficient fire protection and suppression in the Eagle Lake Field Office's District Protection Area in southeast Lassen County and northwestern Nevada. In addition, this MOU is intended to enhance the sharing of fire management resources and the utilization of closest forces in the completion of the agencies fire protection and suppression responsibilities.

<u>Interagency Agreement between USDI, Bureau of Land Management Bishop Field Office and the USDA, Forest Service Humboldt Toiyabe</u>

The purpose of this agreement is to document the cooperation between the parties to define the initial attack boundaries, suppression and dispatch responsibilities, provide engine and office space, duty officer coverage and provide maintenance for Topaz Station.

Operating Agreement between the US Forest Service Klamath National Forest, Rogue River Siskiyou National Forest, Modoc National Forest and Six Rivers National Forest; California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection (CAL FIRE); Oregon Department of Forestry; Southwest Oregon District, Klamath/Lake District Office, Coos Forest Protection Association; National Park Service-Redwood National Park.

Pre-planned mutual aid initial attack response by identifying the "closest forces" to each planned response area, agreeing to which resources will be automatically dispatched and entering that planned response in their individual dispatch databases.

Mutual aid will be provided for specific pre-planned initial attack response areas. Only initial attack response areas that border on an agency's DPA border will be considered for mutual aid. Resources identified for automatic initial attack for these response areas will be covered under mutual aid. All resources will be covered by CFMA and will provide mutual aid. All other resources being supplied by the supporting agency will be covered under assistance by hire.

Four-State Mutual Assistance Operating Plan (California, Nevada, Arizona, Utah)

This agreement is between Bureau of Indian Affairs: Colorado River Agency and Fort Yuma Agency; Bureau of Land Management: California Desert District, Las Vegas Field Office, Arizona Strip Field Office, Phoenix District Office, Yuma Field Office, Lake Havasu Field Office and Kingman Field Office; National Park Service: Lake Mead National Recreation Area, Mojave National Preserve, Death Valley National Park and Joshua Tree National Park; US Fish and Wildlife Service: Arizona Yuma Complex; US Forest Service: Spring Mountain National Recreation Area. The purpose of this agreement is to improve intrastate and interstate utilization of closest initial attack resources. Enhance coordination of fire management objectives between federal agencies in the four adjoining states within the first 24 hours of an incident.

Initial Attack Operating Plan Western Great Basin and California Coordination Centers.

This operating plan exists to document the intent of the participating agencies to provide specified fire suppression forces to each other. This plan is intended to document the agencies methods of complying with the National Interagency Mobilization Guide, Chapter 10 and provide for State of California resources which are often involved in this response. This plan in no way alters local initial attack (IA) agreements and, in fact, may enhance the execution of local IA agreements by improving the response time. Resources provided by CAL FIRE will be in accordance with CFMA, when responding to federal wildland agency incidents in Nevada.

Airspace Boundary Management Plan

The requirement for increased management and coordination is due to the possibility of two or more agencies/cooperators conducting simultaneous, uncoordinated aviation operations within those areas which would unknowingly put the responding aerial operations within close proximity to another, placing aircraft and crews at risk. The purpose of this plan is to identify such boundaries and initial attack zones and provide means of communication, coordination, and airspace deconfliction within those areas. Aerial operations on, or adjacent to agency/cooperator boundaries, and areas where a neighboring agency/cooperator provides fire suppression on lands administered by the adjoining agency/cooperator (mutual aid, shared, or exchanged initial attack areas or zones) require increased management and coordination.

Local Agreements

Numerous local agreements exist between Units in California. Many of the border units have initial attack agreements in place to request assistance from Units across GACC borders for initial attack resources.

Initial Attack Border Agreements

The purpose of the following agreements is to improve efficiencies and effectiveness by facilitating the exchange of information, personnel, equipment, aircraft, supplies and services among the bordering cooperating agencies.

Department of Interior, Bureau of Land Management: Northern California District, Winnemucca District, Lakeview District, Burns District and Vale District.

Fish and Wildlife Service: Sheldon-Hart Mountain NWR, Malheur National Wildlife Refuge

Department of Agriculture, Forest Service: Fremont-Winema National Forest and Modoc National Forest Oregon Department of Forestry-Klamath-Lake District.

Selection areas in the current ordering system are open or can be opened to Units that have initial attack agreements.

Normally operational procedures are in place to return resources in a timely manner and not to utilize this process for extended needs. Contact the GACC to open these selection areas.

Non-Suppression Activity Agreements

Reimbursement Processes for Forest Service and Department of Interior

These agreements are in place for Non-Suppression activities, including fuels projects and rehabilitation of public lands.

Reimbursement process for non-suppression activities under Forest Service/DOI Master Interagency Agreement – extended to December 31, 2022

Agreement Number References:

BLM Agreement # L16PG00129

BIA Agreement #2013-K00441-MOU-002

NPS Agreement #G9560160054

FWS Agreement #FF09-R220-l6-M-6002 FS Agreement #16-lA-11132543-057

Reimbursement Processes for Federal Agencies and CAL FIRE (CFMA)

Several provisions of the CFMA allow the Federal Agencies and CAL FIRE to jointly conduct cooperative projects and engage in certain non-suppression activities.

Reference the CFMA at: fseprd576218.pdf (usda.gov)

Reimbursement Process for Forest Service with Local Fire Departments

Cooperative Fire Agreements allow for the use of local fire department resources in certain non-suppression activities, i.e. prescribed burning. Reimbursement for these activities is different from processes used to reimburse for suppression activities.

Reference: http://www.fs.usda.gov/detail/r5/fire-aviation/management/?cid=stelprdb5363446

Interagency Facilities

Northern Region

Operations, Northern California Geographic Area Coordination Center (North Ops. ONCC):

Combines the U.S. Forest Service, the CAL FIRE Northern Region, the BLM Northern California Region, National Fish & Wildlife Service, Bureau of Indian Affairs, and the National Park Service into one cooperating unit. The facility is currently administered under a Memorandum of Understanding between these agencies. North Ops will maintain a file copy of this agreement.

Camino Interagency Command Center (CICC):

Combines the Eldorado National Forest, Lake Tahoe Basin Management Unit and CAL FIRE Amador-El Dorado Unit into one cooperating unit.

North Coast Interagency Communication Center (NCIC):

Combines the Six Rivers National Forest, Redwood National Park, Hoopa Reservation, and the Humboldt Bay National Wildlife Refuge into one cooperating unit.

Grass Valley Emergency Command Center (GVCC):

Combines the Tahoe National Forest and CAL FIRE Nevada-Yuba-Placer Unit into one cooperating unit.

Mendocino Fire Center (MNFC):

Combines the Mendocino National Forest, Golden Gate NRA, Point Reyes National Seashore, Hawaii Volcanos National Park, and Sacramento National Wildlife Refuge into one cooperating unit.

Modoc Interagency Command Center (MICC):

Combines Modoc National Forest, Lava Beds National Monument, and the National Fish & Wildlife Lower Klamath Refuge into one cooperating unit.

Redding Interagency Command Center (RICC):

Combines the Shasta-Trinity National Forests, Whiskeytown National Recreational Area, and CAL FIRE Shasta-Trinity Unit into one cooperating unit.

Susanville Interagency Fire Center (SIFC):

Combines the Lassen National Forest, BLM Northern California District, Lassen Volcanic National Park, and CAL FIRE Lassen-Modoc Unit into one cooperating unit.

Yreka Interagency Command Center (YICC):

Combines the Klamath National Forest and CAL FIRE Siskiyou Unit into one cooperating unit.

Southern Region

Operations, Southern California Geographic Area Coordination Center (South Ops. OSCC):

Combines the U.S Forest Service, CAL FIRE Southern Region, BLM California Desert District, BLM Central California District, National Fish & Wildlife Service, Bureau of Indian Affairs, and the National Park Service Dispatch functions into one cooperating unit. The facility is currently administered under a Memorandum of Understanding between these agencies. South Ops will maintain a file of this agreement.

Angeles Emergency Communications Center (ANCC):

Combines the Angeles National Forest and Santa Monica Mountains National Recreation Area into one cooperating unit.

Central California Interagency Communications Center (CCCC):

Combines the BLM Central California District, Tule Indian Reservation, Kern National Wildlife Refuge, and Sequoia National Forest into one cooperating unit.

<u>Los Padres Interagency Communications Center (LPCC):</u>

Combines the Los Padres National Forest and Channel Islands National Park into one cooperating unit.

Owens Valley Interagency Communications Center (OVCC):

Combines the Inyo National Forest and BLM Bishop Field Office into one cooperating unit.

San Diego Interagency Command Center (SDIC):

Combines the Cleveland National Forest, Southern California Wildlife Refuge, Camp Pendleton Marine Base, Cabrillo National Monument, and CAL FIRE San Diego Unit into one cooperating unit.

San Bernardino Interagency Command Center (SBCC):

Combines the San Bernardino National Forest, BLM California Desert District, Death Valley National Park, Joshua Tree National Park, Mojave National Preserve, Castle Mountain National Monument, and BIA-Southern California Agency into one cooperating unit.

San Benito-Monterey Command Center (BECC):

Combines CAL FIRE San Benito Monterey Unit and Pinnacles National Park.

Sierra Interagency Communications Center (SICC):

Combines the Sierra National Forest, Fish & Wildlife Service San Luis Wildlife Refuge into one cooperating unit.

Chapter 90 – GACC and Emergency Directory

DIRECTORY TABLE OF CONTENTS	
Quick Reference Guide – Northern California Centers.	114
Quick Reference Guide – Southern California Centers	115
Quick Reference Guide – Geographic Area Coordination Centers (GACCs)	116
Quick Reference Guide - Miscellaneous Contact Numbers	117
National Interagency Coordination Center (NICC)	118
Office of Aviation Services	119
Pacific Southwest Regional Offices	119
Regional Incident Business Operations	120
Regional Law Enforcement	121
Regional Aviation Groups	122
Northern California Geographic Area Coordination Center (ONC)	124
Redding Predictive Services Unit	124
Northern California National Interagency Support Cache (NCK)	125
Southern California Geographic Area Coordination Center (OSC)	125
Southern California National Interagency Support Cache (LSK)	125
Riverside Predictive Services Unit	126
San Dimas Technology & Development Center	126
U.S. Forest Service – Pacific Southwest Region Forests (USFS).	127
Bureau of Land Management Districts (BLM)	136
National Park Service (NPS)	138
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS)	145
Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA)	147
California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection (CAL FIRE)	149
CAL FIRE Contract Counties	156
Governor's Office of Emergency Services (CAL OES)	158
Governor's Office of Emergency Services – Operations Coordination Center/FIRESCOPE	160
CAL OES Region I (CR01)	161
CAL OES Region II (CR02)	163
CAL OES Region III (CR03)	166
CAL OES Region IV (CR04)	168
CAL OES Region V (CR05)	170
CAL OES Region VI (CR06)	172
Fire Weather Forecast Offices (WFO)	173
Pacific Southwest Research Centers (PSW)	176

QUICK REFERENCE

The Quick Reference is only the California GACCs/ECCs. For agencies not listed or for specifics, see the following complete listing.

NORTHERN CALIFORNIA – QUICK REFERENCE

CENTER	24 HR	ON CALL		PHONE	FAX
North Ops (ONCC)		X	Federal	530-226-2800	530-226-2742
North Ops (ONCC)	X		State	530-224-2466	530-224-4308
Coming (CCIC)		X	Federal	530-644-0200	530-647-5279
Camino (CCIC)	X		State	530-647-5220	No Fax
Felton (CZCC)	X		State	831-335-6719	
Fortuna (HUCC)	X		State	707-726-1280	707-726-1265
Constant Valley (CVCC)		X	Federal	530-477-7237	530-477-5203
Grass Valley (GVCC)	X		State	530-477-0641	530-477-5203
Howard Forest (MECC)	X		State	707-459-7403	707-459-7405
Mendocino (MNCF)		X	Federal	530-934-7758	530-934-2326
Modoc (MICC)		X	Federal Duty Cell	530-233-8880 530-640-1868	530-233-8889
Morgan Hill (SCCC)	X		State	408-201-0490	408-778-6149
North Coast (NCIC)		X	Federal	707-441-3644	707-441-3602
Oroville (BTCC)	X		State	530-538-6841	530-538-6873
Plumas (PNFC)		X	Federal	530-283-7838	530-283-7851
Red Bluff (TGCC)	X		State	530-529-8542	530-529-8539
Dadding (DICC)		X	Federal	530-226-2499	530-241-4807
Redding (RICC)	X		State	530-225-2411	530-241-4807
Saint Helena (LNCC)	X		State	707-963-4112	707-963-4013
Sugarville (SEC)		X	Federal	530-257-5575	530-257-7149
Susanville (SIFC)	X		State	530-257-5575	530-257-7149
Woodacre (MRCC)	X		County	415-473-6717	415-473-7820
Vroleo (VICC)		X	Federal	530-842-3380	530-842-6953
Yreka (YICC)	X		State	530-842-7066	530-842-6953

${\bf SOUTHERN\ CALIFORNIA-QUICK\ REFERENCE}$

CENTER	24 HR	ON CALL		PHONE	FAX
South One (OSCC)		X	Federal	951-276-6721	951-782-4900
South Ops (OSCC)	X		State	951-782-4169	951-782-4900
Angeles (ANCC)	X		Federal	661-723-3620	661-723-2710
Ash Mountain (SQCC)		X	Federal	559-565-3164	559-565-3797
Berdo (BDCC)	X		State	909-883-1112	909-881-6970
Inyo (OVCC)		X	Federal	760-873-2488	760-873-2459
Kern (KRCC)	X		County	661-324-6551	661-324-6557
L.A. County (LACC)	X		County	323-881-6183	323-266-6925
Los Padres (LPCC)		X	Federal	805-961-5727	805-961-5797
Mariposa (MMCC)	X		State	209-966-3803	209-966-7527
a b. (abia)	X		Federal	619-557-5262	619-557-6935
San Diego (SDIC)	X		State	619-593-0384	619-590-3196
Monterey (BECC)	X		State	831-647-6241	831-333-2655
Orange (ORCC)	X		County	714-573-6500	714-368-8830
Perris (RRCC)	X		State	951-940-6949	951-657-3191
Porterville (CCCC)		X	Federal	559-781-5780	No Fax
San Andreas (TCCC)	X		State	209-754-0675	209-754-1723
San Bernardino (SBCC)	X		Federal	909-383-5651	909-383-5587
San Luis (SLCC)	X		State	805-593-3451	805-543-6909
Santa Barbara (SBDC)	X		County	805-692-5723	805-692-5725
Sierra (SICC)		X	Federal	559-500-4546	559-348-0239
Fresno (FKCC)	X		State	559-294-6818	No Fax
Stanislaus (STCC)		X	Federal	209-532-3786	209-533-1892
Ventura (VNCC)	X		County	805-388-4279	805-383-7631
Visalia (TUCC)	X		State	559-636-4172	559-732-4986
Yosemite (YPCC)	X		Federal	209-379-1999	209-379-2728

${\bf GEOGRAPHIC\ AREA\ COORDINATION\ CENTER\ (GACC)-QUICK\ REFERENCE}$

GEOGRAFING AREA COORDINATION CENTI	(Gree) Qe	
National Interagency Coordination Center	Telephone:	(208) 387-5400
(NICC)	Fax:	(208) 387-5663 or (208) 387-5414
	Email:	cod@blm.gov
	Web Site:	http://www.nifc.gov/news/nicc.html
Alaska Interagency Coordination Center	Telephone:	(907) 356-5600
(AICC)	Fax:	(907) 356-5697
	DMS:	akaccmob@dms.nwcg.gov
	Web Site:	http://fire.ak.blm.gov/
Eastern Area Coordination Center	Telephone:	(414) 944-3811
(EACC)	Fax:	(801)-531-5321
	Intel Fax:	(414) 944-3839
	Email:	wieacc@fs.fed.us
	Web Site:	http://gacc.nifc.gov/eacc/
Great Basin Coordination Center	Telephone:	(801) 531-5320
(GBCC)	Fax:	(801) 531-5321
	DMS:	utebcmob@dms.nwcg.gov
	Web Site:	http://gacc.nifc.gov/gbcc/
Northern California Coordination Center	Telephone:	(530) 226-2800
(ONCC)	Fax:	(530) 223-4280
	DMS:	caoncmob@dms.nwcg.gov
	Web Site:	http://gacc.nifc.gov/oncc/
Northern Rockies Coordination Center	Telephone:	(406) 329-4880
(NRCC)	Fax:	(406) 329-4891
	DMS:	mtnrc@dms.nwcg.gov
	Web Site:	http://gacc.nifc.gov/nrcc/
Northwest Area Coordination Center	Telephone:	(503) 808-2720
(NWCC)	Fax:	(503) 808-2750
	DMS:	ornwc1@gmail.com
	Web Site:	https://gacc.nifc.gov/nwcc/
Rocky Mountain Coordination Center	Telephone:	(303) 445-4300
(RMCC)	Fax:	(888) 850-2925
	DMS:	cormc@dms.nwcg.gov
	Web Site:	http://gacc.nifc.gov/rmcc/
Southern Area Coordination Center	Telephone:	(678) 320-3000
(SACC)	Fax:	(678) 320-3036
	DMS:	smob@fs.fed.us
	Web Site:	http://gacc.nifc.gov/sacc/
Southern California Coordination Center	Telephone:	(951) 276-6721
(OSCC)	Fax:	(951) 782-4900
	DMS:	caoscob@dms.nwcg.gov
	Web Site:	http://gacc.nifc.gov/oscc/
Southwest Coordination Center	Telephone:	(505) 842-3473
(SWCC)	Fax:	(505) 842-3801
*	DMS:	nmswcmob@dms.nwcg.gov
	Web Site:	http://gacc.nifc.gov/swcc/

MISCELLANEOUS – QUICK REFERENCE

CENTER	PHONE	FAX
Northern California National Interagency Support Cache (NCK)	530-226-2850	530-226-2854
Southern California National Interagency Support Cache (LSK)	909-947-3091 Menu item 3	909-947-6391
CAL OES Warning Center	916-845-8911	916-845-8910
CAL OES Duty Chief	916-845-8670	
CAL OES Coordination Center	916-636-3885	
National Interagency Coordination Center (NICC)	208-387-5400	208-387-5663/5414
Great Basin Coordination Center (GBCC)	801-531-5320	801-531-5321
Northwest Coordination Center (NWCC)	503-808-2720	503-808-2750
Southwest Coordination Center (SWCC)	505-842-3473	505-842-3801

National Interagency Coordination Center (NICC)		
3833 S. Development Avenue	Business:	208-387-5400
Boise, ID 83705-5354	After Hours:	208-387-5400
COD@nifc.blm.gov	Flight Following:	800-994-6312
	Fax:	208-387-5663
	Fax:	208-387-5414
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Peterson, Sean	208-387-5418	208-258-4267
Center Manager (BLM)	200 307 3 110	200 230 1207
Hartman, Derrek	208-387-5656	208-296-0986
Assistant Center Manager (FS)		
Vacant Assistant Center Manager (BLM)		
Vacant		
CIMT Coordinator		
Kephart, Megan		
Intelligence Coordinator	208-387-5093	208-914-4302
Oroz, Teri	200 207 5002	
Intelligence Officer	208-387-5093	
Benoit, Rob	209-387-5657	208-387-5439
Emergency Operations Coordinator	209-387-3037	200-307-3433
Lee, David	208-387-5655	208-617-9517
Emergency Operations Coordinator	200 307 2032	200 017 9017
Dunn, Sean	208-387-5654	208-809-0331
Emergency Operations Coordinator		
Maughan, Meagan Emergency Operations Coordinator	208-387-5661	208-780-9435
Owczarzak, Kim		
Airspace Program Manager	208-387-5567	208-296-9818
Wallman, Jim	200 207 5451	200 ((1 0200
Meteorologist	208-387-5451	208-661-8389
Nauslar, Nick	208-387-5449	208-807-3973
Meteorologist	208-387-3449	200-007-3973
Larrabee, Steve	208-387-5439	208-484-9398
Fire Analyst	200 307 3139	200 101 7370
Lead Logistics Coordinators		
Hampton, Matt	200 207 5400	
Loewen, Charlie	208-387-5400	
Oke, Nicole		
Clack, Wade		
Logistics Coordinators Abbott, Blake		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Breitenstein, Perry		
Hunt, Will	200 207 5400	
Kennedy, Ty	208-387-5400	
Mayer, Scott		
Moore, Jason		
Smith, Greg		
Terrell, Nick		

Office of Aviation Services			
Office of Aviation Services	Business:	208-433-5000	
300 E. Mallard Dr. Ste 200	Commercial:	888-464-7427	
Boise, ID 83706-3991	Fax:	208-433-5007	
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL	
Bathrick, Mark Associate Director	208-433-5001		
Getchell, Ralph Chief, Division of Tech Service	208- 433-5077		
Gividen, John "Rick" Chief, Branch of Training	208- 433-5090		
Koeckeritz, Brad Training Specialist	208- 433-5091		
VACANT Training Specialist	208-433-5092		
Johnston, Vicki Flight Coordinator Center, Western Regional Office	208-334-9314		
Carter, Joshua Chief, Branch of Acquisition	208- 433-5025		

FOREST SERVICE

Pacific Southwest Regional Office (RO5)		
1323 Club Drive	Business:	707-562-8737
Vallejo, CA 94592	After Hours:	530-226-2800 (NOPS)
(firstname.lastname@usda.gov)	Fax:	707-562-9048
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Gamboa, Jaime (Detail) Director, FAM	707-562-8925	909-677-6017
Saldana, Yolanda (Detail) Deputy Director, FAM	707-562-8927	530-638-6378
Thomas, Yolie Assistant Director, Incident Business Ops	707-562-8835	707-980-3956
Noel, Mike Fire Operations Safety & Risk Management	707-562-8958	530-768-4059
Williams, Nicole Assistant Director, Strategic Services	707- 562-9151	707-980-8678
Kufta, Karen Assistant Director for Workforce Development & Training	707-562-8851	530-941-0499
VACANT Assistant Director Regional Aviation Officer	916-640-1038	505-362-7019
VACANT Assistant Director, Cooperative Fire & Regional ES4 Coordinator	707-562-9184	
Noxon, Lance Assistant Director, Fuels	707-562-9184	530-412-2332
Dorosz, Lauren Administrative Operations Specialist	707-562-9219	707-980-2732

Pacific Southwest Regional FAM Incident Business Operations			
1323 Club Drive Vallejo, CA 94592 (firstname.lastname@usda.gov)	Business: After Hours: After Hours:	530-226.2800 (NOPS) 951-276-6725 (SOPS)	
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL	
Thomas, Yolie Assistant Director, FAM, Incident Business	707-562-8835	707-980-3956	
COOPERATIVE FIRE AGREED	MENTS & COST SHARE	S.S.	
Armstrong, Kris Supervisory Incident Business Specialist	707-562-8926	661-342-7297	
Chambers, Heidi Incident Business Specialist		530-648-6044	
Stewart, Allison Incident Business Specialist		559-920-5754	
FINANO	CE		
Lee, Amy Supervisory Incident Business Spec. Finance		619-607-0582	
Denatale, Patrick Incident Business Specialist		559-290-0606	
Kellett, Clare Incident Business Specialist		541-645-0435	
Musachia, Mandi Incident Business Specialist		530-258-7155	
Kong, Andrew Incident Business Specialist		760-937-2583	
CONTRACT OP:	ERATIONS		
Raines, Cheryl Contract Operations Program Manager	909-382-2689	760-920-1107	
Wells, Jennifer Contract Operations Specialist		530-394-8042	
VACANT Contract Operations Specialist			
VACANT Contract Operations Specialist			

Regional Office – Law Enforcement			
1323 Club Drive Vallejo, CA 94592 (firstname.lastname@usda.gov)	Business: After Hours: Fax:	707-562-9128 805-588-2892 707-562-9031	
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL	
Hoang, Don Special Agent in Charge	707-562-8647	805-588-2892	
Vacant Assistant Special Agent in Charge	707-562-9155		
Magarrell, Anthony (Tony) Assistant Special Agent in Charge	707-562-8662	530-310-3581	
VACANT Assistant Special Agent in Charge	707-562-8649	530-351-4428	
Sadowski, Jeff Assistant Special Agent in Charge	707-562-9170	707-980-1561	
Wheeler, Cody Regional Patrol Commander	707-562-9161	559-862-8252	
Krogstad, Chad Regional Patrol Commander	707-562-9125	530-605-7735	
Gabriel, Debra (Debby) Regional Budget Analyst (Financial)	707-562-8645	707-980-3603	
McKelv, Deborah Regional Staff Assistant	707-562-9128	530-356-5930	
Rivera, Heather Regional Administrative Specialist	707-562-8646	707-980-4814	
Maldanado, Cynthia Regional Administrative Specialist (San Dimas)	909-929-7064	626-893-8912	
Necaise, Laurie Regional Program Support Assistant	707-562-8720	530-598-4193	
Youngblood, Rachelle Investigative Analyst	707-562-8666	707-980-4435	
VACANT Investigative Analyst	707-562-9127		

Regional Aviation Group – Regional Office				
1323 Club Drive	Business:			
Vallejo, CA 94592	After Hours:			
(firstname.lastname@usda.gov)	Fax:			
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL		
Regional Aviation Officer	707-562-8813	530- 638-6378		
Sanderson, Cindy FEPP & FPP	707-562-8831	209 304-4302		
Rinehart, Ian Aviation Administrative Support	707-562-9023			

Regional Aviation Group – Fox Field		
4341 William J Barnes Ave.	Business:	661-723-2580
Lancaster, CA 93536-2459	After Hours:	661-723-2703
(firstname.lastname@usda.gov)	After Hours:	661-723-3620
	Fax:	661-723-2581
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Litton, John	661-723-2582	
Airplane Pilot	001-723-2302	
Curtis, Jon	661-723-2584	916-698-8902
Aviation Safety Inspector	001-725-250-	710-070-0702
Luna, Jesse	661-723-2588	661-335-2454
Aviation Inspector	001 725-2500	001 333-2434

Regional Aviation Group – McClellan		
3237 Peacekeeper Way Bld 200	Business:	
McClellan, Ca. 95652	After Hours:	
(firstname.lastname@usda.gov)	Fax:	
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Nava, Jason Helicopter Program Mgr.	916-640-1034	
Arbaugh, James Helicopter Inspector Pilot	916- 640-1035	916-203-4583
Tolosano, Kyle Helicopter Ops Specialist	916- 640-1055	530-605-7334
Daly, Jared Aviation Safety Inspector	916 - 640-1031	530-338-9829
Lynde, Matthew Asst Helicopter Ops Specialist	916- 640-1035	916- 203-4583
McGovern, Jason Aviation Inspector	916-640-1007	916-462-0970
Alarcon, Lyndsay UAS Aviation Mgmt. Specialist		661-565-6843
Yearwood, Mike UAS Aviation Mgmt. Specialist	530-478-6291	530-575-8169

Regional Aviation Group – San Bernardino		
2065 E Perimeter Rd	Business:	
San Bernardino, CA 92408	After Hours:	
(firstname.lastname@usda.gov)	Fax:	
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Smith (Jed) David Fixed Wing Ops Specialist		530-307-9171
Phillips, David Air Tactical Group Supervisor	909-982-2702	209-770-0904
Haskins, Eric Air Tactical Group Supervisor	909-659-5233	

Regional Aviation Group – South Ops		
23300 Castle St	Business:	
Riverside, CA 92518	After Hours:	
(firstname.lastname@usda.gov)	Fax:	
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
VACANT Fixed Wing Program Manager	951-320-6248	

Regional Aviation Group – Redding		
6101 Airport Road	Business:	
Redding, CA 96002	After Hours:	
(firstname.lastname@usda.gov)	Fax:	
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Spliethof, David	530-226-2739	530-262-2400
Supervisory Airplane Pilot	330 220 2737	330 202 2100
Strahan, Travis	530-226-2756	
Pilot	330-220-2730	
Smith, Matt		
Pilot		
Gima, Wendi	520 226 2754	
Pilot	530-226-2754	
Moore, Kathryn		
Pilot		
Upcraft, Trevor		
Pilot		
Casey, John		
Fixed Wing		
Mathiesen, Josh		
Fixed Wing Ops Specialist		
Tishner, Jon		
Fixed Wing Ops Specialist		
Gonzalez, Richard	520, 227, 2792	520 (05 (27)
Air Tactical Group Supervisor	530-226-2782	530-605-6376
Baker, Brian	530-226-2700	530-394-8110
Air Tactical Group Supervisor	330-220-2700	330-394-0110
Wheeler, Derek	530-226-2715	530-355-3274
Air Tactical Group Supervisor	330-220-2713	550-555-541 T

Northern California Geographic Coordination Center (ONC)		
Northern California Service Center (ONCC)	Business:	530-226-2801
6101 Airport Road	After Hours:	530-226-2800
Redding, CA 96002	Flight Following:	800-231-5584
(firstname.lastname@usda.gov)	Expanded Fax:	530-223-4280
	Intel Fax:	530-226-2742
	IA Fax:	530-224-4308
	Aircraft Fax:	530-222-5489
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Masovero, Anthony Assistant Director, Northern Operations	530-226-2700	530-228-9780
Forni, Laurie GACC Center Manager, Northern Operations	530-226-2839	530-227-9102
Sites, Keren Deputy GACC Center Manager, Northern Operations	530-226-2800	530-227-9017
Bunker, Chris (Laura) Mobilization Coordinator		530-524.6202
Charton, Andre Aviation Coordinator	530-226-2800	530-351-3354
Compton, Shawn Department of Interior Coordinator	530-226-2831	530-640-0420
VACANT GATR/Northern California Training Officer	530-226-2719	
VACANT		
Public Affairs Specialist		

Redding Predictive Services Unit		
Northern California Service Center	Business:	530-226-2730
6101 Airport Road	After Hours:	530-226-2801
Redding, CA 96002-9423	Fax:	530-226-2742
john.watcher@usda.gov		
<u>julia.ruthford@usda.gov</u>		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Gardunio, Billy Fire Management Specialist	530-226-2730	530-604-8643
Wachter, Brent	530-226-2730	505-414-0227
Forecaster	330-220-2730	303-414-0227
VACANT	530-226-2730	
Forecaster	330-220-2130	
Ruthford, Julia	530-226-2730	530-440-4890
Forecaster	330-220-2130	330-440-4030
Russell, Troy	530-226-2811	530-768-4943
Intelligence Coordinator	330-220-2011	330-700-4743
Eiszele, Dan	530-226-2810	530-941-3068
Intelligence Officer	330-220-2010	330-741-3000
Means, Ryan	530-226-2811	530-410-2121
Intelligence Officer	JJU-220-2011	330-410-2121
Kingsbury, Jessie	530-226-2811	530-410-4033
Intelligence Officer	330 220-2011	330 110-1033

Northern California National Interagency Support Cache (NCK)		
6101 Airport Road	Business:	530-226-2850
Redding, CA 96002	After Hours:	530-226-2800
mrgarland@fs.fed.us	Fax:	530-226-2854
nzfirecache@fs.fed.us		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Garland, Mark Fire Cache Manager	530-226-2851	
Juenke, David Assistant Cache Manager	530-226-2856	

Southern California Geographic Coordination Center (OSC)		
23300 Castle St	Business:	951-276-6721
Riverside, CA 92518	Toll Free Business:	800-995-3473
(firstname.lastname@usda.gov)	24 Hr Mobilization:	951-276-6725
Flight Plans: sm.fs.osc-aviation@usda.gov	24 Hr Aviation:	951-320-2093
	Aviation Fax:	951-782-4900
	Business Fax:	951-320-2069
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Ahearn, Matt Assistant Director, Southern Operations (Detail)	951-320-6103	951-315-5856
Tomaselli, Jim GACC Center Manager, Southern Operations	951-320-6214	951-201-3687
VACANT Deputy GACC Center Manager, Southern Operations FS	951-320-6109	
Lannen-Littlefield, Andrea Deputy GACC Center Manager, Southern Operations BLM	951-320-6145	951-269-9021
Salas, Manny Mobilization Coordinator	951-320-6196	951-532-2690
Raphael, David Aviation Coordinator	951-321-1879	951-295-6587
Dinkel, Ana GATR/Southern California Training Officer	951-320-6111	951-217-6924
Faruzzi, Joe Assistant Training Officer		619-380-1820

Southern California National Interagency Support Cache (LSK)		
1310 S. Cucamonga Avenue	Business:	909-947-3091 Optn 3
Ontario, CA 91761-4507	After Hours:	951-276-6725
(firstname.lastname@usda.gov)	Fax:	909-947-6391
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Brugger, Joseph Cache Manager	909-930-3231	909-519-3105
Stanton, Tena'ya Asst. Cache Manager	909-930-3208	909-957-0296

Riverside Predictive Services Unit		
23300 Castle St	Business:	951-782-4852
Riverside, CA 92518	After Hours:	951-782-4169
(firstname.lastname@usda.gov)	After Hours Intel:	951-320-2079
	Fax:	951-276-6439
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Allison, Kristen PS Program Manager, Climate Meteorology		626-590-6809
VACANT		
PS Program Manager, Intelligence		
Shameson, Matt	951-782-4850	951-751-9047
Forecaster	931-782-4830	731-731-7047
O'Brien, Jonathan	951-782-4852	951-533-5462
Forecaster	731-702-4032	751-555-5402
Krohn, Rob	951-782-4852	951-782-4848
Forecaster BLM	331 702 1032	751 762 1616
Haggerty, Kelli	951-320-6107	951-295-8552
Intelligence Coordinator	301 020 0101	701 290 0002
Gandolfi, Eric	951-320-6250	909-486-1719
Intelligence Officer	361 520 6266	707 100 1717
Robbins, Heather		951-295-8497
Intelligence Officer		
Faruzzi, Joe		619-380-1820
Intelligence Officer		

San Dimas Technology & Development Center		
444 East Bonita Avenue	Business:	909-599-1267
San Dimas, CA 91773	Fax:	909-929-7087
Pdl wo national tech dev program@usda.gov.gov		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Gonzales, Ralph	909-929-7059	951-295-6576
Portfolio Manager	909-929-7039	931-293-0370
VACANT	909-929-7093	
Supervisory Program Manager	909-929-7093	
Johnson, Kristel	909-929-7087	909-553-2776
Support Services Program Manager	909-929-7067	909-333-2770
Martin, Richard	909-929-7105	951-204-2445
Facility Maintenance Mechanic	909-929-7103	931-204-2443
Pak, Julie	000 020 7071	
Administrative Operations Assistant	909-929-7071	

PACIFIC SOUTHWEST REGION FORESTS

Angeles National Forest (ANF)		
Angeles ECC (ANCC)	Dispatch Center:	661-723-3620
4503 W. William Barnes Avenue	Expanded Dispatch:	661-723-2594
Lancaster, CA 93536	Supervisors Office:	
caanf01.ecc@usda.gov	Dispatch Fax:	661-723-2710
	Expanded Fax:	661-726-4663
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Garcia, Robert	626-574-5223	626-716-2120
Fire Chief	020 371 3223	020 710 2120
VACANT	626-574-5316	
Deputy Fire Chief	020 371 3310	
Dunfee, Timothy	626-574-5285	760-920-7515
Deputy Fire Chief	020 37 1 3203	700 720 7515
Hesbol, Edward	661-723-2707	661-886-0526
Center Manager	001-725-2707	001-000-0320
Estrada, Jessica	661-723-2711	
Assistant Center Manager	001-725-2711	
Lepo, Dawn	661-723-2718	626-388-8347
Assistant Center Manager	001-723-2710	020-300-03-17
Perez, Jerome	626-574-5217	626-802-0806
Forest Supervisor	020-374-3217	020-002-0000

Cleveland National Forest (CNF)		
Cleveland N.F. E.C.C. (SDIC)	Dispatch Center:	619-557-5262
2249 Jamacha Road	After Hours:	619-557-5262
El Cajon, CA 92019-4301	Supervisors Office:	858-674-2901
sm.fs.cnfecc@usda.gov	Dispatch Fax:	619-557-6935
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
VACANT Fire Chief	858-674-2980	951-204-0165
Rick Marinelli Deputy Fire Chief	858-674-2948	619-972-9919
Hayes, Jerilynne Center Manager	619-557-6690	619-778-1429
LaVoire, Matt Assistant Center Manager	619-557-6908	619-992-8639
Vela, Richie Assistant Center Manager	619-557-6907	619-820-3955
Tangenberg, Scott Forest Supervisor	858-674-2975	619-510-7054

Eldorado National Forest (ENF)		
Camino Interagency ECC (CICC)	Dispatch Center:	530-644-0200
2840 Mt. Danaher Road	After Hours:	530-647-5255
Camino, CA 95709	Fax:	530-647-5283
cacicc@firenet.gov		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Johnny, Nickie Fire Chief	530-621-5237	530-409-9210
Stewart, Bradley Deputy Fire Chief	530-621-5225	916-225-1745
Reisenhuber, Teresa		
Forest Fuels Officer	530-621-5223	530-957-0730
Wylie, Scott Center Manager	530-647-5214	530-957-3628
Cook, Susan Assistant Center Manager	530-644-0200	530-957-2265
Bosworth, Tyler	530-644-0200	530-957-2036
Assistant Center Manager		
Stout, Joe Forest Supervisor	530-621-5206	530-721-7866

Inyo National Forest (INF)		
Owens Valley Interagency (OVCC)	Dispatch Center:	760-873-2405
351 Pacu Lane	After Hours:	760-873-2488
Bishop, CA 93514	Expanded Dispatch:	760-873-2569
SM.FS.ovcc@usda.gov	Supervisors Office:	760-873-2400
	BLM:	760-872-5000
	Fax:	760-873-2459
	Expanded Fax:	760-872-5018
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Pingel, Larry Fire Chief	760-873-2507	541-690-9621
Rosen, Lance BLM Deputy Fire Chief	760-872-5007	760-937-1806
Mills, Ian BLM Center Manager	760-873-2491	760-937-6497
Vrandenburg, Ila FS Assistant Center Manager	760-873-2405	760-937-2826
Clarkson, Evangelene FS Assistant Center Manager	760-873-2405	760-937-8606
Yen, Lesley Forest Supervisor	760-873-2550	530-510-1217

Klamath National Forest (KNF)		
Yreka Interagency ECC (YICC)	Dispatch Center:	530-842-3380
1809 Fairlane Road	After Hours:	530-842-3380
Yreka, CA 96097	Fax:	530-842-6953
cayicc@firenet.gov		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Appling, Mike	530-841-4461	530-598-4142
Fire Chief	330-841-4401	330-370-4142
McRae, Heather		530-339-0356
Deputy Fire Chief		330-339-0330
Dooley, Ashley	530-841-4600	530-643-6754
Center Manager	330-841-4000	330-043-0734
VACANT	520 941 4600	
Assistant Center Manager	530-841-4600	
Carson, Clinton	530-841-4600	520 557 0922
Assistant Center Manager	330-641-4000	530-557-0833
Smith, Rachel	520 942 4502	520 642 1900
Forest Supervisor	530-842-4502	530-643-1899

Lassen National Forest (LNF)		
Susanville Interagency ECC (SIFC)	Dispatch Center:	530-257-5575
2550 Riverside Drive	After Hours:	530-257-2151
Susanville, CA 96130	Fax:	530-257-7149
<u>CASIFC@firenet.gov</u>		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Miller, Bill	530-252-6630	530-260-6592
Fire Chief	330-232-0030	330-200-0392
Mueller, Dustan	530-252-6621	530-310-3548
Deputy Fire Chief	330-232-0021	550-510-55 -1 6
Lee, Donald	530-257-5575	707-382-8401
Center Manager	330-231-3313	707-302-0401
Dawson, Nicholas	530-257-5575	530-260-6783
Assistant Center Manager	330-231-3313	330-200-0763
Rosette, Tanner	530-257-5575	530-640-3332
Center Manager BLM	330-237-3373	330-040-3332
Bumpus, Deb	520 252 6600	520 204 9050
Forest Supervisor	530-252-6600	530-394-8050

Los Padres National Forest (LPF)		
Los Padres National Forest	Dispatch Center:	805-938-9142 Ext 0
P.O. Box 6324	After Hours:	805-961-5727
Vandenberg Space Force Base, CA 93437	Expanded Dispatch:	805-938-9142 x 1
Packaged Mail	Supervisors Office:	805-968-6640
1318 New Mexico, Bldg 9360, Room 102	Expanded Fax:	805-219-7740
sm.fs.lpcc@usda.gov	IA Floor Fax	805-219-7738
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Harris, Jim	805-961-5741	805-886-6142
Fire Chief	803-901-3741	803-880-0142
Schwarm, Curt	805-961-5722	805-620-2561
Deputy Fire Chief	803-901-3722	003-020-2301
Holladay, Chad	205 061 5727	805-458-0206
Center Manager	805-961-5727	803-438-0200
Spahr, Ben	905 061 5727	005 451 0075
Assistant Center Manager	805-961-5727	805-451-8975
Berry, Brian	905 0(1 5727	005 (00 2200
Assistant Center Manager	805-961-5727	805-698-2288
Stubbs, Christopher	905 061 5722	005 451 0010
Forest Supervisor	805-961-5733	805-451-8919

Mendocino National Forest (MNF)		
Mendocino Dispatch (MNFC)	Dispatch Center:	530-934-7758
825 N. Humboldt Avenue	Expanded Dispatch:	
Willows, CA 95988	Fax:	530-934-2326
<u>camnfc@firenet.gov</u>		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Coots, Curtis	530-934-1155	530-524-5818
Fire Chief	330-334-1133	330-32 4- 3616
Gomez, Luis	530-934-1163	530-917-7401
Deputy Fire Chief	330-33 4- 1103	330-317-7401
Dalrymple Audrey	530-934-1120	530-685-0353
Center Manager	330-334-1120	330-063-0333
Swick, Jordan	530-934-7758	530-513-1317
Assistant Center Manager	330-33 4- 7736	330-313-1317
Alvidrez, Ruben	530-934-7758	530-685-5255
Assistant Center Manager	330-334-7736	330-063-3233
Masterson, Wade	530-934-1100	707-373-0160
Forest Supervisor	330-334-1100	707-373-0100

Modoc National Forest (MDF)		
MODOC Interagency ECC (MICC)	Dispatch Center:	530-233-4581
225 West 8th Street	After Hours:	530-640-1868
Alturas, CA 96101	Dispatch Fax:	530-233-8889
modocecc@gmail.com		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Otterson, Tylor	530-233-8881	530-640-0442
Fire Chief	330-233-8881	330-040-0442
Johnston, Joseph	530-233-8703	530-640-0875
Deputy Fire Chief	330-233-8703	330-040-0673
Main, Mark	530-233-8818	530-310-5390
Center Manager	330-233-8818	330-310-3390
VACANT	530-233-8857	530-640-0212
Assistant Center Manager	330-233-8837	330-040-0212
Sagaser, Will	520 222 8885	520 640 0105
Assistant Center Manager	530-233-8885	530-640-0195
Christofferson, Chris	520 222 0000	520 700 7027
Forest Supervisor	530-233-8800	530-708-7037

Plumas National Forest (PNF)		
Plumas National Forest ECC (PNFC)	Dispatch Center:	530-283-7838
159 Lawrence Street	After Hours:	530-283-0193
Quincy, CA 95971	Expanded Dispatch:	530-283-7505
<u>capnfc@firenet.gov</u>	Fax:	530-283-7575
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Grove, Aaron	530-283-7830	530-394-8094
Forest Fire Chief	330-263-7630	330-334-6034
Wilson, Mitch	530-283-7831	530-927-9093
Assistant Forest Fire Chief	330-263-7631	330-927-9093
Bussey, Barb	530-283-7834	541-357-1166
Center Manager	330-263-7634	341-337-1100
Clough, Ed	530-283-7856	530-526-7604
Assistant Center Manager	330-263-7630	330-320-7004
VACANT		
Assistant Center Manager		
Carlton, Christopher	520 202 7010	520 027 7712
Forest Supervisor	530-283-7810	530-927-7713

San Bernardino National Forest (BDF)		
Federal Interagency ECC (SBCC)	Dispatch Center:	909-383-5651
602 S Tippecanoe Avenue	After Hours:	909-383-5651
San Bernardino, CA 92408	Fax:	909-383-5587
sm.fs.ficc@usda.gov	Expanded:	909-382-2915
Expanded: sbccexpanded@gmail.com	Expanded Fax:	909-383-5607
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Nobles, Mike Fire Chief	909-382-2629	951-204-0165
Howes, Scott Deputy Fire Chief	909-382-2630	909-269-2927
Megowan, Jason FS Center Manager	909-383-5651	909-771-4811
Trueman, Scott BLM Center Manager	909-382-2917	909-314-3770
Chick, Martin BLM Operations Manager	909-383-5651	619-204-0896
VACANT BLM Operations Manager		
VACANT BLM Operations Manager		
Troxel, Michael FS Operations Manager	909-383-5651	909-495-7363
VACANT FS Operations Manager	909-382-2751	
Harrison, Danelle Forest Supervisor	909-382-2710	928-266-6803

Sequoia National Forest (SQF)		
Central California Interagency Communication Center	Dispatch Center:	559-782-3120 Ext 0
(CCCC)		
220 East Morton Ave	After Hours:	559-781-5780
Porterville, CA 93257		
caccc@firenet.gov		
cacccc_expanded@firenet.gov		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Gonzales, Jose (Joe)	559-784-1500	559-920-1178
Fire Chief	Ext. 3482	337-720-1170
Medina, Joaquin (Jack)	559-784-1500	559-361-0505
Deputy Fire Chief	Ext. 3491	339-301-0303
Prieto, Angel	559-784-1500	760-878-8141
Forest Fire Management Planning Specialist	Ext. 3496	/00-0/0-0141
Brandell Patterson	559-782-1500	051 520 0410
Center Manager	Ext. 3495	951-529-9419
Moreno, Maribel	559-782-1500	550 702 9550
Assistant Center Manager	Ext. 3494	559-793-8559
Vella, Gerardo	559-784-1500	550 210 2702
Assistant Center Manager	Ext. 3477	559-310-2702
Solorio, Martha	559-784-1500	661-529-8290
BLM Assistant Center Manager	Ext. 3502	
Benson, Teresa	559-784-1500	559-920-7577
Forest Supervisor	Ext. 3471	339-940-7377

Shasta-Trinity National Forest (SHF)		
Redding Interagency ECC (RICC)	Dispatch Center:	530-226-2400
875 Cypress Ave.	After Hours:	530-226-2499
Redding, CA 96001	Fax:	530-241-4807
sm.fs.shfdispatch@usda.gov		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Mack, Todd Fire Chief	530-226-2527	530-859-2774
McBath, Alex Deputy Fire Chief	530-226-2391	530-526-1320
Courtright, James Deputy Fire Chief	530-226-2383	707-798-7535
Colby, Jason Center Manager	530-241-9622	530-410-1642
Olson, Joni Assistant Center Manager	530-241-9625	530-526-7218
Buckner, Thomas Assistant Center Manager	530-241-1358	530-598-6392
Birkey, Rachel Forest Supervisor	530-226-2522	530-510-3704

Sierra National Forest (SNF)		
Sierra Interagency Command Center (SICC)	Dispatch Center:	559-500-4546
2311 N Clovis Ave	After Hours:	559-500-4544
Fresno CA 93727	Expanded Dispatch:	559-500-4212
sm.fs.snfdispatch@usda.gov	Supervisors Office:	559-297-0706
	Dispatch Fax:	559-348-0239
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Goss, John	559-297-0706	550 000 (52(
Fire Chief	Ext.4820	559-908-6526
Murphy, Tim	559-297-0706	550 200 7226
Deputy Fire Chief	Ext.4822	559-280-7336
McLemore, Brandon	550 500 4422	559-770-0653
Center Manager	559-500-4422	339-770-0033
Jenkins, Justin	559-500-4546	559-593-5638
Assistant Center Manager	339-300-4340	339-393-3036
Gonzales, Michael	559-500-4546	559-209-9952
Assistant Center Manager (Detail)	337-300-4340	333-203-3332
Gould, Dean	559-297-0706	
Forest Supervisor	Ext.4800	

Six Rivers National Forest (SRF)		
North Coast Interagency Communication Center ECC	Dispatch Center:	707-441-3644
(NCIC)		
1330 Bayshore Way	After Hours:	707-441-3644
Eureka, CA 95501		
cancic@firenet.gov		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Eichamer, Josh	707-601-7080	707-601-7080
Fire Chief	707-001-7000	707-001-7000
Young, Rick	707-845-4316	707-845-4316
Deputy Interagency Fire Chief (FS & NPS)	707-043-4310	707-043-4310
Hendricks, Ben	707-441-3514	530-356-4631
Deputy Fire Chief	/0/-441-3314	330-330-4031
VACANT	707-441-3642	707-683-6940
Center Manager	/0/-441-3042	/0/-003-0940
Salmon, Matt	707-441-3644	707-382-2495
Assistant Center Manager	/0/-441-3044	101-302-2493
VACANT		
Assistant Center Manager		
McArthur, Ted O.	707 441 2524	520 500 4101
Forest Supervisor	707-441-3534	530-598-4181

Stanislaus National Forest (STF)		
Stanislaus ECC (STCC)	Dispatch Center:	209-533-1130 or 1140
19777 Greenley Rd	After Hours:	209-532-3786
Sonora, CA 95370	Expanded Dispatch:	
stanislausdispatch@usda.gov	Supervisors Office:	209-532-3671 Ext 339
	Fax:	209-533-1892
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Johnson, Rebecca	209-288-6282	209-770-1199
Fire Chief	209-200-0202	209-770-1199
Gould, Clint	209-288-6242	209-283-4558
Deputy Fire Chief	209-200-0242	209-203-4338
Reyes, Tiffany	209-288-3671	209-770-1352
Center Manager	209-200-30/1	209-770-1332
Pisciotta, Bridget	209-288-6248	209-984-6174
Assistant Center Manger	209-200-0240	209-984-0174
Jeanor, Noelle	200 200 6240	209-768-0919
Assistant Center Manger	209-288-6249	209-700-0919
Kuiken, Jason	200 200 6265	
Forest Supervisor	209-288-6265	

Tahoe National Forest (TNF)		
Grass Valley Command Center (GVCC)	Dispatch Center:	530-477-7237
13120 Loma Rica Drive	After Hours:	530-477-0641
Grass Valley, CA 95945	Expanded Dispatch:	530-477-0872
sm.fs.cagvcc@usda.gov	Fax:	530-477-5203
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Jacobson, Kyle	530-478-6280	530-545-0060
Fire Chief	330-478-0280	330-343-0000
Rice, Eric	530-478-6258	530-906-0823
Deputy Fire Chief	330-478-0238	330-300-0023
MacDonald, Marissa	530-478-6112	707-718-0468
Center Manager	330-478-0112	707-718-0408
Scarbrough, Tim	530-477-7237	530-648-6044
Assistant Center Manager	330-477-7237	330-040-0044
VACANT	530-477-7237	530-559-1720
Assistant Center Manager	JJU -1 /1-123/	330-337-1720
Llano, Eli	530-478-6201	530-394-8062
Forest Supervisor	330-4/0-0201	330-374-0002

Lake Tahoe Basin Management Unit (TMU)		
Camino Interagency ECC (CICC)	Dispatch Center:	530-644-0200
2840 Mt Danaher Rd	After Hours:	530-647-5255
Camino, CA 96150	Fax:	530-647-5279
cacicc@firenet.gov		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Thaler, Carrie	530-543-2794	530-721-3738
Fire Chief	330-343-2794	330-721-3736
VACANT	530-543-2658	530-545-0060
Deputy Fire Chief	330-343-2038	330-343-0000
Wylie, Scott	530-647-5214	530-957-3628
Center Manager	330-047-3214	330-937-3028
Bosworth, Tyler	530-644-0200	530-957-2036
Assistant Center Manager	330-044-0200	330-937-2030
Cook, Susan	530-644-0200	530-957-2065
Assistant Center Manager (Detail)	330-044-0200	330-937-2003
Walker, Eric	520 542 2641	208-290-6698
Forest Supervisor	530-543-2641	200-290-0098

BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT

California State Office (CSO)		
California State Office	Business:	916-978-4430
2800 Cottage Way, Room W-1623	Fax:	916-978-4438
Sacramento, CA95825- 0451		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Kelly, Peter State Fire Mgmt. Officer	916-978-4442	916-907-3443
Boomer, Mike Deputy State FMO/Ops	916-978-4437	775-335-9073
Stout, Joe Deputy State Director	916-978-4501	916-205-4978

Northern California District (NOD)		
Susanville Interagency Fire Center (SIFC)	Business:	530-257-5575
2950 Riverside Drive	Fax:	530-257-7149
Susanville, CA 96130	Fax:	530-252-6486
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Savage, Albert District FMO	530-252-5366	530-249-4213
Winkler, Rob Assistant District AFMO	530-276-3189	530-224-2151
Rosette, Tanner Assistant Center Manager	530-257-5575	530-640-3332
Wilson, Dereck NOD District Manager	530-224-2177	530-204-7855

Bishop Field Office (OVD)		
Owens Valley Interagency (OVCC)	Dispatch Center:	760-873-2405
351 Pacu Lane	After Hours:	760-873-2488
Bishop, CA 93514	Expanded Dispatch:	760-873-2569
sm.fs.ovcc@usda.gov	Supervisors Office:	760-873-2400
	BLM:	760-872-5000
	Dispatch Fax:	760-873-2459
	Expanded Fax:	760-872-5018
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Pingel, Larry FS Interagency FMO	760-873-2507	541-690-9621
Rosen, Lance BLM Deputy Interagency FMO	760-872-5007	760-937-1806
VACANT BLM Center Manager	760-873-2575	
Kong, Andrew FS Assistant Center Manager	760-873-2565	760-937-2583
Mills, Ian	760 972 2401	760 027 6407
FS Assistant Center Manager	760-873-2491	760-937-6497
VACANT Bishop Field Office Manager	760-872-5011	

California Desert District (CDD)		
California Desert District (CDD)	Business:	951-697-5200
22835 Calle San Juan De Los Lagos	After Hours:	909-383-5651
Moreno Valley, CA 92553	Or:	909-383-5652
	Fax:	951-697-5299
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Gibbs, Paul District FMO/Interagency Fire Chief	951- 697-5355	951-903-4135
Espinoza, Freddie ADFRMO/Deputy Interagency Fire Chief	951-697-5274	951-903-4137
Trueman, Scott DOI Center Manager (FICC)	909-382-2917	909-314-3770
Chick, Martin DOI Operations Manager (FICC)	909-383-5651	619-204-0896
VACANT		
DOI Operations Manager (FICC)		
Lynch, Michelle (Shelly)		
District Manager		

Central California District (CND)		
Central California District	Dispatch Center:	559-782-3120 Ext 701
220 East Morton Ave	After Hours:	559-282-0242
Porterville, CA 93257		
cacce@firenet.gov		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Brinsfield, David	661-391-6103	661-488-6555
District FMO	001-391-0103	001-488-0333
VACANT	916-941-3119	530-215-4019
Assistant District FMO	910-941-3119	330-213-4019
Soloria, Martha	559-782-3120	
BLM Assistant Center Manager	ext. 713	
Heppe, Christopher	916-941-3152	707-498-5015
District Manager	910-941-3132	/0/-498-3013

NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

Pacific West Region (WRP)		
National Park Service Pacific West Region	Business:	415-623-2210
333 Bush Street, Suite 500	After Hours:	530-226-2800 (NOPS)
San Francisco, CA 94104	Fax:	415-623-2383
(firstname_lastname@nps.gov)		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Minton, Mike (Detail)	415 (22 2216	707 409 4425
Regional Fire Management Officer	415-623-2216	707-498-4435
Loomis, Jason (Detail)		502 804 1202
Deputy RFMO – Operations		503-894-1303
VACANT		
Deputy RFMO – Fire & Fuels Ecology		
Sitz, Shad		£41 £99 0244
Regional Aviation Manager		541-588-0344
Rivelle, Robert		707 409 1761
Regional Fire Budget/Incident Business		707-498-1761
Theune, Mike		550 597 0993
Regional Fire Communication & Education		559-586-0882
Morse, Greg		
Regional Chief Ranger		

Cabrillo National Monument (CAP)		
National Park Service Cabrillo National Monument	Business:	619-523-4285
1800 Cabrillo Monument Drive	Business:	805-938-9142 (LPCC)
San Diego, CA 92106	After Hours:	805-961-5727 (LPCC)
(firstname_lastname@nps.gov)		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Sandrini, Tony	905 659 5702	805-451-2199
FMO	805-658-5702	803-431-2199
Holliday, Chad	805-961-5727	805-441-2160
(Detail) Center Manager USFS	003-901-3727	803-441-2100
Spahr, Ben	805-961-5727	805-451-8975
Assistant Center Manager	803-901-3727	803-431-8973
Vacant		
Assistant Center Manager		
Compton, Andrea	619-523-4260	
Superintendent	019-323-4200	
Jones, Ralph	619-523-4270	
Chief Ranger	017-323-42/0	

Channel Islands National Park (CNP)		
National Park Service Channel Islands	Business:	805-658-5720 (CHIS)
1901 Spinnaker Drive	Business:	805-938-9142 (LPCC)
Ventura, CA 93001	After Hours:	805-961-5727 (LPCC)
(firstname_lastname@nps.gov)	Fax:	805-658-5799 (HQ)
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
McKinley, Ethan	805-658-5702	805-451-2199
Superintendent	803-038-3702	803-431-2199
Sandrini, Tony	805-658-5719	805-501-9444
Network FMO	803-038-3719	803-301-3444
Hnat, Mark	805-658-5717	805-218-0251
Chief Ranger	003-030-3717	803-218-0231
Chad Holladay (Detail)	805-961-5727	805-441-2160
Center Manager USFS	003-901-3727	803-441-2100
Spahr, Ben	805-961-5727	805-451-8975
Assistant Center Manager	003-301-3727	003-431-8973
Holladay, Chad	905 061 5727	805-458-0206
Assistant Center Manager	805-961-5727	003-430-0200

Business:	760-786-3245
Business:	909-383-5654 (SBCC)
After Hours:	760-786-2330
After Hours:	909-383-5652 (SBCC)
Fax:	760-786-3246
OFFICE	CELL
760 796 2245	
/00-/80-3243	
760 796 2245	
/00-/80-3243	
051 607 5255	951-903-4135
931-097-3333	931-903-4133
051 607 5252	951-903-4137
931-097-3332	931-903-4137
760 252 6009	760-221-5801
/00-232-0008	/00-221-3801
000 202 2017	000 214 2770
909-382-2917	909-314-3770
000 202 5651	(10.204.000)
909-383-3631	619-204-0896
	Business: After Hours: After Hours: Fax:

Golden Gate National Recreation Area (GNP)		
National Park Service Golden Gate National	Business:	415-289-1888
Recreation Area		
1045 Fort Cronkhite,	After Hours:	415-561-5510
Sausalito, CA 94965		
(firstname_lastname@nps.gov)		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Jones, Greg	415-289-1888	415-725-7851
Fire Management Officer	413-269-1666	413-723-7831
Joss, Laura	415-561-4720	415-210-0094
Superintendent	413-301-4720	413-210-0094
Schifsky, David	415 200 2122	415-331-8627
Chief Ranger	415-289-3132	413-331-8027

Hawaii Volcanoes National Park (HVP)		
National Park Service Hawaii Volcanoes	Business:	808-985-6001
P.O. Box 52	After Hours:	808-985-6001
Hawaii Volcanoes, HI 96718-0052	After Hours:	530-934-7758(MNFC)
(firstname_lastname@nps.gov)	Fax:	808-985-6023
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Funderburk, Greg	808-985-6042	808-936-4873
Fire Management Officer	000-703-0042	808-230-4873
Souza, Crystal	808-985-6043	808-238-6079
Fire Program Assistant	808-983-0043	808-238-0079
Orlando, Cynthia	808-985-6025	
Superintendent	000-903-0023	
Broward, John	808-985-6030	
Chief Ranger	000-703-0030	

Joshua Tree National Park (JTP)		
National Park Service Joshua Tree	Business:	760-228-2339
74485 National Park Drive	After Hours:	909-383-5652 (SBCC)
Twentynine Palms, CA 92277	Fax:	760-365-4934
(firstname_lastname@nps.gov)		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Smith, David	760 267 5501	
Superintendent	760-367-5501	
Yeston, Karyl	760 267 5540	
Chief Ranger	760-367-5540	
Gibbs, Paul	951-697-5355	951-903-4135
Interagency Fire Chief	931-097-3333	931-903-4133
Espinoza, Freddie	951-697-5352	951-903-4137
Deputy Interagency Fire Chief	931-097-3332	931-903-4137
VACANT		
Interagency Zone FMO		
Sandrini, Tony		760-221-5801
NPS Fire Operations Specialist		700-221-3801
Trueman, Scott	909-382-2917	909-314-3770
DOI Center Manager FICC	909-382-291/	909-314-3 / /0
Chick, Martin	909-383-5651	619-204-0896
DOI Ops Manager FICC	909-363-3031	019-204-0890

Lassen Volcanic National Park (LNP)		
National Park Service Lassen Volcanic	Business:	530-595-6162
P.O. Box 100 or 38050 Hwy 36E	After Hours:	530-257-5575 (SIFC)
Mineral, CA 96063-0100	Fax:	530-595-3415
(firstname_lastname@nps.gov)		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Klimek, Mike		
Killiek, Wike	530 505 6161	530 604 4720
Fire Management Officer	530-595-6161	530-604-4720
	530-595-6161	530-604-4720 530-200-2885

Lava Beds National Monument (BNP)		
National Park Service Lava Beds NM	Business:	530-667-8122
P.O. Box 1240/1 Indian Well	After Hours:	530-640-1868 (MICC)
Tulelake, CA 96134	Fax:	530-667-2737
(firstname_lastname@nps.gov)		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Orr, Christopher	530-667-8122	530-640-1464
Fire Management Officer	330-007-6122	330-040-1404
Schroeder, Kris		541-891-1241
Fuel Management Specialist		341-691-1241
Main, Mark		
MICC Center Manager		
Mengel, Chris	520 ((7.0101	520 261 2727
Superintendent	530-667-8101	530-261-2737
Smith, Jaime	520 667 9111	520 260 1040
Chief Ranger	530-667-8111	530-260-1040

Mojave National Preserve (MNP)		
National Park Service Mojave National Preserve	Business:	760-252-6132
2701 Barstow Rd.	After Hours:	909-383-5651 (SBCC)
Barstow, CA 92311	Fax:	760-255-8819
(firstname_lastname@nps.gov)		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Gauthier, Mike	760 252 6122	
Park Superintendent	760-252-6132	
VACANT		
Chief Ranger		
Gibbs, Paul	051 (07 5255	951-903-4135
Interagency Fire Chief	951-697-5355	
Espinoza, Freddie	051 607 5252	051 002 4127
Deputy Interagency Fire Chief	951-697-5352	951-903-4137
Sandrini, Tony	760-252-6008	760-219-5414
Interagency Zone FMO		
Trueman, Scott	000 202 2017	000 214 2770
DOI Center Manager FICC	909-382-2917	909-314-3770
Chick, Martin	000 202 5651	610 204 0806
DOI Ops Manager FICC	909-383-5651	619-204-0896

Pinnacles National Park (PIP)		
National Park Service Pinnacles National Park	Business:	415-289-1888
5000 Hwy 146,	After Hours:	559-565-3195 BECC
Paicines, CA 95043		
(firstname_lastname@nps.gov)		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Jones, Greg	415-289-1888	415-725-7851
Fire Management Officer	413-209-1000	413-723-7831
Dimmick, Curt	831-389-4486	541 529 9202
Chief Ranger	ext. 4265	541-538-8303
Alvarez Stransky, Blanca	831-389-4486	419-341-2325
Superintendent	ext. 4233	419-341-2323

Point Reyes National Seashore (RNP)		
National Park Service Point Reyes National Seashore	Business:	415-289-1888
1 Bear Valley Road	After Hours:	415-499-6717 MRCC
Point Reyes Station, CA. 94956		
(firstname_lastname@nps.gov)		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Jones, Greg	415 200 1000	415-725-7851
Fire Management Officer	415-289-1888	413-723-7831
Kenkel, Craig	415-464-5101	440-668-2230
Superintendent	413-404-3101	440-008-2230
Byerly, Julie	115 161 5175	415 947 7612
Chief Ranger	415-464-5175	415-847-7612

Redwood National Park (RWP)		
National Park Service Redwood	Business:	
111 Second Street	After Hours:	707-726-1266 FICC
Crescent City, CA 95531	Fax:	707-488-6485
(firstname_lastname@nps.gov)		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Eichamer, Josh		707-601-7080
Interagency Fire Chief		/0/-001-/080
Young, Rick		707 945 4216
Deputy Interagency Fire Chief		707-845-4316
VACANT	707 707 1007	
Center Manager	707-726-1286	
Salmon, Matt	707 441 2644	707 292 2405
Assistant Center Manager	707-441-3644	707-382-2495
VACANT	707 726 1222	
Assistant Center Manager	707-726-1222	

Santa Monica Mountains National Recreation Area (SMP)		
National Park Service Santa Monica Mountains	Business:	661-723-2703 ANCC
401 W. Hillcrest Dr.	Paramount Fax:	805-735-0875
Thousand Oaks CA 91360	Headquarters Fax:	805-370-1850
(firstname_lastname@nps.gov)		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Szymanski, David	805-370-2342	805 270 0054
Superintendent	803-370-2342	805-279-0954
Sandrini, Tony		805-501-9444
Fire Management Officer		803-301-9444
Alongi, Mike	905 270 2206	905 201 1265
Chief Ranger	805-370-2306	805-391-1265
Hesbol, Edward	((1,722,2707	((1.99(.052(
Center Manager	661-723-2707	661-886-0526
Cardenas, Danielle	((1.702.0711	661 424 7507
Assistant Center Manager	661-723-2711	661-434-7507
Lepo, Dawn	661-723-2718	626-388-8347
Assistant Center Manager	001-725-2718	020-300-0347

Sequoia-Kings Canyon National Park (KNP)		
National Park Service Sequoia-Kings Canyon	Business:	559-565-3164
47050 Generals Hwy.	Business:	559-565-3165
Three Rivers, CA 93271-9651	After Hours:	559-565-3164
(firstname_lastname@nps.gov)	Fax:	559-565-3797
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Zielger, John Park FMO	559-565-4337	559-280-6890
Mathiesen, Leif Deputy FMO	559-565-3160	559-702-3019
Lopez, Christian Fuels Management Specialist	559-565-3162	559-769-5816
Willmon, Steff Center Manager	559-565-3771	559-281-0074
Kuljis, Michael Assistant Center Manager	559-565-3159	559-769-7259
Jordan, Clay Superintendent	559-565-3100	
Kelleher, Ned Chief Ranger	559-565-3110	

Whiskeytown National Recreation Area (WNP)		
National Park Service Whiskeytown	Business:	530-242-3446
P.O. Box 188	After Hours:	530-242-2400 RICC
Whiskeytown, CA 96095-0188	HQ Fax:	530-246-5154
(firstname_lastname@nps.gov)	FMO Office Fax:	530-359-2276
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Akerberg, Jake	530-242-3460	530-782-2305
Fire Management Officer		
Zaharris, Adam	530-242-3437	530-410-4673
Fuels Specialist	330-242-3437	330 110 1073
Hoines, Josh	530-242-3460	530-782-2305
Superintendent	330-242-3400	330-782-2303

Yosemite National Park (YNP)		
National Park Service Yosemite National Park	24 Hour Fire:	209-379-1999
P.O. Box 577	24 Hour LE:	209-379-1992
Yosemite, CA 95389	Secure Fax:	209-379-2728
(firstname_lastname@nps.gov)		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Dan Buckley Fire Mgmt. Officer	209-372-0413	208-484-5161
Singer, Kelly Deputy FMO	209-372-0414	209-347-9297
VACANT Center Manager	209-379-1188	209-620-6431
Mitchell, Christine Assistant Center Manager	209-379-1191	209-347-6619
Killian, Kevin Chief, Visitor and Resource Protection	209-372-0211	209-631-7748
Muldoon, Cicely Park Superintendent	209-372-0201	510-541-0195
Austin, Teresa Deputy Superintendent	209-372-0201	510-541-0195

U.S. FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

US Fish and Wildlife DOI Regions 10/8 (R8R)		
US Fish and Wildlife Service	Business:	916-414-6464
Fire Management DOI Regions 10/8	After Hours:	916-414-6486
2800 Cottage Way, Rm. W-2606		
Sacramento, CA 95825		
(firstname_lastname@fws.gov)		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Hinkley, Jennifer	916-978-6181	407-503-8449
Regional Fire Management Coordinator	910-9/8-0181	407-303-0449
Kelly, Peter	016 414 6492	200 597 5517
Deputy Regional Fire Management Coordinator	916-414-6483	209-587-5517
Wheeler, Polly	016 414 6464	
Assistant Regional Director -National Wildlife Refuge	916-414-6464	
Roberts, James	916-414-6598	619-402-6843
Regional Fire Ecologist & Fuels Coordinator	910-414-0398	017-402-0043

Klamath Basin Fire Management Zone (LKR)		
US Fish and Wildlife Service	Business:	530-667-8304
Klamath Basin National Wildlife Refuge Complex	Business:	530-667-8316
4009 Hill Road	After Hours:	530-640-1868 (MDF)
Tulelake, CA 96134	Fax:	530-667-8338
(firstname_lastname@fws.gov)		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Bordelon, Phillip	520 667 9204	541-891-4598
Zone Fire Management Officer	530-667-8304	341-031-4330
Main, Mark	530-233-8818	530-310-5390
Center Manager (MDF)	330-233-8818	330-310-3390
Sagaser, William	530-233-8885	530-640-0195
Assist Center Manager (MDF)	330-233-8883	330-040-0193
Christofferson, Chris	520 222 8800	520 709 7027
Assist Center Manager (MDF)	530-233-8800	530-708-7037

Pacific Islands Fire Management Zone (HI-PCR)		
US Fish and Wildlife Service	Duty Officer:	808-985-6046
Hakalau Forest National Wildlife Refuge		
60 Nowelo St, Suite 100		
Hilo, HI 96720		
(firstname_lastname@fws.gov)		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Funderburk, Greg	909 095 6043	909 026 4972
Fire Management Officer	808-985-6042	808-936-4873
Johnson, Eric		808-209-7702
Assistant Fire Management Officer		000-209-7702

South Central Valley Fire Management Zone (LUR)		
US Fish and Wildlife Service	Emergency Business:	559-348-1515 (SICC)
San Luis National Wildlife Refuge Complex	Non-Emergency Business:	209-826-3508
7376 S. Wolfsen Rd/ PO Box 2176	After Hours:	559-348-1515 (SICC)
Los Banos, CA 93635	Fax:	831-389-4489
(firstname_lastname@fws.gov)		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
VACANT	209-826-3508	
Zone Fire Management Officer	Ext.111	
Murphy, Shawn	209-826-3508	209-587-0324
Assistant Zone Fire Management Officer	Ext.131	209-367-0324

North Central Valley Fire Management Zone (SWR)		
US Fish and Wildlife Service	Business:	530-934-3615
Sacramento National Wildlife Refuge Complex	After Hours:	530-934-7758 (MNFC)
752 County Road 99W	Fax:	530-934-7814
Willows, CA 95988		
(firstname_lastname@fws.gov)		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Aeby, Ryan Zone Fire Management Officer	530-934-3615	530-510-6339

Southern California Fire Management Zone (TNR)		
US Fish and Wildlife Service	Business:	619-713-2201
Southern California	After Hours:	619-557-5262 (SDIC)
14026 Peaceful Valley Ranch Rd/PO Box 746	Fax:	619-713-2295
Jamul, CA 91935		
(firstname_lastname@fws.gov)		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
O'Connor Daniel S	619-713-2201	610 649 0527
Zone Fire Management Officer	Ext 26	619-648-0537
Cline, Thomas	619-713-2201	610,000,0000
Assistant Zone Fire Management Officer	Ext 23	619-909-9000
Yuen, Andy	619-476-9150	760-535-7065
Project Leader - San Diego NWRC	Ext 100	700-333-7003
Ledig, David	805-644-5185	905 451 0094
Project Leader - Hopper Mountain NWRC	Ext 286	805-451-0084
Schoneman, Chris	760-348-5278	760-336-1816
Project Leader - Sonny Bono Salton Sea NWRC	Ext 227	/00-330-1810

BUREAU OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

Pacific Regional Office (PAA)		
Bureau of Indian Affairs	Business:	916-978-6000
Pacific Regional Office	Fax:	916-978-6081
2800 Cottage Way		
Sacramento, CA 95825		
(firstname_lastname@bia.gov)		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Gogna, Nate	916-978-6177	916-589-7939
Regional Fire Management Officer	910-978-0177	910-369-7939
VACANT	016 079 6066	016 710 0640
Asst. Regional Fire Management Officer	916-978-6066	916-718-8648
Violante, George	016 079 6020	916-531-8814
Regional Aviation Specialist	916-978-6030	910-331-8814
Flying, Matthew	916-978-6016	916-225-1141
Regional Fire Operations Specialist	910-9/8-0010	910-223-1141

Northern California Agency (NCA)		
Bureau of Indian Affairs	Business:	530-223-7960
Northern California Agency	Fax:	530-224-7749
364 Knollcrest Dr. Suite 105		
Redding, CA 96002-0175		
(firstname_lastname@bia.gov)		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
VACANT		
Fire Management Officer		
Wasson, Rebecca	530-223-7973 or	
Natural Resource Officer	530-223-7690 Ex.114	
Perry, Greg Regional Fuels Management Specialist	530-223-7969 Ext. 120	916-718-8648

Central California Agency (CCA)		
Bureau of Indian Affairs	Business:	919-930-3680
Central California Agency	After Hours:	916-978-6000
650 Capitol, Suite 8-500	Fax:	916-930-3780
Sacramento, CA 95814		
(firstname_lastname@bia.gov)		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
VACANT		
Fire Management Officer		

Southern California Agency (SCA)		
Bureau of Indian Affairs	Business:	951-276-6624
Southern California Agency	After Hours Pager:	951-965-0423
1451 Research Park Drive, Suite 100	Fax:	951-276-6641
Riverside, CA 9250		
(firstname_lastname@bia.gov)		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
VACANT	051 276 6624 E-+ 252	
Agency Fire Management Officer	951-276-6624 Ext.253	
Ruiz Sr., Ray	951-276-6624 Ext 253	
Fire Operations Specialist	931-270-0024 EXI 233	

Hoopa Valley Tribe (HIA)		
Bureau of Indian Affairs	Business:	530-625-4366
Hoopa Fire Department Wildland Fire Division	After Hours:	530-625-4480
P.O. Box 369	Hoopa Tribal Police:	530-625-4615
Hoopa, CA. 95546	Fax:	530-625-4416
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Mendes, Rod Fire Management Officer	530-625-4366 Ext 510	530-784-7870

Tule River Indian Reservation (TIA)		
Bureau of Indian Affairs	Station 90:	559-784-1590
Tule River Fire Department	Fire Chief:	
P.O. Box 589	After Hours:	559-784-1590
Porterville, CA 93258	Fax:	559-853-6089
wfcapt@tulerivertribe-nsn.gov		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Santos, Zane Agency Fire Management Officer, Wildland	559-784-1590	559-339-8686
VACANT Assistant Fire Management Officer	559-784-1590	
Brown, Rich Fire Chief	559-782-1590	559-359-8947

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FORESTRY & FIRE PROTECTION

Sacramento Command Center		
3650 Schriever Ave	Business:	916-845-8680
Mather, CA 95655	After Hours:	916-845-8680
sac.ecc@fire.ca.gov	Fax:	916-845-8692
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Burlew, Anale Deputy Chief	916-845-8684	916-206-4248
Deaver, Scott Battalion Chief	916-845-8686	916-202-4961

Northern Region Operations Coordination Center (CNR)		
6105 Airport Road	Command Center:	530-224-2466
Redding, CA	Headquarters:	530-224-2445
rcc.ecc@fire.ca.gov	Region Duty Chief:	530-224-4944
	Region Duty Officer:	530-224-2434
	Strike Team Hotline:	800-237-3703
	Green Phone:	9-622-357
	Fax:	530-224-4308
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Bradley, Mike	530-224-2460	530-744-4780
Region Chief	330-224-2400	330-744-4760
Wilson, John Division Chief OCC	530-224-2465	530-227-6574

Southern Region Operations Coordination Center (CSR)		
Command Center:	951-782-4169	
Headquarters:	951-782-4140	
Region Duty Chief:	951-782-4236	
Region Duty Officer:	951-320-6197	
Strike Team Hotline:	800-995-3473	
Green Phone:	9-522-266	
Fax:	951-782-4900	
OFFICE	CELL	
051 220 6100		
931-320-6100		
951-320-6126		
	Command Center: Headquarters: Region Duty Chief: Region Duty Officer: Strike Team Hotline: Green Phone: Fax: OFFICE 951-320-6100	

Amador-El Dorado Unit (AEU)		
2840 Mt. Danaher Road	Command Center:	530-647-5220
Camino, CA 95709	Headquarters:	530-644-2345
aeu.ecc.staff@fire.ca.gov	Unit Duty Chief:	530-647-5294
	Green Phone:	9-422-353
	Fax:	530-647-5283
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Blankenheim, Mike Unit Chief	530-644-2345	530-708-2700
Batham, Mike ECC Chief	530-647-5227	530-708-2709

Butte Unit (BTU)		
176 Nelson Avenue	Command Center:	530-538-6460
Oroville, CA 95987	Headquarters:	530-538-7111
btuecc@fire.ca.gov	Unit Duty Chief:	530-538-6068
	Green Phone:	9-622-381
	Fax:	530-538-6873
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Messina, John Unit Chief	530-538-7111	530-329-9891
Manson, Richard ECC Chief	530-538-6330	530-520-5522

Fresno-Kings Unit (FKU)		
2311 N. Clovis Avenue	Command Center:	559-294-6818
Fresno, CA 93727	Headquarters:	559-493-4300
fku.ecc.staff@fire.ca.gov	Unit Duty Chief:	559-294-6888
	Green Phone:	9-316-379
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Hail, Dustin	550 402 4200	<i>55</i> 0 201 4200
Unit Chief	559-493-4300	559-281-4300
Pumarejo, Paul	559-294-6809	559-281-4309
ECC Chief	339-294-0809	339-201-4309

Humboldt-Del Norte Unit (HUU)		
118 North Fortuna Blvd.	Command Center:	707-726-1280
Fortuna, CA 95540	Headquarters:	707-725-4413
huueccstaff@fire.ca.gov	Unit Duty Chief:	707-726-1229
	Green Phone:	9-202-1265
	Fax:	707-726-1265
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
McCray, Kurt	707-726-1200	
Unit Chief	707 720 1200	
Gonzales, Andrew ECC Chief	707-726-1209	707-599-6435

Lassen-Modoc Unit (LMU)		
1491 5 th Street	Command Center:	530-257-5575
Susanville, CA	Headquarters:	530-257-4171
lmu.ecc@fire.ca.gov	Unit Duty Chief:	530-310-1401
	Green Phone:	9-622-382
	Fax:	530-257-7149
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Packwood, Scott Unit Chief	530-257-8500	530-310-2200
Osborn, Dustin ECC Chief	530-257-5575	530-310-2209

Madera-Mariposa-Merced Unit (MMU)		
5366 State Highway 49 North	Command Center:	209-966-3803
Mariposa, CA 95338	Headquarters:	209-966-3622
mmu.ecc@fire.ca.gov	Unit Duty Chief:	209-966-4290
	Green Phone:	9-316-381
	Fax:	209-966-7527
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Van Loben Sels, Mike Unit Chief	209-742-1900	559-706-8800
Moua, Ue ECC Chief	209-742-1909	559-706-8809

Mendocino Unit (MEU)		
17501 North Highway 101	Command Center:	707-459-7403
Willits, CA 95490	Headquarters:	707-459-7414
meu.ecc.staff@fire.ca.gov	Unit Duty Chief:	707-456-1785
	Green Phone:	9-202-284
	Fax:	707-459-7405
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELI
NAME/IIILE	OFFICE	CELL
Kendall, Luke Unit Chief	707-459-7400	707-391-6700

Nevada-Yuba-Placer Unit (NEU)		
13120 Loma Rica Drive	Command Center:	530-477-0641
Grass Valley, CA 95945	Headquarters:	530-889-0111
neu.ecc@fire.ca.gov	Unit Duty Chief:	530-477-2300
	Green Phone:	9-422-383
	Fax:	530-477-5203
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
NAME/TITLE Estes, Brian Unit Chief	OFFICE 530-823-4904	CELL 530-277-2300

Riverside Unit (RRU)		
210 W. San Jacinto Avenue	Command Center:	951-940-6949
Perris CA 92570	Headquarters:	951-940-6900
rru.ecc.staff@fire.ca.gov	Unit Duty Chief:	951-940-6363
	Green Phone:	9-522-290
	Fax:	951-657-3191
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Weiser, Bill Unit Chief	951-940-6917	951-712-2115
Bryant, Will ECC Chief	951-940-6882	951-435-9091

San Benito-Monterey Unit (BEU)		
2221 Garden Road	Command Center:	831-647-6223
Monterey, CA 93940-5385	Headquarters:	831-333-4600
beueccstaff@fire.ca.gov	Unit Duty Chief:	831-647-6291
	Green Phone:	9-316-387
	Fax:	831-333-2655
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Nunez, George	831-333-4600	831-601-2502
Unit Chief	831-333-4000	831-001-2302
Filice, Art ECC Chief	831-333-4609	831-601-2409

San Bernardino Unit (BDU)		
3800 North Sierra Way	Command Center:	909-881-6916
San Bernardino, CA 92405	Headquarters:	909-881-6900
bdueccstaff@fire.ca.gov	Unit Duty Chief:	909-881-6919
	Green Phone:	9-522-284
	Fax:	909-881-6970
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
T '1 C 11 C1		
Littlefield, Shane Unit Chief	909-881-6900	951-314-0402

San Diego Unit (SDU)		
2249 Jamacha Road	Command Center:	619-593-0384
El Cajon, CA 92019	Headquarters:	619-590-3100
sdu.ecc.staff@fire.ca.gov	Unit Duty Chief:	619-588-9764
	Green Phone:	9-522-286
	Fax:	619-590-3196
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Mecham, Tony Unit Chief	619-590-3104	619-855-7321
Cox, Kevin ECC Chief	619-590-3105	619-672-0041
Villarino, Ryan ECC Chief	619-590-3105	619-971-4822

San Luis Obispo Unit (SLU)		
1150 Laurel Ln, Suite 175	Command Center:	805-593-3451
San Luis Obispo, CA 93401	Headquarters:	805-543-4244
slu.ecc@fire.ca.gov	Unit Duty Chief:	805-543-3458
	Green Phone:	9-522-292
	Fax:	805-543-6909
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Owens, John Unit Chief	805-543-4244 Ext 3400	805-903-3400
Fowler, Dave ECC Chief	805-593-3409	805-903-3409

San Mateo-Santa Cruz (CZU)		
6059 Highway 9	Command Center:	831-335-6719
Felton, CA 95018-0316	Headquarters:	831-335-5353
czueccstaff@fire.ca.gov	Unit Duty Chief:	831-335-6955
	Green Phone:	9-202-236
	Fax:	831-335-0624
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Armstrong, Nate Unit Chief	831-335-6700	831-254-1700
Watts, Valerie ECC Chief	831-335-6709	831-254-1709

Santa Clara Unit (SCU)		
15670 Monterey Street	Command Center:	408-201-0490
Morgan Hill, CA 95037	Headquarters:	408-779-2121
scu.ecc.staff@fire.ca.gov	Unit Duty Chief:	408-779-6663
	Green Phone:	9-202-237
	Fax:	408-778-6149
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Huang, George		
Unit Chief	408-778-8600	408-472-1600

Shasta Trinity Unit (SHU)		
875 Cypress Avenue	Command Center:	530-225-2411
Redding, CA 96001	Headquarters:	530-225-2418
shueccstaff@fire.ca.gov	Unit Duty Chief:	530-225-2476
	Green Phone:	9-622-385
	Fax:	530-241-4807
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
	OTTICE	CELL
Gouvea, Bret Unit Chief	530-225-2400	530-448-2400

Siskiyou Unit (SKU)		
1809 Fairlane Road	Command Center:	530-842-7066
Yreka, CA 96097	Headquarters:	530-842-3516
sku.ecc@fire.ca.gov	Unit Duty Chief:	530-842-2847
	Green Phone:	9-622-386
	Fax:	530-842-6953
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Laws, Darryl Unit Chief	530-842-3516	530-598-2600
Mapes, Keith ECC Chief	530-842-3516	530-598-2609

Sonoma-Lake-Napa Unit (LNU)		
1199 Big Tree Road	Command Center:	707-963-4112
St. Helena, CA 94574	Headquarters:	707-967-1400
lnu.ecc@fire.ca.gov	Unit Duty Chief:	707-967-4211
	Green Phone:	9-202-285
	Fax:	707-963-4103
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Marcucci, Mike Unit Chief	707-967-1411	707-299-7084
Melendy, Scott ECC Chief	707-967-1409	707-531-3011

Tehama-Glenn Unit (TGU)		
604 Antelope Boulevard	Command Center:	530-529-8542
Red Bluff, CA 96080	Headquarters:	530-528-5199
tgueccstaff@fire.ca.gov	Unit Duty Chief:	530-529-8547
	Green Phone:	
	Fax:	530-529-8539
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Farias, Bob		
Unit Chief	530-528-5100	530-200-2500

Tulare Unit (TUU)		
1968 S. Lovers Lane	Command Center:	559-636-4172
Visalia, CA 93292	Headquarters:	559-732-5954
tuu.ecc@fire.ca.gov	Unit Duty Chief:	559-735-0364
	Green Phone:	9-316-386
	Fax:	559-732-4986
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Turner, Andy Unit Chief	559-732-5954	559-358-7100
Martin, David ECC Chief	559-636-4109	559-358-7109

Tuolumne-Calaveras Unit (TCU)		
785 Mountain Ranch Road	Command Center:	209-754-0675
San Andreas, CA95249	Headquarters:	209-754-3831
tcu.ecc@fire.ca.gov	Unit Duty Chief:	209-754-2759
	Green Phone:	9-316-383
	Fax:	209-754-1723
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Wood, David Unit Chief	209-754-2700	209-419-4400
Davis, Ryan ECC Chief	209-754-2709	209-419-4409

CAL FIRE CONTRACT COUNTIES

Kern County Fire (KRN)		
5642 Victor Street	Command Center:	661-324-6551
Bakersfield, CA 93308	Headquarters:	661-391-7000
	Unit Duty Chief:	
kerndutyofficer@kerncountyfire.org	Fax:	
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Aaron Duncan Fire Chief	661-391-7010	661-368-5820
Nick Herndon ECC Chief	661-330-0136	661-776-5236

Los Angeles County Fire (LAC)		
1320 N. Eastern Ave,	Command Center:	323-881-6183
Los Angeles, CA 90063	Headquarters:	323-881-6183
Captain40@firehosted.lacounty.gov	Unit Duty Chief:	323-881-6105
BC40@firehosted.lacounty.gov	Fax:	
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Anthony Marrone		
7 minory warrone	222 881 6180	212 220 2512
Fire Chief	323-881-6180	213-220-3513
1	323-881-6180 323-881-2370	213-220-3513

Marin County Fire (MRN)		
33 Castle Rock Ave,	Command Center:	415-473-6717
Woodacre, CA 94973	Headquarters:	415-473-3263
	Unit Duty Chief:	415-473-3742
FIRE-Dispatch@marincounty.org	Fax:	415-473-7820
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Jason Weber	415-473-4100	
Fire Chief	413-4/3-4100	
Todd Overshiner		415 054 1515
ECC Chief		415-254-1515

Command Center:	714-573-6500
Headquarters:	714-573-6000
Unit Duty Chief:	714-573-6547
ECC Duty Officer:	714-573-6572
Fax:	714-368-8830
OFFICE	CELL
714-573-6010	714-559-2700
,11.0,0 0010	,11.009 2700
714-573-6554	949-239-5978
	Headquarters: Unit Duty Chief: ECC Duty Officer: Fax: OFFICE 714-573-6010

Santa Barbara County Fire (SBC)		
4410 Cathedral Oaks Road	Command Center:	805-692-5735
Santa Barbara, CA93110-1042	Headquarters:	805-681-5500
	Unit Duty Chief:	805-692-5738
sbc.ecc@countyofsb.org	Fax:	805-692-5725
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Mark Hartwig	905 691 5507	905 906 6400
Fire Chief	805-681-5507	805-896-6400
Sergio Sanchez	805-681-4045	805-896-6405
ECC Chief	803-081-4043	803-890-0403

Ventura County Fire (VNC)		
165 Durley Avenue	Command Center:	805-388-4279
Camarillo, CA 93010-8586	Headquarters:	805-389-9710
	Unit Duty Chief:	805-388-4489
FCC@ventura.org	Fax:	
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Dustin Gardner	805-389-9704	
Fire Chief	803-389-9704	
Michael Weisenberg	805-389-9795	
ECC Chief	003-369-9/93	

GOVERNOR'S OFFICE OF EMERGENCY SERVICES / CAL OES

Governor's Office of Emergency Services – Fire &	Rescue Division / CAL OES H	
3650 Schriever Avenue	Business:	916-845-8711
Mather, CA 95655	24-Hour Warning Center:	916-845-8911
(firstname.lastname@CALOES.ca.gov)	FDO:	916-845-8670
27.1.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2	Fax:	916-845-8396
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Marshall, Brian	916-845-8726	916-382-6701
Chief, State Fire & Rescue	710-043-8720	710-302-0701
VACANT	916-845-8727	951-830-6231
Deputy Chief, Operations North	910-643-8727	931-030-0231
Torrez, Art	051 220 2106	017 (40 2020
Deputy Chief, Operations South	951-320-2106	916-642-3838
Lopez, Lori	016 045 0722	017 207 7124
Deputy Chief, Administration	916-845-8722	916-396-6134
Higgins, Mitch	21.5.21.7.2.1.2	24.5.54.
Deputy Chief, Fleet Management	916-845-8718	916-612-8845
Collins, Larry		
Deputy Chief, Special Operations	916-845-8751	916-716-2498
Vail, Scott		
Deputy Chief, CICCS	916-845-8711	916-832-4229
Salvate, John		
Assistant Chief, Region I North	707-853-6150	707-853-6150
Stone, Dave		
Assistant Chief, Region I South	916-642-3837	916-642-3837
Courson, Mark Assistant Chief, Region II North	916-281-4484	916-281-4484
Franklin, Dave	650-436-2185	650-436-2185
Assistant Chief, Region II South		
Titus, Patrick	916-634-9225	
Assistant Chief, Region III North		
Sjotvedt, Steve	916-642-3887	
Assistant Chief, Region III South		
Zander, Corey	916-845-8711	916-712-6771
Assistant Chief, Region IV North	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Bailey, Kit	530-307-1307	530-307-1307
Assistant Chief, Region IV South	330 307 1307	230 307 1307
Arroyo, Van	916-769-1486	
Assistant Chief, Region V North	910-709-1480	
Lara, Javier	559-412-1016	559-412-1016
Assistant Chief, Region V South/ CICCS	339-412-1010	339-412-1010
Unkovich, Randy	909-451-1835	909-451-1835
Assistant Chief, Region VI North	707 -4 31-1033	707 -4 31-1033
Rouhota, Tony	760 025 9400	
Assistant Chief, Region VI South	760-925-8400	
Eakle, Brianne	016 045 0017	016 024 2224
Communications Operator	916-845-8817	916-834-3334
VACANT	016 945 9761	016 000 4510
Communications Operator	916-845-8761	916-882-4510

McMurray, Alexis		
Communication Operator	916-845-8723	650-245-8566
Adams, Jeff Assistant Chief, Special Operations	916-330-0953	
Fry, Jack		
Assistant Chief, Special Operations	916-628-7015	
Gear, Joe Assistant Chief, Special Operations	916-475-1663	916-825-6416
Tobais, Chuck Assistant Chief, Special Operations	916-845-8830	916-715-0250
Martinez, Guadalupe Office Technician	916-845-8721	
Stanich, Nicole Staff Services Analyst-Special Operations	916-845-8717	
Cognata, Debbie Associate Gov. Program Analyst-Fire & Rescue	916-845-8713	
Torrez, Sage Associate Gov. Program Analyst-Fire & Rescue	916-720-8556	
Auburn, Diede Staff Services Manager 1	916-845-8725	
Alaina, Viernes Staff Services Analyst	916-845-8707	
Faustino, Kelly Associate Gov. Prog. Analyst-Fire & Rescue	916-845-8662	
Modin, Matthew Staff Services Analyst	916-845-8236	
VACANT Staff Services Analyst-Fleet Services	916-845-8732	
Ochoa-Banuelos, Ruben Staff Services Analyst-Fleet Services	916-845-8733	
Thao, Chue Heavy Equipment Mechanic-Fleet Services	916-845-8739	916-213-5267
Xiong, Kou Heavy Equipment Mechanic-Fleet Services	916-845-8743	916-396-6134
Lee, Keng Heavy Equipment Mechanic-Fleet Services	916-494-1828	
Vang, Pao Heavy Equipment Mechanic-Fleet Services	916-396-5286	

Governor's Office of Emergency Services – Operations Coordination Center – FIRESCOPE Program		
23300 Castle St	Business:	951-782-4174
Riverside, CA 92518	After Hours:	916-845-8911
(firstname.lastname@CALOES.ca.gov)	Fax:	951-276-6513
	Fax:	951-782-4239
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Johnstone, James Deputy Chief, FIRESCOPE	951-320-6108	951-312-8966
Johnson, Cathy Assistant Chief, FIRESCOPE	916-642-3825	916-642-3825
VACANT Communications Operator/CAL OES Fire and Rescue	951-320-6198	
Serafin, Yesenia Staff Services Analyst, FIRESCOPE	951-320-6199	
Dorsey, Shelley Management Services Tech, FIRESCOPE	951-320-6212	

CAL OES Region I (CR01)		
Marrone, Anthony, Interim Fire Chief	Office:	323-881-2478
anthony.marrone@fire.lacounty.gov	Dispatch:	323-881-6183
Los Angeles County Fire Department	Dispatch Fax:	323-266-6925
1320 North Eastern Avenue		
Los Angeles, CA 90063-3294		
Los Angeles County Area "A" CA-XLA		
Crowley, Kristin, Fire Chief	Office:	213-978-3800
kristin.crowley@lacity.org	Dispatch:	213-576-8920
Los Angeles City FD	Fax:	213-626-0062
200 North Main Street #1020		
Los Angeles, CA 90012		
Los Angeles County Area "B" CA-XLB		
O'Brien, Jon, Acting Chief Deputy	Office:	323-881-2478
jon.obrien@fire.lacounty.gov	Dispatch:	323-881-6183
Los Angeles County Fire Department	Fax:	323-266-6925
1320 North Eastern Avenue		
Los Angeles, CA 90063-3294		
Los Angeles County Area "C" CA-XLC		
Augustine, Chad, Fire Chief	Office:	916-715-6330
caugustine@cityofpasadena.net	Dispatch Office:	818-956-4800
Glendale Fire Department	Dispatch Fax:	818-240-5895
421 Oak Street		
Glendale, CA 91204		
Les Angeles County, Ange 6E2 CA VIE		
Los Angeles County Area "E" CA-XLE	Off	562 044 0712
Haywood, Brent, Chief	Office:	562-944-9713
brenthayward@santafedsprings.org	Dispatch:	562-861-9221
Santa Fe Springs FD 11300 Greenstone Ave	Fax:	562-904-7314
Santa Fe Springs, CA 90670		
Los Angeles County Area "F" CA-XLF		
Hardin, Jeff, Deputy Fire Chief	Admin:	562-570-9500
jeffrey.hardin@longbeach.gov	Dispatch:	562-570-9540
Long Beach Fire Department	Admin Fax:	562-570-2564
3205 North Lakewood Blvd.	Aumin Fax.	502-5 / 0-250 1
Long Beach, CA 90808-1733		
Long Deach, CA 70000-1733		
Los Angeles County Area "G" CA-XLG		
Dumais, Dave, Fire Chief	Office:	310-781-7000
ddumais@torranceca.gov	Dispatch:	310-545-5679
Torrance Fire Department	Dispatch Fax:	310-978-0892
1701 Crenshaw Blvd.	Disputon i un.	
Torrance, CA 90501-3312		
,		

Orange County CA-XOR		
Fennessy, Brian, Chief	Office:	714-573-6010
brianfennessy@ocfa.org	Dispatch:	714-573-6500
Orange County Fire Authority	Fax:	714-368-8830
1 Fire Authority Road		
Irvine, CA 92602		

San Luis Obispo CA-XSL		
Owens, John, Chief	Office:	805-543-4244 Ext. 3400
john.owens@fire.ca.gov	Dispatch:	805-543-4242
San Luis Obispo County Fire / CALFIRE	Fax:	805-543-6909
1150 Laurel Ln., Suite 175		
San Luis Obispo, CA 93401		

Santa Barbara County CA-XSB		
Hartwig, Mark, Chief	Office:	805-681-5500
mhartwig@countyofsb.org	Dispatch:	805-692-5735
Santa Barbara County FD	Fax:	805-692-5720
4410 Cathedral Oaks Road		
Santa Barbara, CA93110-1042		

Ventura County CA-XVE		
Gardner, Dustin, Chief	Office:	805-389-9710
dustin.gardner@ventura.org	Dispatch:	805-388-4279
Ventura County Fire Department	Fax:	805-388-4361
165 Durley Avenue		
Camarillo, CA 93010-8586		

CAL OES Region II (CR02)		
Moore, Eric, Chief	Office:	925-833-3473
eric.moore@acgov.org	Dispatch:	925-245-0420
Alameda County Fire Department	Fax:	925-422-5730
6363 Clark Ave.		7
Dublin, CA 94568		
2		
Alameda County CA-XAL		
Contreras, Garrett, Chief	Office:	510-583-4945
garrett.contreas@hayward-ca.gov	Dispatch:	925-245-0420
Hayward Fire Department	Fax:	925-422-5730
22700 Main Street		320 .22 0,00
Hayward, CA 94541		
1147 (1414) (2117) (211		<u> </u>
Contra Costa County CA-XCC		
McAllister, Aaron, Deputy Chief	Office:	925-941-3501 Ext 1101
aaron.mcallister@ccfpd.org	Dispatch:	925-941-3355
Contra Costa FPD	Fax:	925-941-3339
2010 Geary Road	1 441.	325 311 3333
Pleasant Hill, CA 94523		
1100001111111, 01171020		<u> </u>
Del Norte County CA-XDN		
Wakefield, Ryan, Chief	Office:	707-465-9105
ryan.wakefield@cdcr.ca.gov	Dispatch:	707-726-1280
California Dept. of Corrections/Rehabilitation	Fax:	707-726-1265
5905 Lake Earl Dr	гах.	707-720-1203
Crescent City, CA 95532		
Crescent City, CA 95552		
Humboldt County CA-XHU		
McCray, Kurt, Chief	Office:	707-726-1200
kurt.mccray@fire.ca.gov	Dispatch:	707-726-1280
CAL FIRE, Humboldt/Del Norte Unit	Fax:	707-726-1265
118 South Fortuna Blvd.	I dx.	707-720-1203
Fortuna, CA 95540-0425		
1 01 tulia, CA 75570-0725		
Lake County CA-XLK		
·	Office:	707 004 2170
Sapeta, Willie, Chief fdchf700@yahoo.com		707-994-2170 707-963-4112
	Dispatch:	707-963-4112
Lake County Fire Protection District 14815 Olympic Drive	Fax:	/U/-903- 4 013
Clearlake, CA 95122		
Cicaliake, CA 33122		
Marin County CA VMD		
Marin County CA-XMR	~ cc	415 472 6717
Weber, Jason, Chief	Office:	415-473-6717
jweber@marincounty.org	Dispatch:	415-473-6717
Marin County Fire Department	Fax:	415-473-7820
33 Castlerock Avenue (P.O. Box 518)		
Woodacre, CA 94973		

		*
Mendocino County CA-XME		
Franklin, Mitch, Chief	Office:	707-744-1222
hopchief6100@gmail.com		707-744-1222
	Dispatch: Fax:	
Hopland VFD	Fax:	707-459-7405
21 Feliz Creek Road		
Hopland, CA 95449		
Monterey County CA-XMY		
Nunez, George, Chief	Office:	831-333-4600
george.nunez@fire.ca.gov	Dispatch:	831-647-6223
CAL FIRE, Monterey/San Benito Unit	Fax:	831-333-4660
2221 Garden Road		
Monterey, CA 93940-5385		
Napa County CA-XNA		
Sorenson, John, Chief	Office:	707-967-2880
chief170@cityofsthelena.org	Dispatch:	707-967-4206
St. Helena Fire Department	Fax:	707-963-4013
1480 Main St	2	, 0, 9 00 1010
St. Helena, CA 94574		
St. Helena, CH 7 137 1		<u> </u>
San Benito County CA-XBE		
Nunez, George, Chief	Office:	831-333-4600
george.nunez@fire.ca.gov	Dispatch:	831-647-6223
CAL FIRE, Monterey/San Benito Unit	Fax:	831-333-4660
2221 Garden Road	rax.	831-333-4000
Monterey, CA 93940-5385		
Wollerey, CA 93940-3383		
San Francisco County CA-XSF		
Nicholson, Jeanine, Chief	Office:	415-558-3400
		415-558-3291
jeanine.nicholson@sfgov.org	Dispatch:	
San Francisco Fire Department	Fax:	415-558-3290
698 Second Street		
San Francisco, CA 94107		
Com Mada Compta CA VOM		
San Mateo County CA-XSM	0.00	650 001 0120
Myers, Ron, Chief	Office:	650-991-8138
rmyers@northcountyfire.org	Dispatch:	650-363-4961
North County Fire Authority	Fax:	650-369-4962
10 Wembley Avenue		
Daly City, CA 94015		
Santa Clara County CA-XSC		
Bowden, Tony, Chief	Office:	408-378-4010
tony.bowden@sccfd.org	Dispatch:	408-294-4424
Santa Clara County Fire Department	Fax:	408-279-4736
14700 Winchester Blvd.		
Los Gatos, CA 95030-1818		
		I .

Santa Cruz County CA-XCZ		
Armstrong, Nate, Unit Chief	Office:	831-335-6700
nate.armstrong@fire.ca.gov	Dispatch:	831-335-6719
CAL FIRE, San Mateo – Santa Cruz	Fax:	831-335-0624
6059 Highway 9 (P.O. Drawer F-2)		
Felton, CA 95018 -0316		

Solano County CA-XSO		
Chadwick, Josh, Chief	Office:	707-746-4275
jchadwick@ci.benicia.ca.us	Dispatch:	707-421-7090
Benicia Fire Department	Fax:	707-421-7952
150 Military West		
Benicia, CA 94510		

Sonoma County CA-XSN		
Heine, Mark Chief	Office:	707-838-1170
mheine@sonomacountyfd.org	Dispatch:	707-576-1371
Sonoma County Fire Department	Fax:	707-543-3520
8200 Old Redwood Hwy		
Windsor, CA 95492		

		•
CAL OES Region III (CR03)		
Hebrard, Mike, Chief	Office:	530-224-1644
mike.hebrard@fire.ca.gov		530-224-1044
	Dispatch:	530-224-2434
CAL FIRE Northern Region	Fax:	330-224-4308
6105 Airport Road		
Redding, CA 96002		
Dutte County CA VDII		
Butte County CA-XBU	0.00	520 520 7111 F + 201
Messina, John, Unit Chief	Office:	530-538-7111 Ext. 301
john.messina@fire.ca.gov	Dispatch:	530-538-6840
Butte County Fire Department/CALFIRE	Fax:	
176 Nelson Avenue	Fax:	530-538-6873
Oroville, CA 95965		
Colusa County CA-XCO	0.00	520 472 2260
Gilbert, Jeff, Chief	Office:	530-473-2269
c300@williamsfire.net	Dispatch:	530-458-0200
Williams Fire Authority	Fax:	530-458-4697
810 E. Street		
Williams, CA 95987		
Glenn County CA-XGL		
James, Dan, Chief	Office:	530-826-3355
hamiltoncityfpd@gmail.com	Dispatch:	530-529-8541
Hamilton City Fire Protection District	Fax:	530-529-8539
420 1 st Street		
Hamilton City, CA 95951		
-		
Lassen County CA-XLS		
Ewing, Eric, Assistant Chief	Office:	530-257-8504
eric.ewing@fire.ca.gov	Dispatch:	530-257-5575
CALFIRE-LMU	Fax:	530-257-7149
697-345 Highway 36		
Susanville, CA 96130		
,		1
Modoc County CA-XMO		
Walker, Steve Unit Chief	Office:	530-233-2723
steve.walker@fire.ca.gov	Dispatch:	530-233-4416
CAL FIRE-LMU	Fax:	530-233-4971
702 East 8th Street	1 αΛ.	330 233 17/1
Alturas, CA 96101		
muias, CA 70101		
Plumas County CA-XPU		
Waterman, Joe	Office:	530-258-2276
joe.waterman@gmail.com		530-283-6300
•	Dispatch:	
West Almanor Fire Department	Fax:	530-283-6329
947 Long Iron Dr Chapter CA 06020		
Chester, CA 96020		

		-
Shasta County CA-XSH		
Gouvea, Bret, Unit Chief	Office:	530-225-2400
bret.gouvea@fire.ca.gov	Dispatch:	530-225-2411
CAL FIRE / Shasta County Fire Department	Fax:	530-241-4807
875 Cypress Avenue	1 4/1.	330 211 1007
Redding, CA 96001		
Redding, CA 70001		
Sierra County CA-XSI		
Evans, John, Chief	Office:	530-993-6751
lawnorthoftheyuba@aol.com	Dispatch:	530-289-3700
Loyalton Fire Department	Fax:	530-993-6752
•	rax.	330-993-0732
206 Front St. (PO Box 128)		
Loyalton, CA 96118		
Siskiyou County CA-XSK		
Laws, Darryl, Unit Chief	Office:	530-842-3516
		530-842-3316
darryl.laws@fire.ca.gov	Dispatch:	
CAL FIRE & FP, Siskiyou Unit	Fax:	530-842-6953
1809 Fairlane Road (P.O. Box 128)		
Yreka, CA 96097		
Cutton County CA VCII		
Sutter County CA-XSU	2.00	500.000 4600
Alexander, Jesse, Chief	Office:	530-822-4698
jalexander@yubacity.net	Dispatch:	530-822-4661
Yuba City Fire Department	Fax:	530-822-4799
824 Clark Ave		
Yuba City, CA 95991		
The Control of the Co		
Tehama County CA-XTE	~ 20	
Russell, Dave, Unit Chief	Office:	530-528-5199
dave.russell@fire.ca.gov	Dispatch:	530-529-8541
CAL FIRE / Tehama County Rural FD	Fax:	530-529-8539
604 Antelope Blvd.		
Red Bluff, CA 96080		
Trinity County CA-XTR		
Corbett, Todd, Chief	Office:	530-623-6156
chief@wfdca.org	Dispatch:	530-225-2411
Weaverville Volunteer Fire Department	Fax:	530-224-2434
125 Bremer Street (P.O. Box 447)		
Weaverville, CA 96093		
Yuba County CA-XYU		
Heggstrom, Kyle, Chief	Office:	530-743-1553
kyleh@lindafire.org	Dispatch:	530-224-2434
Linda Fire Department	Fax:	530-224-4308
1286 Scales Street		
Marysville, CA 95901-6117		

Walder, Pric Chief			
Solution	CAL OES Region IV (CR04)		
Waterloo-Morada Fire District 6925 E Foppiamo Ln Stockton CA 95212	Walder, Eric Chief	Office:	209-931-3107
Waterloo-Morada Fire District 6925 E Foppiamo Ln Stockton CA 95212	ewalder@wmfire.org	Dispatch:	530-273-3222
Stockton CA 95212 Alpine County CA-XAP Stoner, Denver, Chief Goffice: 209-753-2321			530-477-5203
Stockton CA 95212 Alpine County CA-XAP Stoner, Denver, Chief Goffice: 209-753-2321	6925 E Foppiamo Ln		
Alpine County CA-XAP Stoner, Denver, Chief Office: 209-753-2321 dstoner@alpineso.com Dispatch: 530-694-2231 Ear Valley Public Safety/Fire Fax: 530-694-2231 Ear Valley Public Safety/Fire Fax: 530-694-2956 Ear Valley Public Safety/Fire Fax: 530-694-2956 Ear Valley, CA 95223 Ear Valley P.O. Box 398 Ear Valley P.O. Box 315 Ear Valley P.O. Box 4070 Ear Valley P.O. Box 6970 Ear County CA-XPL Ear			
Stoner, Denver, Chief dstoner@alpineso.com Dispatch: 530-694-2231 530-694-2256 Sand-694-2231 Sand-694-2231 Sand-694-2231 Sand-694-2956 Sand-694-2956 Sand-694-2956 Sand-694-2956			
Stoner, Denver, Chief dstoner@alpineso.com Dispatch: 530-694-2231 530-694-2256 Sand-694-2231 Sand-694-2231 Sand-694-2231 Sand-694-2956 Sand-694-2956 Sand-694-2956 Sand-694-2956	Alnine County CA-XAP		
Dispatch:		Office	200-753-2321
Bear Valley Public Safety/Fire			
Rear Valley Road (PÓ Box 5130) Bear Valley, CA 95223			
Bear Valley, CA 95223		гах.	330-094-2930
Amador County CA-XAM	· ` ` ` `		
Mackey, Ken, Chief Chief Chief Dispatch: S30-647-6115 S30-648-6316 S30-647-6115 S30-648-6316 S30-647-6115 S30-648-6316	Bear valley, CA 93223		
Mackey, Ken, Chief Chiego Chief Chiego Chiego	Amador County CA VAM		
chief6200@sbcglobal.net Dispatch: 530-647-6115 Ione City Fire Fax: 209-274-6028 P.O. Box 398 Ione, CA Calaveras County CA-XCA Fullerton, Bill, Chief Office: 209-728-3864 billfullerton@sbcglobal.net Cell: 209-768-8786 West Point FPD Dispatch: 209-754-1187 P.O. Box 315 Fax: 209-954-1723 West Point, CA 95255 Fax: 209-954-1723 El Dorado County CA-XED Dispatch: 877-233-3473 Eldorado Hills Fire Department Fax: 530-626-3188 1050 Wilson Blvd Fax: 530-626-3188 El Dorado Hills, CA 95762 Peardale - Chicago Park Fire Protection Dispatch: 530-273-2503 pcpfpdchief@gmail.com Dispatch: 530-273-3222 Peardale - Chicago Park Fire Protection Fax: 530-477-5203 18934 Colfax Highway (P.O. Box 697) Chicago Park, CA 95712 Fax: 530-886-5375 Placer County CA-XPL Spencer, Dave, Chief Office: 530-886-5375 Lincoln Fax: 530-8		0.00	200 256 4400
Tax: 209-274-6028 Provided Provided			
P.O. Box 398 Ione, CA		•	
Calaveras County CA-XCA		Fax:	209-274-6028
Calaveras County CA-XCA			
Fullerton, Bill, Chief Doracle 209-728-3864	Ione, CA		
Fullerton, Bill, Chief Doracle 209-728-3864			
Dilifullerton@sbcglobal.net Cell: 209-768-8786 West Point FPD Dispatch: 209-754-1187 P.O. Box 315 Fax: 209-954-1723 West Point, CA 95255 El Dorado County CA-XED	·		
Dispatch: 209-754-1187 P.O. Box 315 El Dorado County CA-XED	Fullerton, Bill, Chief	Office:	209-728-3864
P.O. Box 315 West Point, CA 95255 Fax: 209-954-1723	<u>billfullerton@sbcglobal.net</u>	Cell:	209-768-8786
Dorado County CA-XED	West Point FPD	Dispatch:	209-754-1187
El Dorado County CA-XED Lilienthal, Michael, Chief mlilienthal@edhfire.com Eldorado Hills Fire Department 1050 Wilson Blvd El Dorado Hills, CA 95762 Nevada County CA-XNE Bierwagen, Jim, Chief pcpfpdchief@gmail.com Peardale - Chicago Park Fire Protection 18934 Colfax Highway (P.O. Box 697) Chicago Park, CA 95712 Placer County CA-XPL Spencer, Dave, Chief dspencer@auburn.ca.gov Auburn City Fire 1225 Lincoln Office: 916-933-6623 Dispatch: 916-933-6623 Dispatch: 530-626-3188 Office: 530-273-2503 Dispatch: 530-273-2503 Dispatch: 530-477-5203 Office: 530-477-5203 Dispatch: 530-886-5375 Fax: 530-886-5375 Fax: 530-886-5391	P.O. Box 315	•	209-954-1723
Lilienthal, Michael, Chief mlilienthal@edhfire.com Eldorado Hills Fire Department 1050 Wilson Blvd El Dorado Hills, CA 95762 Nevada County CA-XNE Bierwagen, Jim, Chief pepfpdchief@gmail.com Peardale - Chicago Park Fire Protection 18934 Colfax Highway (P.O. Box 697) Chicago Park, CA 95712 Placer County CA-XPL Spencer, Dave, Chief dspencer@auburn.ca.gov Auburn City Fire 1225 Lincoln Dispatch: 916-933-6623 Dispatch: 877-233-3473 Fax: 530-626-3188 Office: 530-273-2503 Dispatch: 530-273-2503 Dispatch: 530-477-5203 Office: 530-823-4211 Dispatch: 530-886-5375 Fax: 530-886-5391	West Point, CA 95255		
Lilienthal, Michael, Chief mlilienthal@edhfire.com Eldorado Hills Fire Department 1050 Wilson Blvd El Dorado Hills, CA 95762 Nevada County CA-XNE Bierwagen, Jim, Chief pepfpdchief@gmail.com Peardale - Chicago Park Fire Protection 18934 Colfax Highway (P.O. Box 697) Chicago Park, CA 95712 Placer County CA-XPL Spencer, Dave, Chief dspencer@auburn.ca.gov Auburn City Fire 1225 Lincoln Dispatch: 916-933-6623 Dispatch: 877-233-3473 Fax: 530-626-3188 Office: 530-273-2503 Dispatch: 530-273-2503 Dispatch: 530-477-5203 Office: 530-823-4211 Dispatch: 530-886-5375 Fax: 530-886-5391			
Lilienthal, Michael, Chief mlilienthal@edhfire.com Eldorado Hills Fire Department 1050 Wilson Blvd El Dorado Hills, CA 95762 Nevada County CA-XNE Bierwagen, Jim, Chief pepfpdchief@gmail.com Peardale - Chicago Park Fire Protection 18934 Colfax Highway (P.O. Box 697) Chicago Park, CA 95712 Placer County CA-XPL Spencer, Dave, Chief dspencer@auburn.ca.gov Auburn City Fire 1225 Lincoln Dispatch: 916-933-6623 Dispatch: 877-233-3473 Fax: 530-626-3188 Office: 530-273-2503 Dispatch: 530-273-2503 Dispatch: 530-477-5203 Office: 530-823-4211 Dispatch: 530-886-5375 Fax: 530-886-5391	El Dorado County CA-XED		
Dispatch: 877-233-3473 Fax: 530-626-3188		Office:	916-933-6623
Eldorado Hills Fire Department 1050 Wilson Blvd El Dorado Hills, CA 95762 Nevada County CA-XNE Bierwagen, Jim, Chief pcpfpdchief@gmail.com Peardale - Chicago Park Fire Protection 18934 Colfax Highway (P.O. Box 697) Chicago Park, CA 95712 Placer County CA-XPL Spencer, Dave, Chief dspencer@auburn.ca.gov Auburn City Fire 1225 Lincoln Fax: 530-626-3188 530-626-3188 530-626-3188 Office: 530-273-2503 Dispatch: 530-273-3222 Fax: 530-477-5203 Office: 530-823-4211 Dispatch: 530-886-5375 Fax: 530-886-5391			
Nevada County CA-XNE		•	
El Dorado Hills, CA 95762 Nevada County CA-XNE	_	- 	000 020 0100
Nevada County CA-XNE Bierwagen, Jim, Chief			
Bierwagen, Jim, Chief pcpfpdchief@gmail.com Peardale - Chicago Park Fire Protection 18934 Colfax Highway (P.O. Box 697) Chicago Park, CA 95712 Placer County CA-XPL Spencer, Dave, Chief dspencer@auburn.ca.gov Auburn City Fire 1225 Lincoln Office: 530-273-2503 Dispatch: 530-477-5203 Office: 530-477-5203 Office: 530-823-4211 Dispatch: 530-886-5375 Fax: 530-886-5391	21 201440 111110, 011 70 702		<u> </u>
Bierwagen, Jim, Chief pcpfpdchief@gmail.com Peardale - Chicago Park Fire Protection 18934 Colfax Highway (P.O. Box 697) Chicago Park, CA 95712 Placer County CA-XPL Spencer, Dave, Chief dspencer@auburn.ca.gov Auburn City Fire 1225 Lincoln Office: 530-273-2503 Dispatch: 530-477-5203 Office: 530-477-5203 Office: 530-823-4211 Dispatch: 530-886-5375 Fax: 530-886-5391	Nevada County CA-XNE		
pcpfpdchief@gmail.com Peardale - Chicago Park Fire Protection 18934 Colfax Highway (P.O. Box 697) Chicago Park, CA 95712 Placer County CA-XPL Spencer, Dave, Chief dspencer@auburn.ca.gov Auburn City Fire 1225 Lincoln Dispatch: 530-273-3222 530-477-5203 Office: 530-823-4211 Dispatch: 530-886-5375 Fax: 530-886-5391	,	Office	530-273-2503
Peardale - Chicago Park Fire Protection 18934 Colfax Highway (P.O. Box 697) Chicago Park, CA 95712 Placer County CA-XPL Spencer, Dave, Chief dspencer@auburn.ca.gov Auburn City Fire 1225 Lincoln Symmetric Protection Fax: 530-477-5203 Fax: 530-477-5203 Fax: 530-477-5203 Dispatch: 530-823-4211 Fax: 530-886-5375 Fax: 530-886-5391			
18934 Colfax Highway (P.O. Box 697) Chicago Park, CA 95712 Placer County CA-XPL Spencer, Dave, Chief dspencer@auburn.ca.gov Auburn City Fire 1225 Lincoln Office: 530-823-4211 Dispatch: 530-886-5375 Fax: 530-886-5391		•	
Chicago Park, CA 95712 Placer County CA-XPL Spencer, Dave, Chief dspencer@auburn.ca.gov Auburn City Fire 1225 Lincoln Office: 530-823-4211 Dispatch: 530-886-5375 Fax: 530-886-5391		Fax:	330-477-3203
Placer County CA-XPL Spencer, Dave, Chief Office: 530-823-4211 dspencer@auburn.ca.gov Dispatch: 530-886-5375 Auburn City Fire Fax: 530-886-5391 1225 Lincoln Fax: 530-886-5391			
Spencer, Dave, Chief Office: 530-823-4211 dspencer@auburn.ca.gov Dispatch: 530-886-5375 Auburn City Fire Fax: 530-886-5391 1225 Lincoln Fax: 530-886-5391	Unicago Park, UA 95/12		
Spencer, Dave, Chief Office: 530-823-4211 dspencer@auburn.ca.gov Dispatch: 530-886-5375 Auburn City Fire Fax: 530-886-5391 1225 Lincoln Fax: 530-886-5391	Diamed Complex CA VDI		
dspencer@auburn.ca.gov Dispatch: 530-886-5375 Auburn City Fire Fax: 530-886-5391 1225 Lincoln 530-886-5391			
Auburn City Fire Fax: 530-886-5391	*		
1225 Lincoln		•	
	· ·	Fax:	530-886-5391
Auburn, CA 95603			
	Auburn, CA 95603		

Sacramento County CA-XSA		
Wilson, Chad, Deputy Chief	Office:	916-767-2203
cnwilson@folsom.ca.us	Dispatch:	916-228-3035
Folsom City Fire Department	Fax:	916-228-3075
535 Glenn Dr		
Folsom, CA 95677		
San Joaquin County CA-XSJ		
Ramirez, Frank, Chief	Office:	209-727-0564
framirez@mokelumnefire.org	Dispatch:	800-913-9113
Mokelumne Rural FD	Fax:	209-236-8701
13157 E Brandi Rd		
Lockeford, CA 95237		
Stanislaus County CA-XST		
Murdock, Richard, Chief	Office:	209-552-3600
rmurdock@stanoes.com	Dispatch:	209-524-2474
Stanislaus County OES	Fax:	209-552-3635
3705 Oakdale Road		
Modesto, CA 95355		
Tahoe Basin CA-XTB		
Bailey, Sean, Chief	Office:	530-562-1212
sbailey@northstarcsd.org	Dispatch:	530-273-3222
Northstar Fire Protection District	Fax:	530-477-5203
910 Northstar Dr		
Truckee, CA 96161		
Tuolumne County CA-XTO		
New, Aimee, Unit Chief	Office:	209-484-8788
<u>firechief@sonoraca.gov</u>	Dispatch:	209-754-1187
Sonora FD	Fax:	209-954-1723
201 S Shepard St		
Sonora, CA 95370		
Yolo County CA-XYO		
Binns, Steve	Office:	916-617-4745
steveb@cityofwestsacramento.org	Dispatch:	530-666-8920
City of West Sacramento Fire Department	Fax:	530-666-8923
2040 Lake Washington Blvd		
West Sacramento, CA 95691		

CAL OES Region V (CR05)		
Hail, Dustin, Chief	Office:	559-493-4300
dustin.hail@fire.ca.gov	Dispatch:	559-294-6830
Fresno County Fire Protection District		
210 South Academy Road		
Sanger, CA93657		
Fresno County CA-XFR		
Hail, Dustin, Chief	Office:	559-493-4300
dustin.hail@fire.ca.gov	Dispatch:	559-294-6830
Fresno County Fire Protection District	1	
210 South Academy Road		
Sanger, CA93657		
6)		
Kern County CA-XKE		
Duncan, Aaron	Office:	661-391-7011
aduncan@kerncountyfire.org	Cell:	661-776-5236
Kern County Fire Department	Dispatch:	661-324-6551
5642 Victor Street	Fax:	661-324-6557
Bakersfield, CA 93308		
Kings County CA-XKI		
Lynch, Bill, Chief	Office:	559-413-9926
bill.lynch@co.kings.ca.gov	Dispatch:	559-584-9276
Kings County Fire Department	Fax:	559-582-8261
280 North Campus Drive	i uz.	337 302 0201
Hanford, CA 93230		
Tumora, 011 75250		
Madera County CA-XMA		
Van Loben Sels, Mike Chief	Office:	209-742-1901
mike.vanlobensels@fire.ca.gov	Dispatch:	209-966-3803
Madera County Fire Department	Fax:	209-966-7527
5366 HWY 49 North	I ax.	207-700-1321
Mariposa, CA 95338		
17m1posti, 0117000		
Mariposa County CA-XMP		
Van Loben Sels, Mike Chief	Office:	209-742-1901
mike.vanlobensels@fire.ca.gov	Dispatch:	209-966-3803
Mariposa County Fire Department	Fax:	209-966-7527
5082 Bullion Street (P.O. Box 162)	ı un.	207 700 1321
Mariposa, CA 95338		
пипрови, сті 70000		
Merced County CA-XMD		
Van Loben Sels, Mike Chief	Office:	209-742-1901
mike.vanlobensels@fire.ca.gov	Dispatch:	209-966-3803
Merced County Fire Department	Fax:	209-966-7527
3500 North Apron Avenue	ı un.	207 700 1321
Atwater, CA 95301		
Titwatol, CA JJJ01		

Tulare County CA-XTU		
Norman, Charlie Chief	Office:	559-802-9800
	Dispatch:	559-733-6544
Tulare County Fire Department	Fax:	559-747-1024
835 S. Akers Street		
Visalia, CA 93277		

CAL OES Region VI (CR06)		
McHargue, Tim, Chief	Office:	909-370-5102
tmchargue@confire.org	Dispatch:	909-356-3805
Colton Fire Department	Fax:	909-356-3809
303 East E. Street		
Colton, CA 92324		
Imperial County CA-XIM		
Silva, Alex, Chief	Office:	760-356-2673
asilva@holtville.ca.gov	Dispatch:	760-352-3333
Holtville Fire Department	Fax:	760-353-7301
121 West 5 th Street		
Holtville, CA 92250		
Inyo County CA-XIN		
Dell, Joe, Chief	Office:	303-246-4438
jdell@cityofbishop.com	Dispatch:	760-873-5866
Bishop Fire Department	Fax:	760-872-3485
290 W. Line Street		
Bishop, CA 93514		
-	•	
Mono County CA-XMN		
Schmitt, Dale, Chief	Office:	760-920-9523
skymeadowranch@schat.net	Dispatch:	760-932-7549
Wheeler Ridge Fire	Fax:	760-932-7435
129 Willow Rd		
Swall Meadows, CA 93514		
Riverside County CA-XRI		
Moore, Michael, Chief	Office:	951-826-5624
mmoore@riversideca.gov	Dispatch:	951-940-6949
Riverside City Fire Department	Fax:	951-657-3191
3401 University Avenue		
Riverside, CA 92501		
	•	
San Bernardino County CA-XBO		
McHargue, Tim, Chief	Office:	909-370-5102
tmchargue@confire.org	Dispatch:	909-356-3805
Colton Fire Department	Fax:	909-356-3809
303 East E. Street	- 5.2.	 -
Colton, CA 92324		
San Diego County CA-XSD		
Barron, Dan, Chief	Office:	760-744-1050 Ext 3401
dbarron@san-marcos.net	Cell:	760-470-9099
San Marcos Fire Department	Dispatch:	858-756-3006
1 Civic Center Dr	Email:	dispatch@ncdjpa.org
San Marcos, CA 92069		T (A) allamora
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	

FIRE WEATHER FORECASTING OFFICES

Weather Forecast Office Eureka		
300 Startare Drive	Business:	707-442-2171
Eureka, CA 95501-6000	Fax:	707-443-6195
eka.operations@noaa.gov		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Nicolini, Troy	707-443-2171	707-496-5959
Meteorologist in Charge	/0/-443-21/1	/0/-490-3939
Dodd, Alex	707-442-2171	519 022 2416
Fire Weather Program Leader/IMET	/0/-442-21/1	518-932-3416
Tonkin, Jeff	707-442-2171	707 672 2296
IMET	/0/ -44 2-21/1	707-672-3386

Weather Forecast Office Las Vegas		
7851 Dean Martin Drive	24 Hrs. Business:	702-263-9750
Las Vegas, NV 89139-6628		
nws.lasvegas@noaa.gov		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Lericos, Todd	702-263-9752 Ext.222	702-540-3391
Meteorologist in Charge	/02-203-9/32 Ext.222	/02-340-3391
Berc, Daniel	702-263-9753	612-875-6036
Warning Coordination Meteorologist	702-203-9733	012-8/3-0030
Gorelow, Andy	702 262 0750	240 779 5202
Fire Weather Program Leader/IMET	702-263-9750	240-778-5302

Weather Forecast Office Los Angeles/Oxnard		
520 N. Elevar Street	Business:	805-988-6626
Oxnard, CA 93030	Fax:	805-988-6631
(firstname.lastname@noaa.gov)		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Jackson, Mark	905 099 6617	805-444-4892
Meteorologist in Charge	805-988-6617	803-444-4892
Gomberg, Dave	805-988-6626	805-907-2236
Fire Weather Program Leader	803-988-0020	803-907-2230
Thompson, Rich	905 099 6626	805-340-8699*
IMET/Forecaster	805-988-6626	*82 when dialing

Weather Forecast Office Medford		
4003 Cirrus Drive	Business:	541-776-4332
Medford, OR 97504	Fax:	541-776-4333
(firstname.lastname@noaa.gov)		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Lovegrove, John	541-776-4303	541 940 4992
Meteorologist in Charge	Ext.222	541-840-4882
Lutz, Brett	541 77(4202	240-778-5304 IMET
Fire Weather Program Leader/IMET	541-776-4303	Cell
Bunnag, Fredric	541-776-4303	541-941-4480
Assistant Fire Weather Program Leader/IMET	341-770-4303	240-778-5297IMET Cell
Keene, Shad	541-776-4303	
IMET Trainee	JT1-//0 - 4303	

Weather Forecast Office Monterey		
21 Grace Hopper Ave, Stop 5	Business:	831-656-1717
Monterey, CA 93943	Business:	831-656-1724
(firstname.lastname@noaa.gov)	Fax:	831-656-1747
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Palmer, Cindy	831-656-1710	921 292 0709
Meteorologist in Charge	Ext.222	831-383-9708
Walburn, Ryan	831-656-1724	400 772 1077
Fire Weather Program Leader/IMET	831-656-1710	408-772-1877
Mehle, Matt	831-656-1724	617-851-2042
IMET	031-030-1724	017-031-20-2

Weather Forecast Office Phoenix		
P.O. Box 52025, PAP 225	Business:	602-275-7003
Phoenix, AZ 85072-2025	Fax:	602-267-8051
(firstname.lastname@noaa.gov)		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Woodal, Gary Meteorologist in Charge	602-275-7002 Ext 222	602-618-3114
Meyers, Valerie	602-275-7002 Ext 237	
Fire Weather Program Leader/IMET	Mailbox 533	

Weather Forecast Office Reno		
2350 Raggio Pkwy.	Business:	775-673-8105
Reno, NV 89512	Fax:	775-673-7110
(firstname.lastname@noaa.gov)		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Mittelstadt, Jon	775-673-8100	775-771-8356
Meteorologist in Charge	//3-0/3-8100	//3-//1-8330
Hoon, Alex	775-673-8105	240-778-5300
Fire Weather Program Leader/IMET	//3-0/3-8103	IMET Cell
Wallman, Jim	779 672 9105	240-778-5299
IMET	778-673-8105	IMET Cell

Weather Forecast Office Sacramento		
3310 El Camino Ave Room 228	Business:	916-979-3047
Sacramento, CA 95821	After Hours:	916-979-3047
(firstname.lastname@noaa.gov)	Fax:	916-979-3052
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Mead, Michelle Meteorologist in Charge	916-979-3041 Ext 222	406-370-8882
Kurth, Eric Fire Weather Program Leader/IMET	916-979-3047	240-778-5296 IMET Cell

Weather Forecast Office San Diego		
11440 W. Bernardino Court, Suite 230	Business:	858-675-8700
San Diego, CA 92127	After Hours:	858-675-8705
sgx.forecasters@noaa.gov	Fax:	858-675-8712
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Moreland, Matt Meteorologist Type 2	858-675-8700	858-442-5719
Tardy, Alex Meteorologist Type 2	858-675-8700	858-442-6016
Rodriguez, Bruno Incident Meteorologist Type 1	858-675-8700	619-457-7369 240-778-5291 IMET
Sullivan, Stefanie Meteorologist Type 2	858-675-8700	

Weather Forecast Office San Joaquin Valley		
900 Foggy Bottom Road	Business:	559-584-9505
Hanford, CA 93230	After Hours:	559-584-9051
(firstname.lastname@noaa.gov)	Fax:	559-584-1152
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Meadows, Jerald	559-584-0583	
Meteorologist in Charge	Ext. 222	
Harty, Daniel Fire Weather Program Leader/IMET	559-584-9505	240-778-5289
Dudley, James IMET	559-584-9505	240-778-5289

PACIFIC SOUTHWEST RESEARCH STATION

PSW Redding		
3644 Avtech Parkway	Business:	530-226-2530
Redding, CA 96002	After Hours:	877-585-7777
(firstname.lastname@usda.gov)	Fax:	530-226-5091
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Levinson, David	530-226-2543	
Program Manager	230 220 23 13	
Clauss, Nick	530-226-2542	
Assistant Program Manager	330 220 23 12	
Skinner, Carl	530-226-2554	
Scientist	330-220-233 4	
Knapp, Eric	530-226-2555	
Scientist	330-220-2333	
Zhang, Jianwei	520 226 2550	
Scientist	530-226-2550	
Wingate, Roger	530-226-2530	
Office Auto. Assistant	330-220-2330	

PSW Albany		
800 Buchanan Street	Business:	510-5883-8830
Albany, CA 94710	After Hours:	510-297- 3459
(firstname.lastname@usda.gov)		
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Barhydt, Richard Station Director	510-759-1702	530-902-5336
Craig, Maggie Executive Assistant (acting)	510-883-8831	510-8295-3302
Roth, Dana AD Research (acting)		707-980-1595
Maes, James AD, Business Operations		
Heavey, Caitlin Research Planning & Reporting	510-559-6312	510-542-4660
Seal, David "Buck" Station Safety Coordinator	510-559-6329	510-704-3198

PSW Riverside		
4955 Canyon Crest Dr	Business:	951-680-1500
Riverside, CA 92507	After Hours:	877-858-7777
(firstname.lastname@usda.gov)	Fax:	951-680-1501
NAME/TITLE	OFFICE	CELL
Weiss, David Prescribed Fire & Effects	951-680-1543	951-236-4886
Chavez, Deborah Line Officer, PSW Riverside	951-680-1558	951-315-3610
Hanna, Warren Facility Manager	951-680-1518	951-290-1591
Whitfield, Ella Purchasing Agent	951-680-1509	
Riggan, Phil Airborne IR Remote Sensing	951-680-1534	951-315-0182
Lockwood, Bob Airborne IR Remote Sensing	951-680-1535	951-315-0181

<u>Appendix</u> <u>Exhibits</u>

Appendix – Exhibits

FORM	LINK
Interagency Forms	https://www.nifc.gov/nicc/logistics/coord_forms.htm
CAL OES	http://www.caloes.ca.gov/
Chapter 10	
Resources Extension Request	https://www.nifc.gov/nicc/logistics/coord_forms/Extension_form. pdf
Chapter 20 & 30	
CAL OES Name Request Justification Form	https://www.caloes.ca.gov/FireRescueSite/Documents/CalOES%2 0-%20Name%20Request%20Form%20-%2020140901uax.pdf
Preparedness/Detail Request Form	https://www.nifc.gov/nicc/logistics/coord_forms/detail_request_ 2014.pdf
Chapter 40	
National Mobile Food Service/Shower Request Form	https://www.nifc.gov/nicc/logistics/coord_forms/Food_Shower_R_equest_Form.pdf
Chapter 50	

Aircraft Flight Request Form (FS 9400-1a)	https://gacc.nifc.gov/rmcc/dispatch_centers/r2mtc/dispatch/Aviat ion_folder/Aircraft%20Flight%20Request.pdf
Fire Traffic Area (FTA)	https://www.nwcg.gov/sites/default/files/publications/PMS_505dpdf
Interagency Request for Temporary Flight Restriction (FAR Part 91.137)	https://www.nifc.gov/nicc/logistics/coord_forms/tfr.pdf
FORM	LINK
Passenger and Cargo Manifest	http://www.nifc.gov/nicc/logistics/coord_forms/Crew_Manifest_T est_Form.pdf
Infrared Aircraft Scanner Order	https://www.nifc.gov/nicc/logistics/coord_forms/infrared_scanne r.pdf
Documentation of Contacts Requesting Deconfliction of Airspace by the Military Form	http://gacc.nifc.gov/oncc/logistics/aviation/docs/deconfliction.doc
FC 106 Intercom Script	
FC 106 Intercom Voice Out Script	http://gacc.nifc.gov/oncc/logistics/aviation/docs/12 aviation disp atch_script.doc
Fire Class and Size Chart	https://www.nwcg.gov/term/glossary/size-class-of-fire

Resource Order Form	http://www.nifc.gov/nicc/logistics/coord_forms/overhead.pdf
Emergency Release Form	https://www.nifc.gov/nicc/logistics/coord_forms/emergency_release_form.pdf

California Frequency Tones

STANDARD CTCSS TONES USED IN REGION 5

TONE	FREOUENCY	<u>NAC</u>
1	110.9	455
	123.0	4CE
	131.8	50 (
	136.5	555
	146.2	5B6
	156.7	61F
7	167.9	68F
8	103.5	10B
	100.0	3E8
	107.2	430
	114.8	47C
	127.3	4F9
	141.3	585
14	151.4	5EA
	162.2	656
16	192.8	788

<u>Appendix</u> <u>Exhibits</u>

Incident Aircraft Certification Form

INCIDENT – AIRCRAFT CERTIFICATION

Date of Operation		Incident #	
Incident Name		Request #	
Responding Agency Aircraft ID		FAA #	
Initial Attack Extended Attack	B	Helicopter Airplane	
Respond with Crew Smoke Investigation Lightning Detection Aerial Firing Operations Firefighter Medevac Other		Recon Crew Shuttling	
Significant or Imminent Threat (Chec	ck where a	appropriate)	
Death Serious Injury Damage to property Damage to natural resources			
Private Sector Services Availability (C	Check wh	ere appropriate)	
Certifying Person:	Person R	eceiving Information:	
Name:			
·			
Time:	Time:		
	Responding Agency Aircraft ID	Incident Name Responding Agency Aircraft ID FLIGHT OPERATIONS CONDUCTED (Che Initial Attack Extended Attack Respond with Crew Smoke Investigation Lightning Detection Aerial Firing Operations Firefighter Medevac Other Significant or Imminent Threat (Check where a Death Serious Injury Damage to property Damage to natural resources Private Sector Services Availability (Check whose Available of Meeting Operational needs No Aircraft Available No Aircraft Available in a timely manager Aircraft on Order Certifying Person: Person Romanic Significant or Imminent Threat (Check whose Available in a timely manager Aircraft on Order Certifying Person: Person Romanic Significant or Imminent Threat (Check whose Available in a timely manager Aircraft on Order Certifying Person: Person Romanic Significant or Imminent Threat (Check whose Available in a timely manager Aircraft on Order Certifying Person: Person Romanic Significant or Imminent Threat (Check whose Available in a timely manager Aircraft on Order Certifying Person: Person Romanic Significant or Imminent Threat (Check whose Available in a timely manager Aircraft on Order Certifying Person: Person Romanic Significant or Imminent Threat (Check whose Available in a timely manager Aircraft on Order Certifying Person: Person Romanic Significant or Imminent Threat (Check whose Available in a timely manager Aircraft on Order Certifying Person: Person Romanic Significant or Imminent Threat (Check whose Available in Availabl	Incident Name

Fax to the sending Unit of the aircraft.

Appendix Exhibits

FC 106 Intercom Script Description

All requests for agency initial attack and immediate need extended attack aircraft will be ordered through the GACC via the Intercom. The script below will be used to ensure all required information is conveyed in a standard format.

New Order

When aircraft is requested via the intercom it is assumed they are being requested for a wildland fire

For use of aircraft on incidents other than a wildland fire, the incident type must be announced at the start of the intercom traffic. Example: North Ops, Fortuna, new order, Air Rescue. All incident, location and hazard information will be provided but the frequencies provided will be limited to what is being used for this incident type.

Required Information:	Examples:
Unit with the new incident addresses GACCs/Regions,	North Ops, Redding, Redding Air
Units/Forests, and air bases affected, based on where the	Attack Base, New Order
requests have been placed in ROSS.	(Wait for acknowledgement)
Incident Name	On Incident name Millville
Order Number	Order number SHU-5555
Descriptive Location (i.e., prominent landmark or	Descriptive location: Highway 44, 5
community; do not use street addresses)	miles east of Palo Cedro
Legal Description and Latitude/Longitude	Legal: Section 6, Township 32 North,
Decimal minutes: read only 2 numbers past the decimal.	Range 2 East, off Mt. Diablo
40 33.4051 would be 40 degrees 33 decimal 40 minutes.	
Read: four zero degrees; three three decimal four zero minutes. Read: one two two degrees; one zero decimal zero three minutes.	Latitude: 40 degrees 33 decimal 40 minutes; by Longitude 122 degrees 10 decimal 03 minutes.
FM Air Tactics, Frequency and Tone (if applicable)	Air Tactics: Air Tactics 21, 151.2725
Read: one five one decimal two seven two five; Tone	Tone 1 Transmit & Receive
one, transmit and receive	2 222 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Air to Air AM (Victor) Frequency	Victor: 135.575
Read: one three five decimal five seven five.	
Air to Ground Frequency and Tone (if applicable) Read:	Air to Ground: CDF Air to Ground 2
one five nine decimal two six two five; tone sixteen on	159.2625 Tone 16 Transmit & Receive
transmit and receive	
Ground Tactical (Frequency # given when tac is	Ground Tactics: CDF Tac 6
nonstandard)	
Command Frequency and Repeater Tone (Frequency #	Command: SHU Local Tone 6.
given when Command is non-standard)	

Appendix Exhibits

Break	Break (Pause for North Ops/South Ops to acknowledge before continuing)
Request Numbers and resources dispatched or needed	Alpha 1, using Air Attack 240; Alpha 2, to Redding for 1 air tanker; Alpha 3, to Redding for 1 air tanker; Alpha 4, requesting one air tanker Alpha 5, using Copter 205
Other Aircraft	Other Aircraft: CHP Copter H13
Hazards	500 KV Power lines over the fire

Old Order, New Request – Immediate Need

Required Information:	Examples:
Unit with the existing old incident addresses their GACC/Region.	North Ops, Redding, old order SHU5555, new request (Wait for acknowledgement)
Request Numbers and resources dispatched or needed	Alpha 6, requesting one air tanker, any type, Alpha 7, requesting one type 2 air tanker.

Old Order, Fill Information

Required Information:	Examples:
Unit/Airbase filling the request addresses the GACC/Region and requesting Unit and provides the order number of the incident the aircraft is being assigned to.	North Ops, Redding, Redding Air Attack Base, old order SHU-5555, aircraft information (Wait for acknowledgement)
Request Number, resource identifier, eta to incident and AFF Status of Aircraft.	Alpha 1, Air Attack 240 off Redding ETA 1520. (AFF Status of Aircraft) "Positive/Negative AFF".

Old Order, Release Information

An aircraft is considered "released" once the aircraft has departed their base and fill Informationis voiced over the intercom. The resource is considered to be released requiring release information from the requesting Unit. If positive radio contact has not been made with the responding aircraft, notify the GACC, sending Unit and Airbase by stating "Negative Contact". This advises the GACC, sending Unit and Airbase that the requesting ECC has not been able tocontact the aircraft to advise them of the release.

An aircraft is considered "Canceled" only if prior to becoming airborne and receiving Fill Information the aircraft is determined not to be needed.

Appendix Exhibits

Required Information:	Examples:
Unit with the existing old incident addresses their GACC, sending Unit and Airbase.	North Ops, Oroville, Chico Air Attack Base, Redding old order, SHU-5555. aircraft release (Wait for acknowledgement)
Request Number, resource identifier, load status, the name of the base they are returning to and eta	On Alpha 4, Tanker 93 released with half a load, returning to Chico, ETA 1548.

Incident Information

If an incident is escalating and the ECC feels that it will need to continue ordering resources or will have resources committed for an extended length of time, providing a brief incident update over the intercom is appropriate. This update will allow neighboring Units to assess potential for resource requests. Updates are low priority traffic on the intercom.

Incident/Fire Update example;

"North Ops, Redding incident update on SHU-5555, the Millville incident. The fire is 150 acres with moderate rate of spread in grass, brush and oak woodlands. Potential for 500 acres. Anticipate additional orders for aircraft, crews, equipment and overhead."

FC106 Intercom Voice Out Script	
North Ops, and/or South Ops (ECC's and Tanker Bases ye	rou would Notify), (Your Unit)
New Order (Wait for acknowledgement from each location	n you contacted)
On Incident Name:Order Numbe	r:
D. C. C. T. C.	(3 letter unit identifier plus inc #)
Descriptive Location: (Major Landmark, City, Town – something recognizable to a real	source coming from out of the Unit)
(Major Landmark, City, Town Something recognization to a re-	source coming from out of the ome.
Legal:(Section, Township, Range, and Meridian)	
(Section, Township, Range, and Meridian)	
Latitude: by Langitu	nde.
Latitude: by Longitu (Degree, Decimal Minute format)	(Degree, Decimal Minute format)
(Bogies, Booman inmane Island)	(Begree, Beenman Filmate Terman)
Air Tactics, ; Victor, _ (Frequency Name and Number)	
	(Frequency Number)
(and Tone (if required))	
Air to Ground, Ground Tactic	es
(Frequency Name, Number)	(Frequency Name)
(and Tone (if required)) (Freq. # is	optional, use if unfamiliar frequency)
Command (Enggyangy Nama Panastan Tana)	
(Frequency Name, Repeater Tone) (Frequency Number is optional, use if unfan	niliar frequency)
(Trequency Trumber is optional, use if unital	minar frequency)
Break (wait for OCC acknowledgement to continue)	
Alpha One – Requesting (or Using if aircraft you direct dis	=
	Type of Aircraft
Alpha Two – Requesting (or Using if aircraft you direct dis	snatch)
Alpha 1 wo – Requesting (or Osing it aircraft you direct dis	Type of Aircraft
	1 JPO OI I III OI UII
Alpha Three - Requesting (or Using if aircraft you direct di	<u> </u>
	Type of Aircraft

Appendix	Exhibits
Alpha Four - Requesting (or Using if aircraft you direct dis	spatch)
	Type of Aircraft
Other Aircraft:	
(any aircraft at or going to incident no	ot noted above)
Aircraft Hazards:	
(Power lines, etc.)	

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY OF CHANGES FOR 2023 CA Mob Guide

Global Changes:

- Reformatted and restructured the entire guide for grammar, readability, flow and ease of future updates
- Changed Chapter 70 (GACC and emergency directory) to Chapter 90
- Added a new Chapter 70 (Incidents) to the guide
- Updated web addresses
- Updated points of contact
- Updated Charts

Chapter 10 Objectives, Policy, Scope of Operations, and Administration

Updated the following:

MISSION STATEMENT

The principal mission of the California Geographic Area Coordination Centers (GACC) is the cost-effective and timely coordination of wildland protection agency emergency response for wildland fire and all risk incidents. This is accomplished through planning, situation monitoring, and expediting resource usage between the Forest Service (USFS), California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection (CAL FIRE), Bureau of Land Management (BLM), National Park Service (NPS), Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS), Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), National Weather Service (NWS), Governor's Office of Emergency Services (CALOES), and other cooperating agencies.

The California Interagency Mobilization Guide identifies standard procedures, which guide the operations of multi-agency logistical support activity throughout the coordination system. With the exception of initial attack response plans. All resource orders outside of the local forest/units will be processed utilizing the standard ordering process and the current system of record. This includes prescribed fire and project resource requests. This guide is intended to facilitate interagency dispatch coordination, ensuring the timeliest and most cost-effective incident support services available are provided. The California Interagency Mobilization Guide is designed to accommodate amendments as needed and will be retained as current material until amended. The California Interagency Mobilization Guide is used to supplement the National Interagency Mobilization Guide. This guide is governed by each of the signatory agency's policies and procedures. Additional information not found in this reference can be obtained by contacting the GACC.

Moved to Chapter 50

Length of Assignment

All length of assignment rules apply to aviation resources personnel, including aircraft pilots (Notwithstanding the FAA and agency day off regulations). Contracted aircraft are not restricted by length of assignment. In order to limit the disruption to operations, reduce strain on the ordering system, and reduce unnecessary mobilization and demobilization of these high-cost resources. Exclusive Use personnel are expected to utilize a personnel rotation schedule that meets staffing criteria required of the resource.

Removed the following under MAC Group Purpose and Function:

MAC Group objectives in coordinating finances, equipment, personnel and resources are:

- 1. Establish priorities for response
- 2. Allocate critical resources based on established priorities
- 3. Establish and/or implement communication systems integration
- 4. Ensure information coordination both internally and externally
- 5. Establish intergovernmental decision coordination
- 6. Develop strategies and contingency plans

Updated the following under Southern California Coordination Group

The Southern California Multi-Agency Coordination Group (Southern California MAC) acts as the geographic area authority to:

- Evaluate incident situation status reports and organizational resource status reports, as provided by the Southern California Geographic Area Units.
- Provide overside for the geographic area allocation of scarce and/or limited resources based on established priorities.
- Develop written and verbal communication of MACS priority settings out to the following entities:
 - o Applicable Agency Administration
 - o OCC MACS Liaison
 - o FIRESCOPE Member Agencies
 - o Home Agency
 - NorCal GeoMAC (if activated)
 - CalMAC (if activated) for evaluation and inclusion in national priorities

Added the following under California Fire and Rescue Ordering Process:

Communication

The formal route of communications for Local government level is through the Operational Area Duty Chief and through the established local Operational Area resource status system. The Duty Chief is responsible for briefing their organization in the procedures of incident information flow and for assuring timely exchange of information with minimal disruption to the dispatch function. These guidelines are offered to assist the Duty Chief in briefing their personnel. The following items give some general indicators of situations that should prompt contact with local government Operational Area Duty Chief.

- When large incidents, incidents in a sensitive area, or multiple incidents occur
- Major aircraft accidents occur
- Major Hazardous Materials events
- Staffing shortages that affect agreements

Removed the following:

Relocating the UOP

It may be necessary to relocate the UOP due to one of the following conditions:

- The incident returns to a single jurisdiction (the UOP will be terminated and the responsible agency ECC will assume the role)
- Unified commanders are advised and concur that limited of unsatisfactory service will result if the UOP remains at the current location

The following guidelines are recommended:

- Determine a new location
- All documents (or clean copies) will be moved to the new UOP location prior to commencing operations
- Allow adequate time for transition including movement of UOP personnel and documents

Added the following under Contract Resources/Hired Equipment/Cooperators:

Units accepting/hosting local cooperator resources initially mobilized on GACC Preposition are responsible for accounting for the cooperator's personnel and equipment time (including their travel/time spent on the initial GACC Preposition order) on the unit's preposition order upon receipt. Cooperator Personnel Time will be documented on Crew Time Reports (SF-261) and transferred onto Incident

Time Reports (OF-288). Cooperator Equipment Time will be documented on Emergency Equipment Shift Tickets (OF-297) and transferred onto Emergency Equipment Use Invoices (OF-286). Cooperators will furnish copies of their agreements with rates upon arrival and will take all completed/signed paperwork back to their home unit for processing. All Personnel and Equipment time documentation will be completed/signed prior to their departure or reassignment off unit by both the cooperator and a representative from the hosting unit.

Removed the following under PL 5

There will be no new prescribed fires without approval by CalMAC representatives

Chapter 20 Overhead and Teams

Removed the following:

Overhead Specialized Program

Logistics Accelerated Development – Federal

The Logistics Accelerated Development (LAD) program is a mentoring program designed to allow for the accelerated training and development of employees in the field of logistics. The LAD Program Coordinator will maintain the roster of LAD trainees and their availability.

LAD Dispatching Procedures:

GACCs will notify the LAD Program Coordinator Cheryl Raines 760 920 1107, when any Forest activates a Type I or II Incident Management Team

The LAD Program Coordinator, in consultation with the incident Logistics Section Chief, will determine how many trainees may be utilized.

The LAD Program Coordinator will have the incident place "name request" orders for available LAD trainees.

Removed the following under California Federal Interagency Incident Management Team -Type 1 and 2

California can activate all four CA IMTs before going to the National Rotation. The four Type 1 teams are available for assignments to other geographic areas that utilize the Incident Command System for managing wildfires.

Added the following under National IMT Rotation Process

• For 2023, there are 21 IMTs in the national rotation.

- Geographic Area Coordination Centers (GACCs) will ensure their respective IMTs in the
 national rotation are rostered in the current ordering system of record as the
 appropriate catalog item (e.g., Complex IMT or Type 1 IMT. The NICC will coordinate
 with the ordering and sending Geographic Areas to ensure the IMT order matches the
 IMT catalog item at the time of mobilization. Complex/Type 1 IMTs remain on-call for a
 maximum of seven days.
- At the time (clock hour and day of the week) an IMT from the national rotation is requested, the next eligible IMT in rotation will be notified and placed in two-hour call status and will remain in call status for the next seven days. The next two teams in national rotation will also be notified of the schedule change. Geographic Areas unable to provide an IMT when ordered for a national assignment will be listed as unavailable on the national rotation and will not be considered until the designated slot rotates into position again.
- Geographic Areas with more that one Complex/Type 1 IMT may decide which eligible team responds to a national call
- Geographic Areas must pass if no eligible IM<T can meet the two-hour call.
- Complex, Type 1 and Type 2 IMTs will be considered unavailable for a national
 assignment if the primary Incident Commander or two Command and General Staff
 positions are vacant. The Deputy Incident Commander may be allowed to take the tea,
 with Geographic Area Multi-Agency Coordinating Group (GMAC) approval. Any
 deviation to the aforementioned availability, and substitution principle must have GMAC
 and NMAC approval.
- An IMT that is not available for a national assignment will be listed as unavailable on the national rotation list.
- Within Round 1 of the national rotation, once and IMT has been committed to an
 incident, either internally or nationally, it will remain ineligible for a national assignment
 until all eligible, available IMTs have had an assignment. Once all eligible, available
 IMTs have gad an assignment within Round 1, the national rotation will begin Round 2,
 following the same procedures that applied in Round 1.
- At the end of any round where three of less IMTs remain without ab assignment in that round, each of those IMTs will be given one rotation period/week in the number one position before moving to the next round
- A committed IMT that is reassigned to additional incidents prior to being demobilized to their home unit will be counted as a single assignment within the round they were mobilized.
- IMTs that are mobilized but cancelled or released within 48 hours will remain eligible for national assignments in the current round of the national rotation.
- All assignment, internal or national, count as experience towards the current round
- Once an IMT, mobilized from the national rotation is staged by NICC, that team will be prioritized and assigned when a Geographic Area requires a replacement team.
- Once an IMT has been staged by a Geographic Area, the IMT will be prioritized and assigned to any new incident within that area, or when a replacement team is needed within the area. If NICC received another Complex/Type 1 IMT request, the first eligible IMT in national rotation will be ordered.

• The Geographic Area will coordinate with the NICC before reassigning an our-of-area Complex/Type 1 IMT to another.

Added the following under National Area Command Teams - All agencies

Orders for Area Command Teams will be placed through established ordering channels using an Overhead Group Request to NICC. Area Command Teams are comprised of six (6) positions: four (4) specific and two (2) trainees, which are the following:

- Area Commander (ACDR)
- Assistant Area Commander, Planning (ACPC)
- Assistant Area Commander, Logistics (ACLC)
- Area Command Aviation Coordinator (ACAC)
- Area Command trainees (2 each)

The Area Commander position may only be filled by a current agency employee. Depending on the complexity of the interface between the incidents, specialists in other areas such as aviation, safety, information, long-term fire planning, or risk planning, may also be assigned.

Removed the following under National Area Command Teams – All agencies

Area Command (AC) is an organization established to ensure inter incident coordination for Command, Planning, Logistical and Aircraft matters. AC will work closely with the Multiagency Coordination Group that establishes priorities for the GACC. AC will normally request their own support personnel to work within the Area Command organization.

There are four National Area Command Teams. AC Teams are comprised of 6 positions: Area Commander, Assistant Area Commander Planning, Assistant Area Commander Logistics, Area Command Aviation Coordinator and 2 trainees identified by the Area Commander. All requests for National AC Teams will be placed through established ordering channels to NICC. AC is ordered in the current ordering system of record as: Team, Area Command

Added the following under Interagency Dispatch Teams – Federal

Dispatch teams provide personnel qualified in Dispatch Center expanded functions for timely mobilization in support of wildland incidents. There are 4 federal dispatch teams in California. Normal configuration is 2 EDSPs, 2 EDSDs, 2 EDRCs and up to 2 trainees. Priority use of these teams is to support incidents in California.

Team rotation will be based on the Forest Service pay period schedule: bi0weekly, effective at 0001 on Sunday. There will be one team available during the two-week period

The rotation schedule can be located at:

https://gacc.nifc.gov./oscc/docs/2023/2023CA%20?Dispatch%20Team.pdf

Order in the current ordering system as: Module, /Suppression, in special needs add Dispatch Team. Check with the GACC for team availability when ordering

Added the following under Fire Behavior Assessment Team (FBAT) – Federal

The primary mission of the FBAT is monitoring fuels, vegetation, fire behavior, and fire effects on wildland fire incidents and supporting the incident and land management units through information delivery. The FBAT generally consists of 6 to 12 fireline qualified personnel led by overhead qualified at the Task Force Leader level or above. The FBAT is most successful when ordered early during an incident. One of the Team Leads will formulate a list of name request for the incident to order. Contact Matt Dickinson, Lead 614-566-2271 or Carol Ewell, Assistant Lead 209-283-4563. For more information visit: https://www.frames.gov/fbat

Removed the following under Fire Behavior Assessment Team (FBAT) – Federal

The primary mission of the FBAT is the collection of coordinated fuels, vegetation, fire behavior, and post-fire effects data during wildland fire incidents. Data can be used to validate the effectiveness of fuel treatments, evaluate fire effects, support safety zone guideline development, calibrate fire behavior and emissions modeling, or help incident teams and land management staff meet other goals as requested and feasible. A report is prepared for each incident. The FBAT generally consists of 4 to 12 fireline qualified personnel, led by overhead qualified at the Task Force Leader level or above. The FBAT may request a Wildland Fire Module trained in FBAT methods to be ordered in conjunction with FBAT depending on the mission for that incident. The FBAT is most successful when ordered early during an incident, as it transitions to extended attack. FBAT equipment and members are mainly located in California and can be mobilized by contacting the FBAT Team Leads below. One of the Team Leads will formulate a name request list for the incident to order individuals or contact Carol Ewell, Assistant Lead: 209 283 4563. Ordered in the current ordering system of record as: individual overhead Technical Specialist (THSP) name request. Include special needs of "FBAT: team member". For more information please visit:

https://www.fs.fed.is/adaptivemanagement/projects_main_fbat.php

Removed the following under Interagency Dispatch Teams – Federal

Dispatch teams provide qualified in Dispatch Center expanded functions for timely mobilization in support of wildland incidents. There are 4 federal dispatch teams in California. Normal configuration is 2 EDSPs, 2EDSDs, 2 EDRCs and up to 2 trainees. Priority use of these teams is to support incidents in California.

Team rotation will be based on the Forest Service pay period schedule: bi weekly, effective at 0001 on Sunday. There will be one team available during the two week period. The available team will mobilize within 2 hours of notification of the assignment.

The rotation schedule can be located at: http://gacc/nifc.gov/oncc/logistics/overhead/index.htm or https://gacc.nifc.gov/oscc/news.php

Added the following under Wildland Modules (WFM) – Federal

WFMs are highly skilled and versatile fire crews with a primary commitment to maintain fire's role as a natural ecological process. They provide technical and ecological based expertise in the areas of long-term planning, ignitions, holding, suppression, prescribed fire preparation and implementation support, hazard fuels reduction, and fire effects monitoring. WFMs provide an innovative, safe, highly mobile, logistically independent, and versatile fire module for wildland fire management and incident operations.

As a national interagency resource, the modules are available nationally throughout the fire season. Each module is comprised of a module leader, assistant leader, three to five module members and a detailer during the primary burning season.

Forest Service has Wildland Fire Modules on the Stanislaus NF, Klamath NF, Sequoia NF, Six Rivers NF, Lassen NF and Inyo NF. NPS has Wildland Fire Modules on the Whiskeytown NRA, Sequoia-Kings NP and Yosemite NP. These modules are ordered in the current ordering system of record as: Module, Wildland Fire.

NPS: Modules are available for large fire support with concurrence from the Regional WFM Coordinator, John Goss, 559-908-6526, john_goss@nps.gov

Removed the following (partial removal of paragraph) under Watershed Emergency Response Teams (WERT) – State

 Note: Fire sieges are recognized in the procedure guide and are rated on the magnitude of life safety risks (page 5 and Appendix B)

Ordering a WERT: In the past, this was done through Mission Tasking. Now, it is through the incident on a 00900. However, it is essentially for the members. Chief Huff is our Sacramento WERT Liaison who work with California Geological Survey (CGS) to identify available and qualified staff to conduct the field review, analysis and reporting.

Chapter 30 Crews

Added the following under Type 1 Hotshot

To order as a Type 1 Crew, in the current ordering system of record, order as: Crew, Type 1
CA IHC Out of Region Assignment Guidelines

NOPS Crews: https://gacc.nifc.gov/oncc/crews/php

• SOPS Crews: https://gacc.nifc.gov/oscc/crews/php

Added the following under Interagency Hotshot Crews as Type 2 IA, Type 2, or Suppression Modules

Interagency Hotshot Crews as Type 2 IA, Type 2, or Suppression Modules

When Interagency Hotshot crew fall below the level identified in the Interagency Standards for Fire and Fire Aviation Operations they may still be dispatched as a T2IA, T2 Crew or Suppression Module provided they meet the standards for the lesser qualification. Naming conventions for these crew will be as follows:

Example: Fire - Crew, T2 IA Del Rosa IHC

Example: Groups – Module, Suppression – Big Bear IHC

Added the following under Type 2 Initial Attack (Type 2 IA)

Type 2 IA Crews can initial attack fires, be broken up into squads, and perform firing operations.

Removed the following under Type 2 Initial Attack (Type 2 IA)

California discourages breaking up organized crews into small groups for suppression use. However, Type 2I/A crew can be ordered and are structured to be broken into squads for initial attack. If Type 2IA crews are not available, suppressions modules may also be ordered for this purpose. Suppression modules will be ordered as an Overhead Group Request; Module, Suppression. The minimum standards for a Suppression Module, reference the Interagency Standards for Fire and Fire Aviation Operations 2020.

California exception for overhead configuration minimum would require one SRB and one FF1 or equivalent.

In some cases, it may be appropriate to send an engine with the suppression module. Local procedures may require that local sources of engines be exhausted before moving engines across zone of GACC boundaries. Chick with the requestion dispatch before dispatching an engine with the suppression module. Interagency Hotshot Crews as T2IA, T2 or suppression Modules.

When Interagency Hotshot crews fall below the level identified in the Interagency Standards for Fire and Fire Aviation Operations they may still be dispatched as a T2IA, T2 Cres or Suppression Module provided they mee the standards for the lesser qualification

Naming conventions for these crews will be as follows

Example: Fire – Crew, T2 IA Del Rosa IHC

Example: Groups - Module, Suppression - Big Bear IHC

Ordered in the current ordering system of record as: Crew, Type 2 IA

Chapter 40 Supplies and Equipment

Removed the following under National Interagency Incident Support Caches

Limited Resource items are those items which have a fixed inventory in the national system. When ordering Limited Resource items, it is required that all Units go through the GACC to place the request. The GACC maintains records to monitor available quantities, providing management of these items as National Resources

Removed the following under NFES 4670 - Satellite Phone Kit

The satellite Phone Kit is a Motorola mobile phone that connects audio calls via a Low Earth Orbiting (LEO) satellite network when local cellular service is unavailable or has restricted coverage.

NIICD has a limited supply of Motorola Satellite Phones that operate on the Iridium network. These portable handsets run on rechargeable batteries and AC/DC chargers are included

Removed the following under NFES 4390 – ICS Command Starter System

The standard starter system contains sufficient equipment for Command and Logistical communication needs for a three division incident. The entire starter system will be packaged and shipped as a standard unit. California may preposition 4390 starter systems at the Cache. These systems are only prepositioned and remain under the control of NIICD.

Requests for individual or additional kits (boxes) will be honored. They must be ordered by their individual NFES stock numbers.

The starter system will have Air Guard located in the last channel. This frequency is not authorized for use by the incident for communications.

Removed the following under Unified Command Incidents - Contract/Hired Equipment

- DPA current and threatened
- Unified Ordering Point
- Early coordination with expanded dispatch between finance and logistics functions

 Access to various agencies hired equipment programs and agency personnel to use their respective programs

Chapter 50 Aircraft

Changed sentence under No Divert

Original Sentence: The GACC may not grant a no divert for the number of tankers requested based on the operational needs of the region/state

New Sentence: The GACC will determine the number of tankers approved for the "no divert" based on the operational needs of the region/state

Removed the following under No Divert

A life threat is not a justification for a blanket "no divert" for all aircraft on an incident. Incident personnel should assess the threat and request for the number of aircraft necessary to assure safe egress from threat

Added the following under No Divert

The "no divert" status will be reevaluated every 30 minutes. When the "no divert" is no longer needed as determined by the IC, the IC will immediately advise the dispatch center and cancel the "no divert". The dispatch center will then contact the appropriate GACC over the intercom with the cancel.

Added the following under Requesting Additional Aircraft Frequencies

The IC will request replacement of initial attack frequencies as soon as the fire is expected to enter extended attack

Removed the following under Smokejumper Aircraft

Once on the ground, the smokejumper Incident Commander/crew leader will contact the ordering Unit or local Incident Commander and provide a situation report

Changed paragraph under Satellite Bases

Original Paragraph: When smokejumpers are being deployed to SOPS, satellite bases may be activated. When a Unit in SOPS places the initial request for jumper, the request will be placed

to NOPS to fill; the SOPS Federal Aircraft Coordinator will then canvas other potential users to determine if there is a need to activate a satellite base/ When a SOPS satellite base is activated, a smokejumper liaison will be assigned by the NOPS smokejumper base. Potential SOPS satellite bases include, but are not limited to: Fresno, Porterville, San Bernardino, Bishop and Santa Maria. Potential NOPS satellite bases include, but are not limited to: South Lake Tahoe, Grass Valley, Chester, Siskiyou, and Rohnerville.

New Paragraph:

When smokejumpers are being deployed to SOPS, satellite bases may be activated. When a SOPS satellite base is activated, a smokejumper liaison will be assigned by the NOPS smokejumper base.

Added the following under Firewatch Platform Fixed Wing, Fixed Wing

The Forest Service Fire Watch 5-1 will support Incident Awareness and Assessment (IAA) in California during daylight hours (0800 - 1800).

This aircraft will be added to all Federal initial attack responses.

For planned needs, incidents will place orders through the normal ordering process to SOPS GACC by 1700 the day before. Incidents that occur throughout the night will be prioritized in the morning and confirmed by the Fire Watch 5-1 ATGS and the SOPS Aviation Duty Officer before adding to the flightstrip.

Order in the current ordering system of record as Fixed wing, Infrared/ Special Needs: Fire Watch 5-1, and add the Incident POC name, phone number/frequency for intent and an email address for data dissemination. Fire Watch 5-1 will return to WJF by 1800 for Night Aviation Operations (NAO) coverage. Fire Watch 5-1 will be released each evening, reordered and reapproved by the SOPS Aviation Duty Officer and GACC Duty Chief.

Removed the following under Helicopter Standard ICS Types

The language below was removed in reference to the Firehawk

- These helicopters are primarily used as extended support of IA fires or in support of established large fires, no on standard IA response requests
- A Forest may use their Type 1 Restricted helicopter on local IA response.
- If all Type 2S helicopters are committed, the GACC may go to a Forest with a Type 1 Restricted helicopter on an IA response

New Sentence:

CALFIRE is currently transitioning their Helicopter fleet to the new Sikorsky s70i platform which is classified as a Type 1S. You will see both Type 1S and 2S as a standard IA response.

Removed the following under Forest Service Emergency Medical Short Haul

The USDA Forest Service operates 5 short haul bases nationally in the Northern Rockies, Southwest, Great Basin, and Pacific Northwest. Each base utilizes Aerospatiale AS 350 helicopters with mandatory availability period (MAP) dates from April through October. The National Emergency Medical Short Haul Program (NEMSHP) provides national leadership in helicopter short haul operations. NEMSHP promotes and enables safe, effective, and standardized short haul operations. The NEMSHP is a field based program focused on supporting the employee in the field, providing short haul as ab expedient means to extract an injured or ill employee for transport to a definitive area.

The primary mission of a Forest Service Short Haul Helicopter remains as a suppression resource with the added capability of short haul. The short haul mission is intended to extract the injured personnel from an otherwise inaccessible location and transport them to the shortest possible distance/location where another type of medical transportation is available (ground ambulance, EMS/life flight, or internal in an agency helicopter). Crew size shall be a minimum of seven. Three crew members will be EMT B's with potentially a total of six. A qualified spotter on boars the aircraft and attendant qualified as an EMT B will be on the haul line. Shorthaulers and short haul spotters will not be trained nor qualified concurrently with rappel operations or visa versa.

Removed the following under Firewatch Aerial Supervision Rotor Wing and Fixed Wing

The USFS Firewatch Aerial Supervision Helicopter is a Bell 209 Cobra Helicopter converted for use as an aerial supervision and remote sensing intelligence gathering platform. There are currently two platforms in use in California, 507 and 509, refer to the "Aerial Supervision Aircraft" chart at the end of this chapter.

Call signs for mission clarification:

- As air attack role, use the call sign "Air Attack"
- As a helicopter coordination role, use the call sign "HelCO"
- As remote sensing intelligence gathering role, use the call sign "Firewatch"
- Order in current ordering system as:
 - o For air attack role, fixed wing, air tactical
 - For helicopter coordination role, fixed wing, air tactical or helicopter, type 3 standard with special needs "Firewatch helicopter"

Chapter 60 Predictive Services

Added the following under Report on Conditions

The Report on Conditions (ROC) is an intelligence document that provides timely notification for situational awareness. This intelligence is used by decision makers in a number of forums. It is imperative that the intelligence stated is concise, timely and as accurate as possible.

Federal

The threshold for a ROC is an incident with large fire potential, extended commitment of resources, heavy media attention or at the discretion of the GACC Duty Chief. The Intelligence office will initiate contact with the local ECC for fire information for the duration of the incident. Reporting times for the Intelligence office is twice daily at 0600 and 1800; and as significant events occur.

CALFIRE threshold for a ROC

- Initial Attack (IA) fire significantly augments resources.
- IA is developing into an Extended Attack of Major Fire situation.
- Incident receives (or has a high probability of receiving) significant media attention.
- Significant events occur during the incident (e.g. structures burning, burn-overs, serious injuries).
- Significant State Responsibility Area (SRA) acreage that has burned within Federal or Local Direct Protection area (DPA) (including Contract Counties) regardless of the Region Duty Chief if additional threat to SRA is mitigated.
- Under the direction of the Region Duty Chief
- When either GACC elevates their PL to 4 or 5, Executive Management may require the reporting of all fires meeting ROC criteria regardless of CAL FIRE resource commitment. Significant federal and local fires that are reported in the ICS-209 at the time of the elevated PL shall be reported in the California Incident Summary and continued until a final ROC or until the PL level drops below PL 4. When the PL is reduced to 3 or lower, normal ROC reporting criteria shall resume for all incidents.
- If CALFIRE air or ground resources are assigned to a non-CALFIRE incident (Federal, Local, or out of state), the Region Duty Chief shall determine if the CAL FIRE Region Intel Office shall generate a correlating ROC. The hosting Unit may request ROC initiation when:
 - Incident is receiving (or has a high probability of receiving) significant media attention which could have political overtones and CAL FIRE air or ground resources are assigned
 - Significant events during and incident where CAL FIRE air or ground resources are assigned. Examples may include:
 - Threat of injury or death to multiple civilians
 - Multiple civilian or firefighter injuries or fatalities
 - Significant property loss or damage
 - Significant infrastructure impact (major highway closures, power infrastructure shutdowns, public evacuations, etc.)

Under the direction of the Region Duty Chief

Chapter 70 Incidents (Changed from GACC and Emergency Directory)

Added the following under Incidents

Incident Record Creation

Local dispatch centers are the focal point for the report of, and initial response to wildland fires, and under appropriate authorities, other emergency incidents at the local level. Dispatch centers have the responsibility and authority to create incidents, process requests, coordinate response, and track resources and information under the delegation of the benefiting agency(s). The acceptable business practice is one ignition, one record, one authoritative data source, one centralized ordering point per incident.

Local Dispatch Centers have the primary responsibility for incident creation within an integrated system.

Incidents will be created by the dispatch center with delegated authority for the benefiting agency(s) and associated Protecting Unit based on the point of origin (POO) of the incident.

Potential Conflicts/Duplicate Records

Potential conflicting incidents in IRWIN are identified when they plot less than a half mile from each other, the discovery time is within 6 hours, AND are either reported by different a Dispatch Center or different application.

When two Duplicate incidents are entered and these criteria are met, the first incident in, will be in Potential Conflict and the second incident will be in Potential Conflict and Quarantine in IRWIN. Users need to determine which incident is the correct incident.

When Center(s)/Users are aware of duplicate records within the system, they need to work in coordination with each other to determine which incident is correct following recommended business practices. See Initial Attack Dispatching within Chapter 19 in the Interagency Standards for Fire and Fire Aviation Operations or the National Mobilization Guide Chapter 70 for additional direction.

Multiple Event/records will not be created when an incident burns onto or crosses jurisdictional boundaries. When duplicate records are inadvertently created, every effort will be made to rectify by aligning incident and resource data associated with multiple records to the correct record.

In some cases, an exception may be made to create an additional non-Wildfire event record. These cases very are limited and will <u>require</u> close coordination with the GACC Duty Chief (Federal), Duty Officer (State), as well as State and Regional Incident Business Leads/CIBC.

Notify the GACC when the following applies:

- Changes/corrections are made to initial Point-of-Origin (POO)
- Changes/corrections in Unified Ordering Point (UOP)
- Entering/exiting Unified Command
- Entering/exiting Cost Share
- Incident transitions back to local unit
- Incident complexing/merges or splits

Unprotected Lands

Unprotected Lands are defined as areas for which no fire organization has responsibility for management of a wildfire authorized by law, contract, or personal interest of the fire organization (e.g., a timber or rangeland association).

In the event a Protecting Unit has not been determined for the POO, i.e., Unprotected Lands, there are two acceptable rationales for incident creation.

- 1. The responding organization determines threat to protected lands
- 2. The responding organization determines incident has already burned onto protected lands.

In this circumstance, fire management direction/Duty Officer will determine if either criterion is met resulting in incident creation and associated response. In this instance, the responding organization assumes responsibility for the incident and their respective Unit ID will be used for Protecting Unit.

Cost Coding

Interagency Fire and Severity Activities

The five (5) Federal agencies with Wildland Fire Management funds (BLM, BIA, NPS, FWS, and USFS) have an Interagency Agreement for Wildfire Management which provides a basis for cooperation on all aspects of wildfire activities. Included in this agreement is the direction to NOT bill for services rendered for emergency fire suppression, including severity activities.

Regardless of benefitting jurisdiction, GACCs can preposition resources using their assigned support FireCode in advance of predicted significant wildland fire potential; to meet ongoing fire activity needs when the resource assignment is not yet known; or for resources supporting multiple incidents.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY OF CHANGES, 2023 CALIFORNIA MOBILIZATION GUIDE

For Severity, the BLM, FWS, NPS and BIA will use a four-digit interagency FireCode to track and compile costs for all severity activities; the ordering office must include the word "severity" within the resource order incident name. These DOI agencies will use FireCode D0YY when supporting FS severity activities. Information on the interagency FireCode can be found at

https://www.firecode.gov/help/User Guide.pdf

Guidance for Use of Incident Job Codes

The following direction and procedures will be used to establish and charge to wildfire, severity, support and non-fire incident job codes:

https://www.fs.usda.gov/sites/default/files/2022-10/NewFY-Incident-Job-Code-Direction.pdf.

Federal: For questions regarding the use of incident job codes, contact your Agency's Incident Business Lead.

Chapter 80 Cooperation

No Changes other than global changes mentioned at the beginning of this document

Chapter 90 GACC and emergency directory (new chapter)

Several updates and changes